

OUR OTTO OF VIOLETS
For the Handkerchief
AT CAMPBELL'S PRESCRIPTION
STORE
We are Prompt. We are Careful.
Our Prices are Reasonable.

The Daily Colonist.

ESTABLISHED IN 1855

COAL
HALL & WALKER
Wellington Colliery Co. Coal
1122 Government St. Phone 12

VOL. CII—NO. 20

VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, JANUARY 4, 1910

TWENTY-FOUR PAGES

Start the Year Right AND Be on Time!

Avoid the constant annoyance and loss caused by being continually behind time.

Challoner & Mitchell Watches Keep Time!

That is what they are designed to do and they do it.

One of these can be had in a Gold Filled case for \$15.50 and ranging upward as high as \$150.00 in a fine gold case.

Challoner & Mitchell

Diamond Merchants

AT 1017 GOVERNMENT STREET

VICTORIA, B.C.

No Antedeluvian Goods

You'll like these prices particularly, perhaps, because you know there's nothing on the Ross shelves that ought to be filed away into the archives of the past. No antedeluvian dried fruits—everything up-to-the-minute here:

PRUNES, per lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 3 lbs. 35c; and 4 lbs. for.....	25c
FRENCH PRUNES, per pound.....	30c
SILVER PRUNES, per pound.....	20c
APRICOTS, two pounds for.....	35c
EVAPORATED APPLES, per pound.....	15c
FANCY EVAPORATED PEARS, per pound.....	20c
FANCY EVAPORATED PEACHES, per pound.....	20c
EVAPORATED PEACHES, two pounds.....	25c
BLACK MISSION FIGS, three pounds for.....	25c
SMYRNA COOKING FIGS, three pounds for.....	25c

SPECIAL FOR THIS WEEK

CORN, PEAS, BEANS, TOMATOES OR PUMPKIN, FAMOUS
"NAVY" BRAND, EACH PER TIN, 10c

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.

Independent Grocers and Liquor Merchants

1317 Government St. and 1316 Broad St.

Tels. 50, 51, 52 and 1590.

A Dependable Sale

in Ladies', Misses', Men's, and Boys' Boots, Shoes and Slippers is taking place at

McCandless Bros. & Cathcart

555 Johnson Street, Victoria, B. C.

There is so much of shining virtue, when first the Year is ushered in, it would astonish you and hurt you, if you should stumble over a sin. But in a month we'll all be hedging—we are not angels, we are men; we'll find it pretty heavy sledding; the fleshpots will look good again.

—WALT MASON.

Make a Good New Year's Resolution

Of course you want to have a fixed 1910 determination! Let it be "Mumm." Make up your mind to drink only the best and purest of champagne, the kind that is used exclusively by "men who know,"—that is G. H. Mumm & Co.'s Champagne. Nothing so good as Mumm's Champagne to drink to your 1910 resolution.

Remember: The Turkey has no ghost after he is dead—his goblin dies with him. That's the same with G. H. Mumm's Champagne—no bad after effects.

PITHER & LEISER

Victoria Vancouver Nelson

MORE VIGOR IN CAMPAIGN

Meetings in Great Britain This Week Will Number Over One Thousand

PEERS SHOWING
NOTABLE ACTIVITY

Premier Roblin Gets Into Lime-light By Speaking For Unionists

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The election campaign is entering upon its final and fiercest stage. Over one thousand political meetings daily will be held in Great Britain during this week. Nobody can compute the number of leaflets that will be distributed or the area of wall space that will be covered with posters. All the party leaders will be actively engaged. Mr. Balfour speaks at Hanley tomorrow, and Mr. Asquith tonight in Mr. Haldane's division. Mr. Lloyd George is making a round of the metropolis, with a flying visit to Plymouth. Mr. Churchill is visiting Dundee on the seventh. Numerous meetings to be addressed by peers, members of parliament and candidates have been arranged by the Conservative central office. The peers will be especially active, 24 speaking tomorrow and twenty-five on Thursday.

The election in York promises to be keen, and the result is difficult to predict. There are 500 military voters of the Seventeenth Lancers who come on the register. Unionists hope for their support. Mr. Churchill, writing of Hamar Greenwood, says: "As a Canadian, well known and well liked through Canada, he has a special responsibility at this juncture."

Mr. Roblin Much Quoted

Premier Roblin's speech is widely quoted, and appears most opportunely on the morning of the publication of Lloyd George's declaration at Reading on Saturday, when he said:

"Our colonial brethren have been watching this budget with great interest, and have been expressing their opinions very fully. They are all thoroughly ashamed of their lordly friends for the way in which they are declining to face the responsibility to pay up like men. I think that on the whole our tariff reform friends are rather glad our kinsmen beyond the seas are not here to take part in the election."

The Daily Express, under the heading "Colonial Premier Refutes Lloyd George," set the Congress passage in parallel columns with Premier Roblin's remarks of the result if the Socialists dominate the British parliament and his argument for the necessity for a general recognition within the Empire of preference for Great Britain over foreign goods.

The Standard heads its special report "Danger to Empire. Oversea Premier's Appeal Against Socialist Influences."

I cannot find any report or reference to Premier Roblin in Radical papers, though they report fully Lloyd George's contention that the colonies are wholly on his side. The Manchester Guardian, which was so quick to use against the Unionists alleged interviews with Sir Wilfrid Laurier and a prominent colleague, suppresses all reference to Mr. Roblin.

Wild Statements

As election day approaches, the statements of free lances on each side are growing more reckless. After reading the Radical papers today one would really imagine that the Germans in their poverty had no other food than horseflesh, dog sausages and bitter black bread. A gruesome picture is drawn of a German eating diseased horses and a mad dog's head, to which smart Unionist speakers reply: "The Germans who eat horse flesh and dog's head because they prefer it to the German people generally do not live on deluded British workmen."

The United States is being pictured as overflowing with destitute unemployed, "ten millions in California alone," one enterprising journal announces, while those who have work are represented in the Chronicle today

NEWS SUMMARY

- 1—British elections. Cashier aids in robbery. Messages to congress.
- 2—Isolation hospital. Receipts from licenses. Thief ransacks house.
- 3—Uplands farm bylaw passed. W. M. Munn's new of female up. Tide of travel from prairies.
- 4—Editorial.
- 5—Daily and stock meeting. A heavy budget of appeals. Orphanage meeting.
- 6—News of the city.
- 7—Local news.
- 8—In woman's realm.
- 9—Sporting news.
- 10—Social and personal. Lack of system due to council.
- 11—Mining department.
- 12—Hotel arrivals.
- 13—Orphanage meeting, cont.
- 14—Marine news.
- 15—Allen & Co. advt.
- 16—Provincial happenings. The council proceedings.
- 17—General news.
- 18—General news.
- 19—Canadian Pacific Oil Co. ad.
- 20—General news.
- 21—Clive bylaws.
- 22—Classified ads.
- 23—Municipal notices.
- 24—David Spencer Limited's ad.

as paying 20 to 45 per cent higher for food than a few years ago, owing to the trusts. The Manchester Guardian makes great play with what it calls "the American anti-tariff revolt."

Winston Churchill in a published letter written to a Radical candidate on official board of trade paper makes the most of these horseflesh and other stories, especially emphasizing American unemployment during the 1907-08 financial collapse.

The Express correspondent, cabling from New York, reports great amusement caused by Lloyd George's description of America as a protectionist Eden, with the serpent of hunger, want and unemployment lying in every part of the land. In reply, reports are cabled from Federation of Labor representatives at 123 of the principal American industrial centers declaring that work is steady, the unemployment problem non-existent and prosperity general.

In comparison with this foreign hunger scare, the peers have dropped into the background, although today the Daily News gives the following in bold type:

"Horatio Nelson, the victor of Trafalgar, had a brother, who had a nephew, who had a son, who is at present Lord Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 sterling per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest, amounts to more than £550,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father who had an uncle who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. This lordly person has received a

January Clearance Sale of Gas Stoves

For the next 30 days only we will install and make all connections FREE OF CHARGE, to persons on our mains, any Gas Range purchased at our office, corner Fort and Langley Streets.

We offer as a SPECIAL BARGAIN a Range with four burners and one simmering burner and a 16-inch baking oven for \$18.00 cash; or \$20.00 on installments—\$5.00 with order and \$5.00 per month until paid for.

Phone or write if you cannot call, when our representative will call at your house.

VICTORIA GAS CO., LTD.

COR. FORT AND LANGLEY STS.
Phone 123 P. O. Box 560

Wishing Our Many Customers
A Happy and Prosperous
NEW YEAR

The Family Cash Grocery

Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts. Phone 312.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Co.

CLEARED LANDS

The Cleared Lots at Qualicum Beach, Newcastle District, are now on the market in tracts of from thirty to forty acres.

For plans and prices apply to L. H. Solly, Land Agent, Victoria, or L. E. Allin, Local Agent, Parksville.

WHY HE ASKED FOR HER RESIGNATION

Health Officer Explains Cause
of Trouble With Matron of
Isolation Hospital

Appropos of the difficulty which has arisen between Dr. Robertson, health officer, and Mrs. King, matron of the isolation hospital, a trouble which has been considered by the city council, sitting as the board of health, at three secret sessions, and on which that body has not, as yet, rendered any decision, Dr. Robertson has forwarded to the Colonist a copy of the following letter to the board of health setting forth the cause of the trouble and the reasons for his action in demanding the resignation of Mrs. King.

Victoria, B.C., Dec. 30, 1909.
To the Local Board of Health,
Victoria, B.C.

Dear Sirs:—At a special meeting of the local board of health held Dec. 15, 1909, I made certain observations regarding the actions of the matron of the isolation hospital, and in order that there may be no misunderstanding regarding my statements I beg to be allowed the privilege of restating the main points of my complaints in respect to Mrs. King's failure in duty to myself, as head of the hospital, and to the parents of the child against whom she makes a very grave charge. The child in question was admitted to the hospital under the care of Dr. George Hall, suffering from a very malignant type of diphtheria, and died on July 13, 1909. On Sunday, November 7, 1909, nearly four months afterwards, the mother of the child telephoned to me and informed me that Mrs. King had just rung her up and had told her that the child had been ill-used by the nurse in charge of it. This was the first intimation I had of the alleged ill-treatment of the patient, and immediately I proceeded to the hospital, and in the presence of Mr. and Mrs. King, the nurse in question and her brother, I repeated the accusation Mrs. King was reported to have made to the mother of the child. When she acknowledged to me, in the presence of the above mentioned parties, that she had told the child's mother that day at the alleged ill-treatment it had suffered at the hands of the nurse I decided that the charge was of such a grave nature as could only be satisfactorily investigated by court of law, as Mrs. King and the nurse flatly contradicted each other. What charge against Mrs. King is her failure to have all the patients receive the best attention and kindest care. But she allowed nearly four months to elapse before she divulged her burning story, and then not to me, but to the child's mother, from whom I gained the information.

Except to inform the mayor of the above facts I did nothing further in the matter, as it was to come before the courts. Within the last two weeks

her attitude towards me has been intolerable, going so far as to attack me within the hearing of the patients in the scarlet fever ward, applying very insulting epithets. And for these reasons, and that many of the nurses have from time to time been subjected to her overbearing and inconsiderate treatment, I feel that I have good grounds for asking for her removal. I feel that I cannot repose the confidence which should exist between the medical officer and the matron in charge.

Cowichan Will Case.

The adjourned hearing of Forrester vs. Spears will be resumed in the supreme court this morning. This case is one in which the will of a late and it was adjourned to enable an expert medical witness to be brought to the city. The case may be concluded today or tomorrow.

RECORD RECEIPTS FROM LICENSES

Province Reaps Rich Revenue
From Fees From Coal and
Timber

Record receipts from timber licenses, transfer fees, penalties and coal and oil prospecting licenses are reported by the provincial officials for the year that has just ended. A total of 8,682 timber licenses west of the Cascades brought a total of license fees to the treasury of \$1,218,195.11; while to the east of the mountains, the total of licenses was 6,181, producing in revenue \$716,967.10. Timber and license transfers added a total of \$8,023.00, penalties aggregated \$16,825.00, and 1092 coal and petroleum licenses \$69,200.00. Details of the year's business under these respective headings are given below.

Timber Licenses.		West.	East.
Jan.	585	\$1,300.00	691—\$ 80,004.90
Feb.	835	117,046.90	552— 63,710.10
Mar.	919	128,800.00	294— 45,375.00
Apr.	529	74,205.00	409— 47,215.00
May	611	85,960.00	311— 35,896.00
June	796	111,823.25	488— 56,249.70
July	760	106,100.00	378— 42,515.00
Aug.	808	113,173.81	726— 82,878.50
Sept.	688	96,911.15	415— 48,070.00
Oct.	732	102,558.75	421— 48,672.50
Nov.	597	83,658.75	992— 114,417.90
Dec.	825	115,657.50	700— 80,634.90
Total		\$1,218,195.11	6481—\$716,967.10
Transfer Fees, Penalties, C. & P. Lic.			
Jan.	1,328	\$1,050	\$1,400— 14
Feb.	507	825	9,000— 90
Mar.	1,106	900
Apr.	938	1,975	1,800— 18
May	494	3,100	4,200— 42
June	296	3,000	1,900— 19
July	714	1,675
Aug.	322	975
Sept.	506	1,275	15,500— 155
Oct.	564	1,150	8,500— 85
Nov.	372	575
Dec.	636	925	26,800— 268
Total		\$8,023	\$16,825 \$69,200—692

THIEF RANSACKS HEYWOOD ST. HOME

E. A. Lewis Loses Jewelry
and Money to Consider-
able Amount

Gaining entrance by smashing the glass panel in the front door and then unfastening the lock, a thief ransacked the residence of E. A. Lewis, Heywood avenue, on Sunday night between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock while the inmates were at church. After a careful search through the bedrooms the thief secured four rings, a bracelet, a Spade guinea and a five-dollar bill, the whole valued at about \$70. On his return home Mr. Lewis discovered the theft and immediately notified the police.

Another report of property having been taken was made by Mr. Roger-son, Sumas avenue, who reported that sometime on Sunday a quantity of jewelry valued at about \$60 was taken. In this instance it is not definitely known whether the property was stolen or mislaid but it has disappeared. The occupants of the house were not away on Sunday and how the jewelry could have been taken, unless some sneak thief entered the house and managed to secure the property, is a mystery. The matter has been reported to the police.

Claiming that he was held up on Saturday night on the walk leading to the bar entrance at the Empress hotel and relieved of his watch, J. Youlden, 826 Pandora avenue, reported his loss to the police. Youlden claims that two men came out of the hotel and ordering him to throw up his hands, abstracted his timepiece. He could only give an indefinite description of the pair of hold-up men to the authorities. The two men made their way down Government street but Mr. Youlden did not think of following them.

"AT POSTOFFICE BRITISH COLUMBIA"

And When Man Did Not Reply,
He Thinks Something is
Wrong

Information has been sought by relatives, through the office of the Hon. General of this province in London, of the present whereabouts of John Yuill Taylor, who some twelve years ago resided with his family on Homer street, Vancouver. Taylor is described as a man upwards of sixty years of age, six feet in height, with a slight stoop. His daughter is exceedingly anxious to secure some news of him.

Turn Over a New Leaf

BE WELL DRESSED



To be well and smartly attired is a matter of common sense rather than dollars and cents here, with our splendid line of

20th Century Clothing

It is made especially for the man who wants exclusive style and maximum quality and minimum cost. Choice dressers realize this when they purchase this unrivalled brand. Our Winter Overcoats assert their supremacy in good taste and high quality.

Winter Overcoats
\$10 to \$35

W. & J. WILSON

MEN'S FURNISHERS,
1221 Government St., and Trounce Av.

Information is also sought through Hon. Mr. Turner, of one Harry Kite, aged 30. Kite has been in the employ of Mac D. Dixon, who in his letter to Hon. Mr. Turner, written from Cambridge House, Lynsted, Sittingbourne, Kent, on the 12th December, says: "The last letter addressed to him, at the Post Office, British Columbia has been returned, and it is feared that he has met with some accident or may have been one of the men killed, or injured in the accident reported in the daily papers as having occurred to a workman's train about three weeks ago."

THE WHIRLWIND FINISH

Of Our Big Retiring Sale Starts This
Morning At 9 O'clock

We still have about \$12,000 worth of stock in the store, and we only have a few days extension to help us clear. We are making strenuous efforts to clear our shelves before the workmen come in, and we have sacrificed everything. The very cream of our stock is still here. Hundreds of pairs never been unpacked—they all go.

Our Big Opening Special For Today

300 pairs of Ladies' Fine Dress Boots. The best American and Canadian makes, patent, vici kid, calf and other leathers. Not a pair in this lot worth less than \$5.50 at reg. prices. **\$2.90** TODAY (and while they last).....

THERE IS NOT A PAIR IN THE STORE BUT
IS MARKED BELOW COST

\$2.90

See Our Windows

Our Big Opening Special For Today

300 pairs Men's Boots, box calf, velour calf, vici kid, and patent leather. None worth less than \$5.50, many worth \$6.50. **\$2.90** TODAY (and while they last).....

Hundreds of pairs of Children's shoes almost given
away

THERE IS NOT A PAIR IN THE STORE BUT
IS MARKED BELOW COST



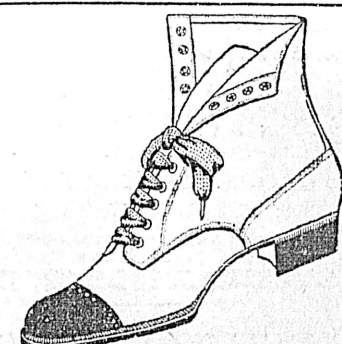
We have only a few days, and we want none left. We are not going to remain in business. Our loss is your gain.

LOOK FOR THE BIG RED AND WHITE SIGNS

The Baker Shoe Co., Ltd.

1109 Government Street

Victoria, B. C.



Correct Fitting

Correct fitting garments are essential because they enhance the appearance of the man and of the clothes he wears. In these respects

FASHION-CRAFT CLOTHING

of which we are agents, has attained the highest reputation. Every garment is so well planned and cut that alterations are rarely required. Besides this advantage Fashion-Craft Clothing has many others, such as authoritative styles, excellent fabrics, choice patterns and correct colorings

F. A. GOWEN

Amalgamated with T. B. Cuthbertson & Co.,
The Gentlemen's Store 1114 Government Street

THE STORK- CHILDREN'S STORE

Clearance Sale of Children's Winter Dresses

Now is your opportunity to buy good dresses for the children at cost price, as we must make room for Spring stock. The bargains include cashmere, tweed and large overcoats, in black and gray effects as low as \$1.00.

We also have them in jumper style, prettily trimmed, self colored buttons and strappings, at \$2.75. All our stock is new and grand value at the prices. Call early and secure some of these bargains.

R. TUNNICLIFFE & CO., 643 FORT STREET

After the Xmas Season

After the bustle and excitement one often gets "run down," weak and nervous.

Bowes' Syrup of Hypophosphites

Is of wonderful value; keeps the system in perfect order, the brain clear and active, the nerves strong and steady. \$1.00 bottle contains sufficient for one month.

DRUGS

CYRUS H. BOWES,

Chemist.

1228 Government Street.

WALK-OVER SHOES



Well-to-do men come to us for Shoes. We sell the kind of shoes that make a man look prosperous. The Geo. E. Keith Co., of Campello, Mass., make that kind for us, selected leathers, special styles and lasts made for us only.

If you would like to see what's the greatest value that can be condensed into shoes at from \$5.00 to \$7.50 come in to the

"Walk-Over Boot Shop"

TOMLINSON & BELLHOUSE

632 Yates St., Opp. King Edward Hotel

The Man Behind

will give you

V. I. CIGARS

The best Havana filled cigar.

GOLD & JOHNSTON, Makers

Phone 1255

Ten Million Negroes

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Predicting that the coming count will show approximately 10,000,000 negroes in the United States, directing that the negroes be selected to count their race in those enumerated districts where blacks number two-fifths or more of the population, and requiring both white and negro enumerators in many

southern districts, to preclude negroes from enumerating whites, Census Director Durand today issued general instructions to supervisors. The instructions, approved by Secretary Nagel, subject all applicants to the efficiency tests.

It is authoritatively reported that there will be no fight between Ad. Wolgast and Battling Nelson.

Bilious?

"How are your bowels?" the doctor always asks. He knows how important is the question of constipation. He knows that inactivity of the liver will often produce most disastrous results. We believe that Ayer's Pills are the best liver pills you can possibly take. Sold for over 60 years.

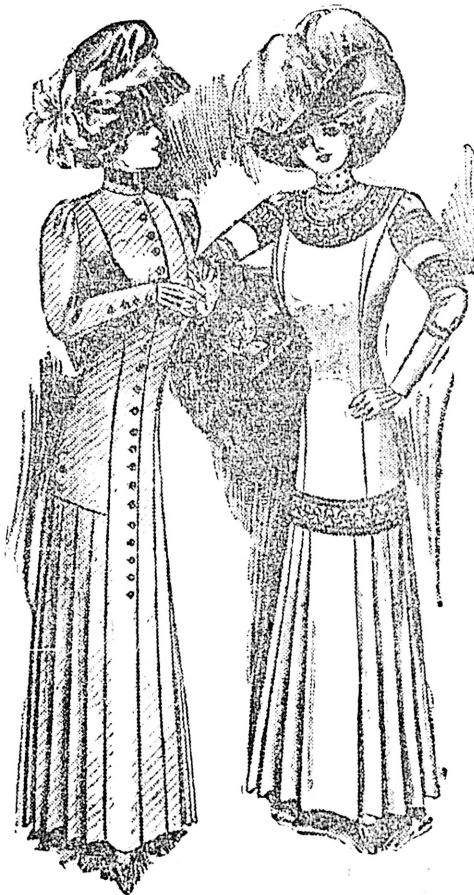
Doctors all agree that an active liver is positively essential to health. Ask your own doctor about Ayer's Pills.

No Goods Charged
or Sent On Appro-
bation During Sale

Campbell
"THE FASHION CENTRE"

No Goods Charged
or Sent On Appro-
bation During Sale

Extraordinary January Sale of Coats and Suits



After lengthy planning and thorough deliberation—this sale will assume most attractive proportions—a larger, better, and more elaborate display, and at prices unusual.

Don't delay until the end of the week, but visit us NOW while some of the most beautiful models are on the bargain list—exclusive models.

Ladies' and Misses' Coats

EXCLUSIVE

Values up to \$7.50. Sale Price.....\$5.00
Values up to \$10.50. Sale Price.....\$7.50
Values up to \$20.00. Sale Price.....\$12.75

WHY BE WITHOUT A COAT NOW?

Ladies' and Misses' Suits

EXCLUSIVE

Values up to \$18.00. Sale Price.....\$9.75
Values up to \$27.50. Sale Price.....\$15.00
Values up to \$35.00. Sale Price.....\$17.50

WHY BE WITHOUT A STYLISH SUIT?

Those who visit us early, of course, will get the best pick. All our models will quickly be disposed of, for not one is soiled or out of season. All the season's colors are included in this sale.

The most expensive Coats and Suits have been tremendously reduced; the reductions in every department are well worth studying.

Visit us today; if not today, tomorrow—it's your opportunity.

No Goods Charged
or Sent on Appro-
bation During Sale

The
Ladies'
Store

ANGUS CAMPBELL CO., Ltd.

1010
Gov't
Street

No Goods Charged
or Sent on Appro-
bation During Sale

UPLAND FARM BY-LAW PASSED

Oak Bay Ratepayers to Vote on
Agreement at Coming
Election

The Upland Farm bylaw whereby the Oak Bay Municipality enters into an agreement with W. H. Gardner respecting the improvement of that property received its first, second, and third reading at the usual fortnightly meeting of the council last night and will now be submitted to the ratepayers for their sanction. It will be voted upon on election day, January 15, a three-fifths majority being necessary to secure its passage.

The bylaw, which embodies the agreement provides that the lands of the Upland Farm shall not be assessed during the years 1910 to 1919 (inclusive) for a larger amount than \$270,000 in each year in consideration of W. H. Gardner improving the land as provided in the agreement. Mr. Gardner undertakes to spend a sum of at least \$250,000 on such improvements.

Another bylaw which came up at the council meeting last night is known as the water bylaw and provides for the rates, commissions and terms under which water shall be supplied to the municipality. This bylaw which has already received its third reading had been submitted to the municipality's solicitor and had been sent back by them unaltered. It will be submitted to the ratepayers at the forthcoming election.

The other business which came up at last night's meeting was of a purely routine character. A communication from V. C. Maddock stated that he would construct a road in Woodlawn Crescent adjoining Monterey Avenue, the road to be 25 feet wide, he paying the cost of grading 16 feet. He wanted to council to lay a water pipe preparatory to the commencement of work on the road. This matter was referred to the incoming council.

W. H. Gardner wrote the council expressing his thanks for the courtesy which had been extended him in his negotiations respecting the laying out of the Upland Farm.

Before the council adjourned a motion of regret that the municipality would lack the services of Councillor W. E. Oliver during the forthcoming year was moved by Councillor Newton and seconded by Councillor Colbert being carried unanimously. The Reeve in putting the motion alluded to the good work which Mr. Oliver as Reeve and Councillor, had done in the municipality.

ISLAND'S NEED OF FEMALE HELP

Development League Issues a
Pamphlet Advertising Op-
portunities Here

With a view to attracting house domestics for whom there is a great and growing demand in the city, the Vancouver Island Development League has issued a booklet which will be enclosed in all the advertising literature sent broadcast by that institution. The document should prove a factor in attracting domestics. It points out that they will receive good homes and wages according to their experience and skill. The average wages are quoted as follows: General domestics, from \$15 to \$25 per month; housemaids, from \$20 to \$25 per month; plain cooks, from \$20 to \$25 per month; good nurses, from \$20 to \$25 per month; extra good cooks, from \$25 to \$30 per month; girls of sixteen, \$15 per month. All the foregoing wages include board.

Stipulating that all applicants must have references as to competency and good character, it is pointed out that Vancouver Island offers special opportunities in the line of domestic service.

The pamphlet winds up as follows: "The only drawback domestics will find is that it will be difficult for them to keep from getting married, especially if they are competent cooks and house domestics."

TIDE OF TRAVEL FROM PRAIRIES

Middle Westerners Flock to
Victoria on a Winter
Visit

The exodus of middle westerners from the prairies to Victoria, the winter resort of Canada has already commenced and already the local hotels number heavy arrivals from Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta in their lists. The influx this year will be larger than in the past according to the reports of the new arrivals. The bountiful harvest and the good prices obtainable for grain is the cause. Last year's harvest was good also but the money received from it

A Saving Opportunity

Save Money on Your Purchases of Furniture, Carpets, Linoleums, Etc.

Our stock of Furniture for the home is now at its best. Every article has been carefully selected for its wearing qualities and close buying has enabled us to place most moderate prices on everything we offer. See our fine stock today. You will be welcome whether you intend purchasing now or not. We want to get you acquainted with the values we offer. We give a discount of ten per cent from our regular prices for spot cash. Free city delivery. Country orders packed shipped free.

PARLOR SUITE

Three-piece Parlor Suite, mahogany finished frames, spring seats, covered in Kent silk tapestry. Suite consists of arm chair, settee and small chair. A bargain at the

CASH PRICE, \$22.95

Other 3 and 5-piece Suites in silk, velours and leather covers, up to \$133.

SAMPLE CARPET ENDS

We have still a few left of the sample carpet ends in lengths of one and one and a half yards. They are useful in any home.

TAPESTRY SAMPLES,

75c and 50c

VELVET SAMPLES,

\$1.25 and 75c

BRUSSELS SAMPLES \$1

DRESSERS AND STANDS

Neat, serviceable Dressers and Stands with British bevel plate mirrors, 13x20—

CASH PRICE \$12.15

CHIFFONNIERS

In golden elm, 5 drawers, with locks; a very useful size—

CASH PRICE, \$10.80

SMITH & CHAMPION

1420 Douglas Street.

Near City Hall.

Phone 718.

went largely to offset the depression existing everywhere to a slighter degree however in Canada than in other portions of the world. This year prairie people are "on velvet" and the majority of the new comers are prospective investors.

"You'll like Victoria" has become a common term in the west and is generally followed by the injunction "Own a home in Victoria."

Amongst those arriving are Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Lindsay of Carberry, Man.,

at the Empress; J. H. Lind, George Kaiser, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. McClellan and E. McClellan of Moose Jaw, at the Dominion; Miss Haigh, Mrs. and Miss Castle, of Regina, Miss K. E. Bassett, of Banff, Alta., at the Dominion; Mr. and Mrs. W. Niblack of Regina, G. Leith of Pope, Man., one of the new towns on the G.T.P., H. Samuels of Preston, Man., R. N. Angus and son of Wetaskewin, W. Whyte of Douglas, Man., A. B. Rowley of Wetaskewin, J. Savage of Carman, all of whom are

staying at the Dominion besides a host of others from different towns and centres throughout the prairies.

"The adoption of a resolution by the Intercollegiate Athletic Association calling for a modification of the football playing rules by reducing the possibility of injuring contestants to a minimum will meet with the hearty approval of all lovers of the virile, though somewhat brutal, college game."—Seattle P-I.

The Colonist.

The Colonist Printing and Publishing Company, Limited Liability.
27 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

J. S. H. Matson.

The Daily Colonist

Delivered by carrier at 55 cents per month, or 75 cents, if paid in advance. Mailed, postpaid, to any part of Canada, except the city or suburban districts, which are covered by our carriers, or the United Kingdom at the following rates:

One year.....\$5.00
Six months.....2.50
Three months.....1.25
London Office, 90-92 Fleet Street

Tuesday, January 4, 1910.

THE MUNICIPAL CONTEST.

There are three candidates in the field for the mayoralty, Mr. A. J. Morley who has already served two terms is said to be canvassing and it is for the voters to say if they think his career was such that it is desirable to place him in office again. Of the three candidates, Mr. Henderson has been most prominently connected with city affairs. He has served in the City Council a few terms and those who have watched the proceedings of that body ought to be able to judge of his qualifications for the municipal leadership. Mr. Turner is just completing a term as Alderman. His activities in that position also serve as a guide as to the sort of Mayor he would make. Mr. Oliver was Reeve of Oak Bay and assisted largely in setting that thriving municipality on its feet. Therefore neither of the candidates can be said in any sense of the word to be untired in the class of subjects with which a mayor will have to deal.

The problem presented by the candidature of these several gentlemen is not as simple as it might be. The citizens recognize that the city has reached an important stage in its history. Large expenditures will have to be undertaken and a broad and comprehensive policy of public administration will have to be inaugurated. What is needed is a municipal government that will command the confidence of the people. During the mayoralty of Dr. Hall the ratepayers have responded to almost every demand upon them and a progressive policy has been possible. It could be a mistake to revert to conditions which might lead to this confidence being withdrawn.

Aldermanic candidates are not coming forward as numerous as was at one time expected; but there is yet time for others to offer and we dare say there will be a good field to choose from in all the wards. The voters ought to be very careful in the selection of aldermen. It is quite as important that there should be a strong aldermanic body as that there should be a strong mayor. Considerable public spirit is necessary to induce a man to enter into an aldermanic campaign, and to lead him to devote to the affairs of the city the attention they need. We hope that this spirit will be found to a sufficient degree to place in each ward good men from whom the citizens can make their choice. We have not a word to say against any man who has been in the Council during the last year; but we would like to see the citizens have a chance to get a stronger body if possible.

MILK AND SUCH THINGS

The price of milk has been advanced. The price of butter keeps up. The price of eggs shows no disposition to come down. This is a matter that is worth more than a passing reference. The rapid growth of the city will lead to a yet further increase in the prices of these necessary commodities, unless more people go into the business of producing them. This part of the province is at a transition stage. Nearly all growing communities reach it sooner or later. For a time the supply of certain products is not governed in any way by the demand. Men take pieces of ground and farm them to make a living without specializing in any lines, for there seems to be no object in doing so. Then the supply of products is haphazard. There may or may not be enough butter, eggs and milk or something else. No one knows, for no one is making any special effort to supply such things. After a time the population so increases and it is found necessary to provide a regular supply to a certain amount and to allow a margin for an increasing demand. Victoria and its vicinity have now reached this stage. There is a large and growing market for such farm products as are above mentioned, and the time has come when the production of them on a large scale and in regular quantity is called for.

We suggest that no better opening can be asked than is available here in the production of eggs, butter and milk on a large scale, and carried on just as any other business is carried on. There is not the least probability that the supply of these articles, and to them poultry may be added, will keep up with the growth of the city. Hence here are openings for enterprising men, who understand these lines of business. Fortunately the nature of the country surrounding Victoria and our climate are favorable to the production of these articles. It cannot be made too widely known that there is a shortage in these lines, although the

locality is favorable to their production.

THE COMET

There are now two comets visible in the sky. One of these is Halley's and the other has not yet been identified with any previous visitor. The latter is about as bright as the former was a month ago; that is it is visible in a small telescope. It is thought that perhaps it is the comet of 1867 returning on a second observed visit to the Sun. Whether or not it will ever be more than a telescope object cannot now be determined.

Halley's comet is now receding from the Earth, but as it is approaching the Sun it will increase in brightness. It is now near the planet Mars, that is it is apparently near that planet, and as it is said to be visible to the naked eye, it ought to be possible for a sharp-eyed person to find it on a clear night. Mars is the bright red star which is seen to the eastward. The comet is expected to grow brighter during January and February, after which it will be so close to the Sun that it will be invisible in the rays of that luminary; until the latter part of April, when it ought to become again visible in the morning. Just before sunrise. It will disappear about the latter part of May; but just before disappearing it will be visible as an evening star. This will be during the last ten days in May. It will then be only 14,000,000 miles from the Earth, but its position will be so low in the western sky that to see it one must look for it just as soon as twilight fades. Just how brilliant it may be is a matter of conjecture. Astronomers have noted that its brilliancy has been exceedingly variable.

THE COST OF LIVING.

The cost of living is being very earnestly discussed by the more serious periodicals in the United States, and the concluding seems to be that, if the present increase of the cities continues, without any corresponding gain in the rural population and the adoption of a system whereby a greater volume of foodstuffs will be produced from the acre, the cost of living will yet further advance or the standard of living will have to be lowered. This is a very unsatisfactory outlook and there does not seem to be anything that can be done about it. Editorials, essays and speeches will not keep people from crowding into the cities or teach farmers how to make two blades of grass from where one grew before. Of the advantages of a protective tariff there can be no doubt. It has worked wonders in both the United States and Canada. While the former country had millions of acres of vacant lands to give to settlers from the Old World, who would engage in farming, the concentration of the people in cities, due primarily to the rapid expansion of manufacturing, did not interfere with the production of an adequate supply of food stuffs. But in ten years from now there will be 100,000,000 people living in the United States and if the present trend of the population city-ward continues the country will have to draw upon Canada and other lands for its food. In the Dominion there is no danger of the population outrunning the food supplies for many years to come. We have that great solvent of all economic problems—a vast area of fertile, uncultivated soil—yet available.

Mr. Moses B. Cotsworth discusses the increase in the cost of living from a local standpoint, and he advances some matters that seem worthy of very serious consideration. There is no valid reason why the cost of living in this province should be abnormally high.

MAIL SERVICE.

The Omicron Herald, published at Hazelton, contains the following editorial in its issue of the 4th ultimo:

The mail service on the Skeena during the months when there are no steamers operating is never very good. The people have come to expect that it shall be good until the C. T. P. is running. Conditions this year are so bad that the people of the interior might as well be at the North Pole so far as receiving mail goes. The last steamer to leave Hazelton departed October 25, since then we have had one mail and that was despatched from Prince Rupert October 28, arriving at Kitimat November 1 and lying there two weeks. The people of the interior are not critical. They endure a lot and say nothing. But things went too far this fall. Conditions on the Skeena must be known to the officials in charge of this service. At any rate they were advised by wire of the closing of navigation. Instead of acting at once, in order to insure two trips a month to which we are supposed to be entitled, enough time was allowed to elapse so we had one mail in November and that was despatched from Prince Rupert October 28.

In round numbers there are three hundred names on the voters' list for Hazelton and Bulkley Valley. These are nearly as many more too recently arrived to have a vote and not taking into consideration men connected with railway construction, nearly two hundred more.

Post office receipts in established offices increase at an astonishing rate. New offices are opened, but the service between the interior and the coast remains very poor.

This condition of things ought to be remedied without delay. Without proof to the contrary we decline to believe that better accommodation than that complained of cannot be provided. Doubtless it would be somewhat costly, but the pioneers of the province have a right to the best service that money can provide. They pay their share of the federal revenue and have a right to every consideration possible.

It is said that Germany is willing to reach an understanding with Great Britain on three points. One is as to their respective dominions in Africa;

another is as to the future status of Syria, and the third is as to naval construction. This is said to be due to the influence of the new Chancellor, Hollweg.

The London Daily Mail says it is "now or never" with the Empire, for if the United Kingdom refuses the offer of a preference from the Colonies, it will never be made again. Just when was the offer made, and by whom?

A number of Canadians emigrated to Cuba about three years ago to engage in sugar-growing. Their plantations have been swept by three successive hurricanes, and the Canadian Trade Commissioner in Cuba says their condition is helpless and desperate.

Our evening contemporary across the street wants to know if the Colonist has discovered the real elixir of life. It has, and it is willing that all the world should know what it is. It is optimism. It will keep a man, a newspaper, a city or a nation ever young.

So serious is the typhoid epidemic in Montreal that the representatives of all the city hospitals have issued a request that the people will boil all water before using it. There were thought to be 2,000 cases in the city on Christmas, and the number was increasing.

Mr. J. S. Dennis of the Canadian Pacific, says his company has received 7,000 letters from persons desirous of settling in British Columbia. This is an unusual degree of interest to be exhibited in this Province, and there can be no doubt that it will increase rather than diminish.

There is a growing demand in the East for the representation of Canada at Washington by an official, who shall speak directly for this country. We see difficulties in the way of providing for such a matter, although they are probably by no means insurmountable.

The wholesale merchants of Winnipeg are preparing for a great expansion of business during the present year. Every merchant interviewed by the Free Press of that city said that the outlook never was so bright and that 1910 "would witness unprecedented progress and prosperity."

The story that comes from northern Canada, in regard to the existence of a balloon there, is of very great interest, and the despatching of an expedition in search of it would be a very proper step for the government to undertake. Even if the balloon, if found, contains nothing of value, it might serve to show the fate of the gallant explorers, who are supposed to have so set out in it twelve years ago.

A contemporary charges the Colonist with vindictive criticism of its opponents. This will be news to Colonist readers and news to its opponents, if it has any. The Colonist's policy is to avoid criticism as much as possible, and then to employ it in a kindly way. It endeavors to be constructive, and because it is constructive it has the sympathetic support of the community to a remarkable degree.

Charles W. Morse, banker, has gone to prison to serve a term of fifteen years. He has already paid a fine of \$7,000,000. As to the justice or injustice of his sentence we express no opinion; but if it is true, as he alleges in a published statement, that the private detectives of the prosecution had the jury in charge and that the jury drank steadily until two of them were incapacitated, there seems to be some reason to believe that he did not get a fair trial.

The Post-Intelligencer says it is singular that the first attempt at the construction of a mono-rail railway in America should be in British Columbia, one being projected in the Okanagan country. This is not the first time mono-rail construction has been proposed in this province. A little over six years ago some Victorians gave notice of application to parliament for a charter to build such railways in Canada, but through circumstances that need not be here detailed, the abandonment of the project was found to be necessary.

An amusing story comes from Berlin. Tsar Ferdinand of Bulgaria was visiting Brunswick and when he was leaning out of a window watching a parade, the Kaiser, who was passing, spanked him somewhat vigorously. Of course, any joke perpetrated by the Kaiser will provoke a laugh in Germany; but the visiting sovereign declined to accept the performance as such. He entered a somewhat forceful protest, and the relations between the two monarchs became so strained that he left Brunswick without bidding his host good-bye. Thus another complication has been introduced into the Balkan situation which was already difficult enough. Boys at school will remember that an ill-timed joke led William the Conqueror to cross the Channel and lay a large part of France waste with fire and sword.

The Montreal Witness is worried over the increased output of gold, which it says is making everything cost too much. It says that money is growing worth less and less all the time. The theory usually has been that the more money the better; but the Witness does not seem to think so. And yet if everything increases in price in proportion, no one will suffer except perhaps the man with the fixed income. If money is so needlessly plentiful, why is it that the rate of interest does not drop out of sight? One undoubted effect of this increased in gold is that Occidental nations are badly handicapped in their commercial relations with the Orient. Its other effects are problematical.

WEILER BROS.

Five Floors of Home Comfort

WEILER BROS.

DINING TABLES, \$7.50

And From This Price up to \$60

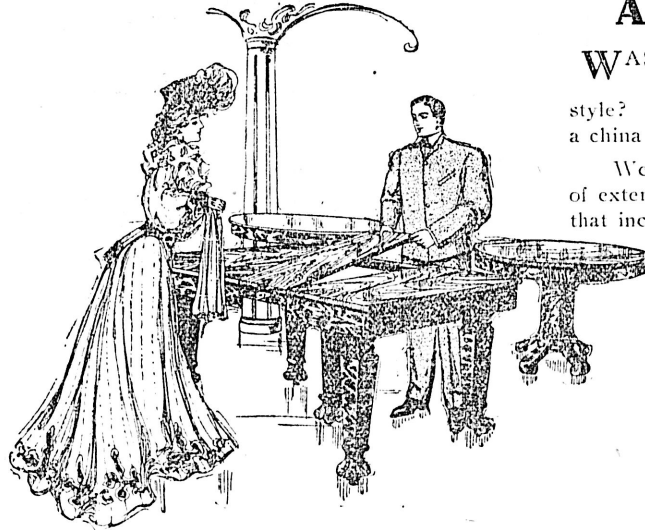
WAS your dining-room "found wanting" during the holiday season? Not in the "refreshment" way, but in conveniences, in style? Wouldn't you have liked a new extension table, a new buffet, a china cabinet, or something of the sort?

We would appreciate an opportunity to show you our big range of extension dining table styles, and to quote you prices from a list that includes one to fit any pocketbook. We have these tables in all the popular woods and finishes, and in round and square styles—pedestal and regular. Prices start as low as \$7.50.

Other Diningroom Furniture

There may be room for a new buffet or china cabinet, or perhaps the present chairs are a bit shaky. Choose some new chairs or a new buffet from this assortment offered here. Many styles, but a specially strong line of mission effects—the most popular of all dining room furniture.

Our prices will compare favorably with any quoted anywhere, while styles and quality are of the superior sort.



Warm Bedding for These Frosty Nights

No Better Qualities or Values are Offered Anywhere

Warm bedding for these frosty nights—don't you want some? No better place to do the choosing than right here and no better time than today, for there are more chilly nights coming your way. This year's assortment of blankets and comforts is the best yet. Best in variety and completeness and best in values.

We have sold more McIntock down quilts this season than ever before. As people learn the great advantages of the down quilt the sales increase. Try one and you'll be an enthusiastic booster. In wool blankets offerings include the very best from Scotland and the foremost Canadian makes. We guarantee the qualities.

ALL-WOOL BLANKETS from, per pair\$3.50 McINTOCK DOWN QUILTS from\$5.50



Card Prizes in China that Combine Beauty and Utility

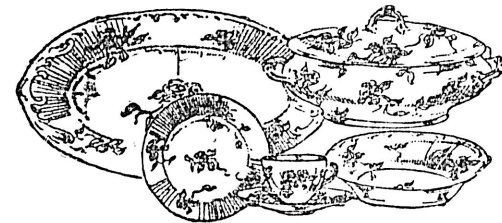
¶ The thousands of pieces of china—"odd bits" we call them, to distinguish between china sold in sets and sold by single item—which form a conspicuous part of our stock, require no mental gymnastics to be considered appropriate prizes for the ladies at euchre or whist.

¶ They combine a beauty which is dearly loved by every woman with a usefulness that it is her joy to exploit on every occasion.

¶ Your list of prizes should be exclusively china bits if you would excite spirited competition in the contest.

¶ Try it.

New Dinnerware



Try the "Open Stock" Plan

YOU couldn't do better than invest your cash gifts in an open stock dinnerware pattern. Choose few or many pieces as you wish. Start with a few and add as your purse permits. If unfortunate enough to break a few pieces, you can easily replace them here—no patchwork affair about it.

We show a great choice of patterns—you'll find more than a dozen different patterns in our stock of "open stock" services. Easy to choose a pattern to please, and of course the matter of buying is regulated by your requirements. Come in and inspect.

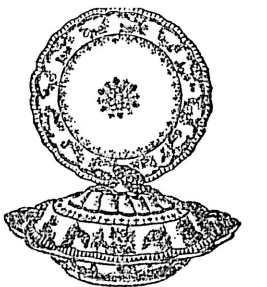
New Haviland Open Stock Pattern

One of the best of the "open stocks" is a charming gold decoration in Haviland Limoges China. The name Haviland is famous the world over. We

guarantee this to be the genuine. The ware is of the finest quality and the decoration one of the most pleasing gold treatments we have seen.

Start a service of this—you couldn't better it.

Welcome to come in and inspect at any time. Not the slightest obligation to purchase is incurred.



How Open Stock Dinnerware Works in a Pinch

¶ Has company arrived unexpectedly? Do you realize the "dishes" will not "go 'round" without washing between courses?

¶ Embarrassing and annoying isn't it? And, humiliating if discovered by the "company."

¶ Yes, indeed.

¶ Now, if you had purchased one of our open-stock patterns you could have sent down here and immediately obtained a few extra plates or cups and saucers or a meat dish—anything you needed in fact—to match your set.

¶ No one would have been the wiser.

¶ All grades and prices.

See This New Bedroom Furniture

Some Magnificent Pieces Shown

By all means see the new arrivals in bedroom furniture. Some of the handsomest pieces we have shown have just been placed on display and a hearty welcome awaits you here. Don't have to buy—just come to look. Chief among these are some suites in Bird's-eye Maple and in Circassian Walnut. If you want something real nice, choose from these.

Circassian Walnut Suite \$175

This is a 3-piece suite of excellent design and made from selected Circassian Walnut. Consists of Dresser, Chiffoniere and Ladies' Dressing Table.

Dresser has 3 large and 2 small drawers, and a large shaped bevel plate mirror.

Chiffoniere has 4 large and 2 small drawers and a shaped bevel plate mirror.

Dressing Table has 2 drawers and large bevel plate mirror.

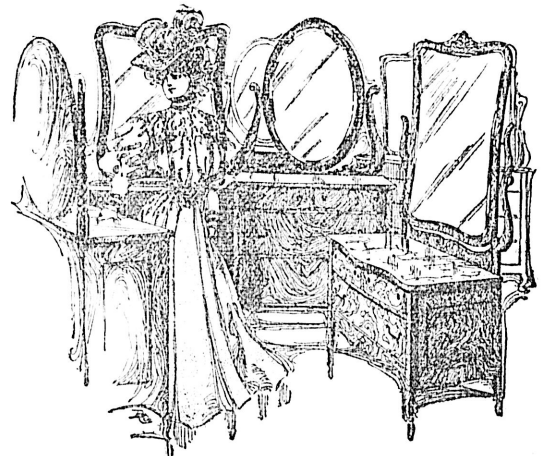
Birds' Eye Maple Pieces

Selected wood and beautifully finished.

CHIFFONIERE—Swell front style with 3 large and 4 small drawers and hat cupboard. Oval bevel plate mirror\$55.00

DRESSER—Swell front, 2 large and 2 small drawers. Large oval bevel plate mirror\$55.00

BED—A very attractive design—the newest thing. Selected wood\$45.00



Linoleum Remnants at Less Than Regular

A few women are going to profit by our sale of Linoleum Remnants—just a few because there are only a few remnants. Those who come early this week with the size of the bathroom, pantry or hall will secure an ideal covering at a fraction of regular cost. We are clearing all short-lengths and remnants and advise an early visit—Second Floor.

Furnish-
ers of
Homes
Hotels
Clubs

The West's Greatest Furniture House
WEILER'S

Furnish-
ers of
Churches
Schools
Boats

FIFTY YEARS AGO

The Colonist, Tuesday, January 3, 1860.
For Sale, A Bargain. Four lots on View street \$150 each. Apply to John Copland, Yates street.

Returning Officers. The following are the returning officers appointed by the Electoral Commission for the coming election: Victoria Town, George W. Heaton; Victoria district, George W. Heaton; Esquimalt and Metichosin, A. Munro; Esquimalt Town, A. Munro; Lake district, Geo. W. Heaton; Saanich, W. Thompson; Salt Spring Island and Chemahus, John Begg; Nanaimo, C. S. Nichol; Sooke, John Muir, Jr.

Mr. Amor de Cosmos—We are compelled to say a few things about ourself personally. First, we were never in the shoe business on Dupont or any other street in San Francisco though we should deem that no disgrace. Secondly, for reasons satisfactory to us and which nobody else has any concernment, we have seen fit to prefer the name of de Cosmos to that of Smith. This simple fact furnishes very slight chance for political capital and it is observable that the most labored attempt to make political capital out of it furnishes its own refutation. It does this by the quotations, "What's in a name" and "A rose by any other name would smell as sweet." But still more effectually in the declaration "We want men not names." We fully endorse this latter sentiment. If parties object to our political views, they are free to do so. Our address before the public, whatever its defects or shortcomings it is a frank, honest utterance. Let the principles we avow be handled without scruple but the name we choose to be called by is our own affair. If it pleases us, who has any right to object?

DAIRY AND STOCK ENTHUSIASTS MEET

Agenda For Meetings Taking Place First Week in February

Programmes will be issued in the course of the ensuing few days for the annual conventions of the British Columbia Dairyman's Association and the British Columbia Stockbreeders' Association, which are to be held respectively on the 3rd and 4th proximo in the Woman's Building, at the grounds of the Victoria Agricultural Society. It is expected that several hundred practical and progressive farmers, especially interested in these branches of their profession will attend, while among the speakers are to be several of the foremost authorities on their specialities in the American states.

For the B. C. Dairyman's meeting, the agenda in abstract is as hereunder: 9.30 a.m., directors' meeting; 10

HEAVY DOCKET OF APPEALS

New Court Opens Today—Many Cases Set For Hearing

With sixty-nine cases—civil and criminal—on the list, the largest list of appeals ever compiled in British Columbia, the first appellate court of British Columbia will meet for its first session at 11 o'clock this morning in the court house with Chief Justice Macdonald, Mr. Justice Martin, Mr. Justice Hogg and Mr. Justice Gair. Higher on the bench, The Hon. W. J. Bowser, attorney general, will formally greet the judges of the new court and extend to them the felicitations of the province. Then the work of the

a.m., president's address, to be followed by presentation of the directors' report, that of the secretary-treasurer, and an address of welcome by Victoria's Mayor; 1.30 p.m., addresses on "Bovine Diseases and Post-mortems," by Dr. A. Knight; 3 p.m., "Contagious Abortion," by Dr. Hadwen; 4.15 p.m., "Dairy Feeding," by J. Langdon, of Sumner, Wash.; 5 p.m., demonstration in operation of the milking machine; 6 p.m., banquet; 8.30 p.m., address by C. Marker of Calgary, Alta.; 9.30 p.m., "Dairying on the Coast and Raising of the 'Cow,'" by Hon. E. J. Judd, of Salem, Ore. Addresses are also to be delivered during the day by His Honor Lieutenant-Governor Patterson; Premier McBride, the Minister of Agriculture, and other notables.

Stock Breeders Meeting.

The programme for the Stockbreeders' meeting the day following is: 9.30 a.m., directors' meeting; 10 a.m., president's address, to be followed by the secretary-treasurer's report, an address of welcome by Victoria's Mayor, and reports from the special committees on heavy and light horses, cattle, sheep and swine; 2 p.m., "Sheep Raising," by Arthur Duncan; "Contagious Diseases," by Dr. Hadwen; 4.15 p.m., "Dairying on the Coast and Raising of the 'Cow,'" by Hon. E. J. Judd, of Salem, Ore.; 5 p.m., demonstration of the milking machine in operation; 6.30 p.m., banquet; 8.15 p.m., "Hog Feeding and Raising," by H. Webb, Chilliwack; "The Breeding of the Heavy Horse," by Hon. E. J. Judd, of Salem, Ore.; with addresses by the Lieutenant-Governor, the Premier, the Minister of Agriculture, and others.

OBITUARY NOTICES

West

The funeral of Richard West took place yesterday afternoon from the Hanna Chapel, Yates street, the Rev. St. Ian Collins conducting the service. There was a large attendance, interment taking place in Ross Bay cemetery. Many people from Saanich, where deceased was well known, were present, while the Masonic order, to which the late Mr. West belonged, was well represented at the funeral, six of that order acting as pallbearers. E. B. Paul conducted the Masonic rites at the graveside.

Gray.

The funeral of little Cyril Gray, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Gray, of 737 Victoria Crescent, took place yesterday at 2.30 o'clock from the parlors of the B. C. Funeral Furnishing Co., Government street, where the Rev. Leslie Gray conducted an appropriate service. The interment took place in the family plot in Ross Bay cemetery.

Coellu.

The funeral of John M. Coellu, the 7-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Coellu, of 2659 Rose street, takes place today at 2.30 o'clock at the family residence. The Rev. Wm. C. Drabn will officiate. Interment will be in Ross Bay cemetery.

Clearman.

News was received today by relatives in the city of the death of Mr. John Wallis Clearman, of New York, due to typhoid fever, which illness he contracted about two weeks ago. The deceased gentleman spent some time in Victoria during the past summer, also his wife and little son, visiting with Captain and Mrs. Foley, the parents of Mrs. Clearman. The sym-

COMMITTEE OF THE ORPHANAGE

Officers Re-Elected For 1910—Transacts Business and Hears Reports

The first meeting of the Ladies' committee of the B. C. Protestant Orphanage for 1910 was held at the city hall yesterday at 2.30 p.m. The excellent Christmas dinner, so generously donated by Mr. Britton, was reported as having passed off most successfully, being thoroughly enjoyed by the 50 little inmates of the home, a hearty vote of thanks being passed to the kind donor. The Christmas tree entertainment on Dec. 29 was voted one of the most enjoyable ever spent at the home. Numerous presents of toys, candies and candies having been received in abundance from generous friends in the city and districts. To all of whom the committee desire to express heartfelt gratitude. The members of the Duncan (Christian Aid society), through Mrs. Whidden, sent a donation of clothing, fruit and vegetables, such kindness being greatly appreciated. A vote of condolence was passed to Mrs. Sprague, a member of the committee, and her family, in their deep sorrow and bereavement.

Bills were paid amounting to \$246.95.

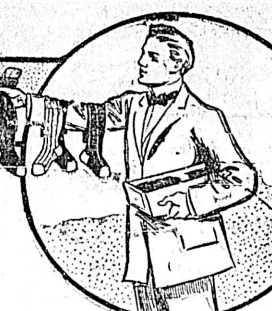

The visiting ladies appointed were: Mrs. J. Langley and Mrs. McCulloch. The resignation of Mrs. T. Fell was received with regret.

After reading the bountiful donation list and the report of the committee the election of officers took place for 1910. All were returned by acclamation as follows: Mrs. McCulloch, president; Mrs. McCulloch, vice-president; Mrs. Taylor, secretary; and Mrs. W. R. Higgins, treasurer.

The visitors' report was as follows: Madame President and Ladies of the Committee.—We paid our first visit to the home this month in the morning, and found that the water pipe in the kitchen range had burst while a large batch of bread was in the oven, however, the plumber soon arrived, a fire was lit in the laundry stove and the children's dinner was ready as usual.

The night before a child of eleven or twelve had been sent in to the home and we both thought she looked very ill, but on our next visit a week later she looked like a different child and was trying to write a letter with the help of two older girls. We purchased six pairs of blankets, and two dozen thick glasses. Christmas Day the children had a great treat given by a kind friend from Seattle, fifty-one sat down to dinner. The tables were decorated with small Christmas trees trimmed with tinsel. To eat they had turkey, tongue, ham, plum pudding, etc., plenty for every one, each child had a Christmas stocking and bon bon. In the evening, thanks to their Victoria friend and "fairy godfather," they each had another stocking and a merry time.

Wednesday, the 29th, was the day of the Christmas tree, and it was a beauty, well laden with a large number of toys for each child. A number of



Young's

Annual January Sale

So well established is our reputation for dependable Hosiery that we need not emphasize the sterling quality of these offerings; the average reductions shown in the following items tell their own story of the savings to be enjoyed. You will make no mistake in stocking up on Stockings, Belts, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Ribbons, etc., for a full six months from these

Special For Today

LADIES' PLAIN CASHMERE HOSE.	Regular prices, 35c and 40c	Sale price per pair	25c
LADIES' BELTS, leather and silk.	Regular 50c to \$1.	Sale price, each	25c
LADIES' KID GLOVES, in tans and black.	Regular \$1.00 and \$1.50.	Sale price per pair	75c
LACE YOKES, in fine and heavy.	Regular \$1.00 to \$3.00.	Sale price each	50c
HANDKERCHIEFS, all linen, embroidered and fancy drawn hems.	Regular 50c, 75c, and \$1.00.	Sale price each	20c
BABY RIBBONS, colored, all shades.	Regular 5c yard.	Sale price per yd.	1c

Embroidery, Edgings and Insertion

Regular price 10c.	Sale price per yard	5c
Regular price 15c.	Sale price per yard	8c
Regular price 20c.	Sale price per yard	12c
Regular price 25c.	Sale price per yard	15c
Regular price 35c.	Sale price per yard	17 1/2c

HENRY YOUNG & CO.

1123 Government Street
Victoria, B. C.


visitors were present and they all helped the children to enjoy what we think was one of the best Christmas treats the children have had for some years. A long string of very pretty lanterns stretched across the room with Merry Christmas printed on them and presented by Mr. Tony Silve, was quite an addition to the room. We often wish the givers of all the good things could be at the home to see how much they are appreciated.

Mrs. Kaye drew our attention to the need of new blinds throughout the building and as we have been told that the ones now up have been there since the home was built, we think they have worn very well. They are in such poor condition that they are almost useless.

Three little new arrivals came the day before Christmas. This makes fifty-one children to start our New Year with.

Signed by Louisa Todd and Catherine Munsie.

The list of donations for December follows: Mr. Britton, Seattle, Christmas dinner; Mr. Tony Silve, 12 lbs. creamery butter, 48 Christmas stockings, 19 Jap lanterns, Division No. 109, B. C. E. R. R. employees, per Mr. King, secretary, 48 sacks containing oranges, bananas, figs and dates; Mr. Rutland, Johnson street, 18 boys' caps; Mrs. Stevenson, Burdett avenue, quilt pieces and patches; Mrs. Munsie, girl's coat; Mrs. Pemberton, 2 sacks of pears; Mr. H. H. Evans, Cadboro Bay road, 2 boxes apples; Mrs. Andernach, clothing and books; A friend, two dollars' worth of nuts and Jap oranges; Frank Brundridge, Girls' Own and Boys' Own Annual for one year; Miss Hynds, 1 pair heavy gray blankets; Alderman McKeown, 2 sacks of clothing; Mrs. Andrew Gray, 20 jars of jam, box of figs, books; Mrs. W. R. Higgins, box of figs; Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Wynne, 20 lbs. sugar, 1 box Jap oranges; Mrs. McKay, Christmas tree (Continued on Page Thirteen)



INGERSOLL

REGISTERED

CREAM CHEESE

"Spreads Like Butter."

Sold only in 15c and 25c blocks

For sale by all Grocers.

Manufactured by The Ingersoll Packing Co., Ltd. Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada.

SHALLCROSS, MACAULEY & CO., Agents.

MR. W. E. OLIVER

Will address the Electors in the Trades and Labor Hall 1406 Douglas Street, Wednesday, Jan. 6th, at 8 o'clock p. m. In support of his candidature for Mayor. He invites the other candidates to be present to state their views.



LADIES

36 Pair Ladies' Paresian Bronze Kid Strap Slippers, beaded vamp, satin padded insoles, Nothing like these in the city \$4.50

72 Pair Ladies' Glace Kid and French Patent Leather Court Pumps, neat steel slide and brown satin padded insoles, celluloid covered wood heels \$4.00

The celluloid heels on these slippers, must be seen to appreciate their value to the wearer of fine evening slippers.

MEN'S

72 Pair Men's French Patent Leather Pumps, black silk lined. The best money can buy \$4.00

FULLERTON

THE SHOEMAN

Phone L 953 1008 Govt. St.

TREAT YOURSELF TO A Big B Cigar FOR CHRISTMAS

FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEE

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Ladies and Gentlemen: I beg to announce that I am a candidate for re-election as School Trustee at the forthcoming Municipal Elections and respectfully solicit your vote and influence.

MARGARET JENKINS.
January 3rd, 1910.

Lever's Y-2 (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder is better than other powders, as it is both soap and disinfectant.

See Page 15

For Particulars of Our

Big Clothing Sale

ALLEN & CO.

FIT-REFORM

1201 GOVERNMENT ST.

FOR MAYOR

To the Electors of the City of Victoria

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: I beg to announce that I am a candidate for Mayor at the approaching election. After having served as Councillor for three years I now respectfully solicit your vote and influence for the more important position, and promise to do my utmost for the progress and betterment of our city. My views have already been published, and will be ore fully explained from the platform. My principal objects are:

- The securing of Sooke as a water supply.
- The introduction of more efficient management of the public works department.
- The stricter guarding of public morals.
- A systematic improvement in making and beautifying our streets and parks.

A. HENDERSON.

If troubled with indigestion, constipation, no appetite or fed bilious, give Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets a trial and you will be pleased with the result. These tablets invigorate the stomach and liver and strengthen the digestion. Sold by all dealers.

A. A. HUMBER.

FOR ALDERMAN IN WARD 4

To the Electors: Ladies and Gentlemen—I beg to offer myself as a candidate for alderman in the above ward, and respectfully solicit your vote and influence.

A. A. HUMBER.

TO LOAN

\$100,000

In sums of from \$1000 to \$20,000 at current rate of interest.

BRITISH-AMERICAN TRUST CO. LTD

Cor. Broad and View Sts., Victoria, B. C.

SILK SHAWLS

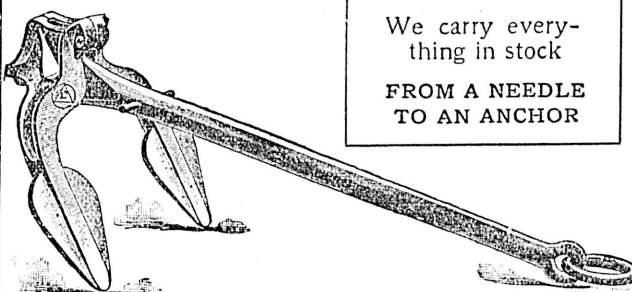
Can be obtained from us lower than elsewhere. All the Newest Colors

UP FROM \$1.10

ORIENTAL IMPORTING CO.

510 Cormorant Street, Opp. E. & N. Depot

Shipchandlery



We carry everything in stock
FROM A NEEDLE
TO AN ANCHOR

We aim at best goods at lowest prices
LOGGERS' TOOLS A SPECIALTY

E. B. MARVIN & CO.

1206 Wharf Street

Victoria, B. C.

EVERYBODY

Who Eats Bread

Should avoid danger of impurities in delivery from the oven to the home. Insist on your baker wrapping his bread in

Eddy's Bread Wrappers

We are the original manufacturers of Bread Wrappers now used by leading Bakers of Ottawa, Montreal, Toronto, and other cities.

The E. B. EDDY Co., Ltd.

Hull, Canada

FRESH EGGS

FRESH EGGS

You can get them by using Sylvester Excelsior Meal, being a ground mixture of Corn, Grits and Egg Producer which is the ideal morning food. Try a sack and watch results. Per sack, \$1.75

SYLVESTER FEED CO.

Tel. 413, 709 Yates Street

I TAKE this opportunity of thanking my many customers and the citizens of Victoria for their very liberal patronage and support during the past year, and extend to one and all the Compliments of the Season.

GILBERT D. CHRISTIE
CORNER GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STREETS

Advertise in the Colonist

NEWS OF THE CITY

Nurses' Meeting.

The Victoria Nurses Club will hold a meeting this afternoon at 3.30 o'clock in its rooms at number 330 Promis block.

Centennial Bible Class.

The Centennial adult Bible class will hold their regular monthly business meeting tomorrow night at the home of Mr. W. H. Parsons, Burnside road.

Quarterly Meeting.

The quarterly meeting of the board of trade will be held on Friday afternoon, the 14th inst., when the report of the special committee on insurance will be presented.

Executive Meets Wednesday.

An important meeting of the provincial executive council is called for tomorrow when it is expected that several interesting appointments will be decided.

British Israel Association.

The Victoria branch of the British Israel Association meets at 8 o'clock p. m. tomorrow in the No. 1 hall of the A. O. U. W., Yates street. Visiting members and the public cordially welcome. Subject: "After the Turk What Saith the Scriptures?"

Work Held Up.

The advent of more cold weather has put a stop for the time being to civic work. After the recent cold snap the workmen resumed work and good progress was being made when the present drop in the temperature occurred again holding up the work.

Phillips Has Written a Book.

Charles Phillips, the murderer of Roll Selbert of Republic, Wash., who was apprehended in this province some months ago, and convicted of murder in the first degree upon his return to the American side, has written a lurid book containing "the true story of his life." The trashy production is commanding a large sale with the youth of near American cities.

Expert Coming.

Word was received yesterday that an expert of the D'Almeida Engineering company of Philadelphia, would arrive in the city in a few days when the defects in the salt water, high pressure pumps will be investigated and a definite understanding arrived at with the city council as to what the company is willing to do to fill its contracts according to the specifications and bring the pumps up to the stipulated capacity.

Houses at Auction.

It is understood to be the intention of the provincial government to dispose of the structures on the lands in Parliament Square recently acquired by purchase, as soon as the negotiations for the removal of the drill hall are concluded, and it thus becomes possible to carry forward the contemplated improvements. The matter is not, however, of the immediate present, and meanwhile the houses will be occupied as heretofore.

Annual Burns' Concert.

The First Presbyterian Church choir intend giving their 22nd annual Burns' concert on Tuesday evening, January 25, the anniversary of the poet's birth. Mr. J. G. Brown will have the management of this as has been the case in the twenty-two years preceding. An exceptionally strong programme is in course of preparation, of which particulars will be given later. All Scotsmen and lovers of Scottish song and story should not forget the date of this event.

Electric Light for Metehosin.

In no district of Vancouver Island are more general and important indications of rapid and substantial progress to be noted than in the district of Metehosin, and Colwood more particularly. Building is in progress in every quarter, poles have been set up, and in the course of a very few months electric light, furnished by the B. C. Electric Co., will be available for the use of the fortunate residents. The extension of electric car service to the Metehosin triangle is likely to be an accomplished fact in the next few years.

Officials Must Not Speculate.

A bill now before the Dominion Parliament, of which the father is Mr. Armstrong, is spoken of in letters to local parliamentarians as likely to become law in the near future. It provides for the amendment of the Act respecting the Conservation of Natural Resources, and provides that hereafter no member, secretary or other official of such a commission shall purchase or otherwise acquire franchises, powers, lands, mines or timber limits while acting officially, nor may he at any time disclose matters before the commission.

Christ Church Treat.

The scholars of the Christ Church Sunday School will hold their annual tea on Thursday evening next. A short Epiphany service at a quarter to seven will be held at the cathedral and tea will be served afterwards in the schoolroom. The bishop will present the prizes at 8 p. m. Carols, recitations, and a slight-of-hand performance will follow and the unloading of the gifts from the Christmas tree will conclude the evening's fun. Parents of the scholars are invited to attend. The teachers will be at the schoolroom during the afternoon and would gladly receive any donations of cake from the members of the congregation who feel disposed to help.

Changing Onus of Proof.

An interesting amendment to the Criminal Code of Canada is now receiving attention in the House of Commons at Ottawa, the father being Mr. Gordon of Nipissing, which has its origin in the failure of the law officers of Ontario to secure convictions of certain known thieves of the Cobalt district. The amendment proposes to place the onus of proof in such special cases as are the case of mining camps occasionally, upon the defendant rather than the prosecution. The suggested new section, which will be received with peculiar interest in British Columbia reads: "Everyone is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to two years' imprisonment who, having in his possession or on his premises with his knowledge any rock, ore, mineral, stone, quartz or other substances containing gold or silver, or any unsmelted, or untreated, or unmanufactured, or partly smelted, partly treated, or partly manufactured gold or silver, is unable to prove that he came lawfully

THE WEATHER

Meteorological office, Victoria, B. C., at 8 p. m. January 3, 1910.

SYNOPSIS. The barometer is abnormally high throughout the Pacific slope from Alaska to California and eastward to the great lakes. Unusually cold weather prevails along the coast and sharp frosts have extended to California. The temperature in the Prairie provinces ranges from 44 below zero at Prince Albert to 28 below at Winnipeg.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	24	35
Vancouver	25	31
New Westminster	22	30
Kamloops	2 below 10	
Barkerville	10	
Fort Simpson	24	26
Aldin	4	16
Dawson, Y. T.	20 below 12 b.	
Calgary, Alta.	2 below 14	
Winnipeg, Man.	28 below 18 b.	
Portland, Ore.	22	28
San Francisco, Cal.	56	48

FORECASTS. For 24 hours from 5 a. m. (Pacific Time) Tuesday: Victoria and vicinity: Light to moderate winds, generally fair, stationary or lower temperature. Lower Mainland: Light to moderate winds, generally fair and cold. SUNDAY. Highest 33, Lowest 24, Mean 28, Sunshine, 7 hours 30 minutes. MONDAY. Highest 35, Lowest 24, Mean 29, Sunshine, 7 hours 30 minutes.

Samples of Island Products.

Samples of the products grown on bench land on Vancouver Island have been received at the local offices of the Development League. The samples are from the Koksilah district and include wheat which has been produced to the extent of 35 bushels to the acre, potatoes varying in weight from one pound to eight pounds, and Red Denver onions of a very superior quality.

Want to Come Here.

Personal and written inquiries continue to flow into the offices of the Vancouver Island Development League at a steadily growing rate of progress. The week end saw eighty letters received from different points, a number of the inquirers stating they are possessed of capital ranging from \$5,000 to \$10,000. Numbers of people on the island are sending in the names and addresses of friends and relatives in Eastern Canada and the old country to whom they desire all the literature dealing with the island's resources, to be forwarded.

Substitute Teachers.

A special meeting of the school board will be held tomorrow night when among other matters to be considered will be the suggestion of the special committee appointed to look into the question of substitute teachers, that four teachers be appointed to various schools as substitutes to be added to the permanent staff when they showed their fitness and are required. The matter was discussed at the last meeting of the board but was left over on the understanding that it would be decided before the term of the present board expired.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

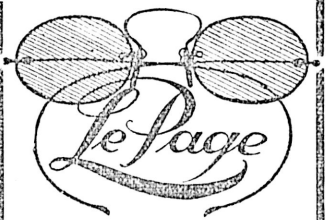
Splendid stock of Pocket and Office Diaries. Victoria Book and Stationery Co., Limited.

Heating Stoves and Steel Ranges, the best quality and at reasonable prices at Clarke & Pearson's, 1313 Wharf street.

Whittaker's Almanac, in paper and cloth. Victoria Book and Stationery Co., Limited.

Ladies' Underwear: Ladies' natural knitted vests and drawers, winter weight. Special price, 25c a garment. Robinson's Cash Store, 642 Yates St.

Heating Stoves, fancy or plain, at Clarke & Pearson's, 1313 Wharf street. Get one and make the house warm and cozy for Xmas.



Sixty Per Cent

of all headaches are caused through defective eyes. Small eye defects grow to large ones if not properly and promptly attended to. Let your

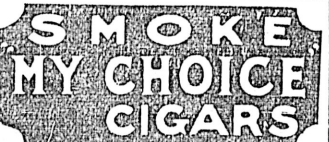
New Year's Resolution

be to wear Glasses if you need them. If you do not need to wear them we will tell you so honestly.

See us if your health is poor. Bad health is often caused by eye-strain. Consultation free.

J. H. LePage

Optometrist and Optician,
1242 Government St., Cor. Yates.
Telephone 1860.



SMOKER—Quality is the best talking point. My choice cigars are quality in 10c cigars.

F. H. SCHNOTER, Mfr., Victoria.

Good Value in Warm Underwear

We have this season the largest and best stock of Underwear that it has been our pleasure to show, and you will find our cash prices the lowest. Note the following:

WATSON'S SHRUNK UNDERWEAR, for Women and Children, from 25c to \$1.50 per garment.

COMBINATIONS, from 75c to \$2.50 each.

PENMAN'S NATURAL WOOL VESTS AND DRAWERS, at \$1.25.

PENMAN'S CASHMERE HOSE from 25c to 60c per pair.

G. A. Richardson & Co.

VICTORIA HOUSE,

636 Yates St.

THE "UNDERWOOD" TYPEWRITER

See it with the others. Before buying a poor imitation, investigate the "Underwood." You will save money by so doing.

BAXTER & JOHNSON

809 Government. Phone 730

150 "Underwoods" in use here.

The Exchange

Furniture and Book Store is at

718 Fort St.

Where we shall be happy to meet old and new friends during 1910

JOHN T. DEAVILLE, Prop.

Xmas Novelties

IN LADIES' HANDSOME BLOUSES, NECK-WARE, COMBS, ETC., ETC. LADIES' RAINCOATS

All Genuine Old English Goods

THE "BON AMI"

734 YATES STREET. Old Co-Op. Premises. SHELTON & SON, Proprietors.

Just Arrived

The very latest creations in Fancy Collars, Bosoms, Stocks, etc., and without doubt the most up-to-date store in town for Christmas presents at lowest prices.

Mrs. J. E. ELLIOTT

760 YATES STREET. Next door to Carnegie Library. Phone R-1621



The London Bioscope

ANIMATED PICTURES

Bigger and Better than Ever—Two Hours Show for

TEN CENTS

Children's Matinee Saturday, 5 Cents. Next Week Amateur Week.

PANTAGES

WEEK JANUARY 3rd.

ZHARDNA

Danceuse in Spectacular Creations.

THE CHESTERS

Equilibrists and Acrobats.

BURGESS & CO.

Comedy Players.

MISS CORA HALL

Singing Comedienne.

ARTHUR ELWELL

Picture Ballad.

BIOGRAPH.

XMAS GIFTS AT COST PRICE

To clear a quantity of JEWELLERY AND DECORATED CHINA, both ornamental and useful articles. All these goods are good value, and absolutely marked down at cost. Store open every night until 9:30.

A. J. Clyde

68 Johnson St.

The B.C. Trading Co's Old Stand

Advertise in THE COLONIST

"Post" Self-Filling Pen

A pen that has reached the acme of perfection. Plain and in solid silver, others are fancy and covered with chased silver, or with silver and gold bands—

\$3.50, \$5, \$6, \$7.50; up to \$10

No metal parts about them, except the nib and that's 14-k. gold.

REDFERN & SONS

1009 Government St.

Victoria, B. C.

A Gold Watch Free

Our Bicycle Sale has been a success and we are satisfied, but there are a few wheels left, and a Gold Watch will be given free with each.

We have two snaps in new Drop-head Sewing Machines for Christmas

THOS. PLIMLEY

posite Spencer's

1110 Government Street

P.S.—We sell the celebrated Oliver Visible Typewriter, also Mirrosopes.

Sashes Doors and Woodwork of all Kinds	J. A. SAYWARD. LUMBER ROCK BAY VICTORIA, B. C.	Rough and Dressed Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Etc.
----------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------

For Lumber, Sash, Doors, and all kinds of Building Material, go to

The Taylor Mill Co.

Limited Liability.

Mill, Office and Yards: 2110 Government St., P. O. Box 628. Telephone 554

Great Bargain Sale for Christmas

JAPANESE FANCY GOODS

20 to 30 p.c. deductions throughout

The Mikado Bazaar

1404 Government Street - - - - - Cor. Johnson Street.

Heating the Home

The Modern Method

See us about that furnace. Don't let it go any longer. We can give estimates on Hot Water, Steam or Warm Air.

Ask us about heat, that is what we are in business for. Estimates free.

The Colbert Plumbing and Heating Co., Ltd.

Heating Engineers, Etc.

755 Broughton St.

Phone 552. P. O. Box 545

MT. TOLMIE

Sand and Gravel

SCREENED AND GRADED

Lineham Scott Sand & Gravel Co.

The finest material to use for all kinds of concrete and building work

Deliveries made to any part of the city in any quantity.

Get our prices

Office 634 View Street

Phones: Manger's residence, 2193.

Office 664; Pitts L1551

For School Trustee

Ladies and Gentlemen—I beg to offer myself as a candidate for School Trustee at the forthcoming Municipal Elections, and respectfully solicit your vote and influence.

William H. P. Sweeney

FOR SALE CHEAP

Sprague Motor

3 H. P. Direct Current.

230 Volts, 11.5 amp.

With Starting Box. All complete and good as new.

The Colonist

For a Snap in

NEW BOILERS

72 in. x 16 ft.

125 lbs. steam.

66 in. x 16 ft.

125 lbs. steam.

APPLY

Victoria Machine Depot Co

Calendars

We have a few of our 1910 Calendars left. If we have overlooked any of our customers in distributing them we will be pleased to put one aside for you. Kindly let us know. Phone 448.

A. POOL

Grocery

623 Yates Street. Phone 448.

Gin in Moderation Will Save You Many a Doctor's Bill

Most folks know that there is a great medicinal value in good Gin. At this season of the year when there are damp, penetrating fogs, many wise people drink Gin every evening upon retiring. It keeps them well,—keeps the kidneys in good, working order, keeps rheumatism and neuralgia away. Any doctor will tell you this. He will tell you that if the kidneys are working right, the heart is almost sure to be beating steadily as it should be.

At this store we have constantly a full stock of the best and purest brands of Gin

Capital City Wine Store

1327 Douglas St., Cor. Johnson. Tel. 1974



\$2.50 each

NO GRINDING NO HONING

No Smarting After Shaving

Buy a "CARBO-MAGNETIC" Razor, shave with it thirty days, then, if you would rather have your money back than the razor, we will refund it.

The Hickman Tye Hardware Co., Ltd.

Phone 59 Victoria, B. C. Agents. 544-546 Yates St.

For the New Year

Scotch Shortbreads, made specially for presentation to your friends, with appropriate New Year's Mottos to order.

PLUM PUDDINGS, NEW YEAR'S FRUIT CAKE, PASTRIES, JELLIES, & CREAM DISHES

Also a special consignment of the very highest quality Biscuits for Receiving Days.

A late consignment of Tree Ornaments and Tinsels, including beautifully colored Globes and Bells, etc., suitable for school treats, and house parties.

CLAY'S

Tea Rooms Tel. 101

DOUGLAS STREET

Fine Corner, Improved, close to new Tramway Terminus.

\$12,500

On Terms.

Heisterman, Forman and Company

1207 Government St.

Phone 55

The New Turban Pad

MRS. KOSCHE'S HAIRDRESSING PARLORS

Phone 1175, 1195 Douglas St.

Special value in Ladies' Hosiery: Fine black cashmere hose, plain or ribbed, special value 25c a pair. Robinson's Cash Store, 642 Yates St.

Advertise in THE COLONIST

PHONE 77

LEMON GONNASSON & CO.

DOORS, SASH AND WOOD FINISH OF EVERY VARIETY

Rough and dressed lumber, lath and shingles; also a large stock of Australian mahogany and Eastern birch flooring.

THE CAPITAL PLANING MILLS

Corner Government and Orchard Streets

P.O. BOX 363

COLONIST WANT ADS BRING RESULTS

NEWS OF THE CITY

Friendly Help Association.

The Friendly Help association will hold its regular meeting in the Market hall this morning at 11 o'clock.

Will Erect Dwelling.

A building permit was issued yesterday by the building inspector to Thomas Brooks who will erect a dwelling on Adelaide street to cost \$600.

The Case of the Francis Cutting.

In admiralty court chambers, before Mr. Justice Martin, yesterday morning, an application on behalf of the crown for leave to sell in the case of the Francis Cutting, was granted. The case is one which came from Vancouver and has to do with a claim filed against the craft named.

Hobos Sent Back.

J. Crawford, W. Fogg and Thomas Parker, three specimens of the genus Hobo, and but recent arrivals from the other side, were deported to Seattle last evening following their arrest yesterday on a charge of vagrancy. Since their arrival here they have carefully eschewed work and endeavored to secure a living by begging.

Mr. Oliver's Meeting.

Mr. W. E. Oliver, candidate for the office of mayor at the coming municipal elections, will take the opportunity of addressing the electors in the Trades and Labor hall, 1406 Douglas street (over Porter's butcher shop) on Wednesday, January 5th, at 8 o'clock, p.m. Mr. Oliver wishes specially to meet the members of the Trades and Labor organizations so as to hear their views and discuss them. Mr. Oliver also extends an invitation to any of the other candidates to be present and to take part in the meeting.

Adams Non-committal.

Arthur L. Adams, the city's water expert, has not as yet made any reply to the city's declaration that he should come to Victoria to investigate the defects of the Smith's Hill reservoir and make a report on the best method of remedying these defects. The city has informed Mr. Adams that if he comes to Victoria he must do so at his own expense. A communication has been received from Mr. Adams which contains nothing further than what was said in his previous communication, but he fails to state whether he will agree to the city's terms and come to Victoria or, if he decides to come, when he will do so.

Month's Police Grist.

A total of 170 cases were handled in the local police court during the month of December. Of these 83 were arrests, 18 summons cases, one of unsound mind and 68 in for safe keeping. The convictions numbered 88 and there were 13 prisoners discharged. The offences for which the prisoners were tried were: Assault, 7; assaulting police, 1; breaking and entering, 8; offences against the city bylaws, 6; drunks, 32; fighting, 6; frequenting bawdy house, 1; offences against the Liquor Traffic Regulation Act, 1; neglecting to provide for family, 1; obscene language, 3; stealing, 6; unsound mind, 1; safekeeping, 68; threatening language, 1; vagrancy, 8. The patrol wagon made 110 runs.

A Severe Test.

The Pemberton block, now in process of construction, is being subjected to a most severe test. A pile of sand standing six feet in height has been deposited on one of the floors. It is estimated that this material weighs 90 pounds a cubic foot, which is the equivalent in its pressure on the structure, to 540 pounds the square foot. The building has stood the test splendidly, giving no more indication of the load it is bearing than is shown by the weight of a human being. Naturally Contractor Mesher feels highly elated. He says that the work is being rushed to completion as fast as circumstances permit and that the building will be ready for occupancy some time early this summer.

G. T. P. Wharfage Plans.

J. H. Bacon, the Grand Trunk Pacific engineer at Prince Rupert, is expected in the city within the next few days and will go into the Victoria harbor wharfage plans of the railway company with G. A. Keefe, the provincial public works department engineer. The G. T. P. proposes modifying its first plans which provided for a wharf running out several hundred feet into the harbor and thus obstructing the waterway. It is understood that when Mr. Bacon arrives he will confer with representatives of the G. T. P., the Victoria Dock company and the Inner Harbor association, all of which bodies have lodged complaints against the plans as at first issued. Mr. Keefe will report to the government with a view to the latter acting towards a settlement.

More Hotel Accommodation.

In preparation for the summer's tourist travel the Victoria syndicate which has purchased from Ernest Price the Cowichan lake hotel, has arranged to double the accommodation of that house. Plans have been drafted and approved for sixteen additional rooms and for the enlargement of the material extent of the dining room. Those concerned are confident that the reputation the lake has as a fishing resort will bring many more disciples of Isaac Walton to the resort this year than ever before. In fact they feel assured that from the opening of the fishing season through to the end of the hunting the hotel will be crowded to its capacity. Not only that but they think that Cowichan is going to become one of the most popular summer resorts of the island within a comparatively short time and so they are making the preparations necessary for caring for all their visitors.

Candidate in Ward One.

W. N. Mitchell, 242 George Road has responded to the solicitations of his friends and has consented to stand as a candidate for alderman in Ward I at the municipal elections. Mr. Mitchell has been a resident of this city for the past four years and has shown his faith in Victoria by investing heavily in Victoria real estate. He came originally from Moose Jaw, where he amassed a fortune in the retail haberdashery business and in real estate. He served as alderman for one term in the prairie city and was a member of the parks board for several years during which time in the face of much opposition he carried out a constructive programme which has resulted in making Moose Jaw one of the prettiest towns in the middle west. He holds strong views upon the necessity for beautifying Victoria. He expresses his conviction that Victorians have not been getting a hundred cents worth of value for every dollar spent.

Schools Open

The public schools and high schools resumed classes yesterday after the ten days' Christmas vacation.

Stewart Property Sold

Part of the townsite of Stewart, Portland canal, has been sold by A. W. LeSueur of this city. The purchase price was \$15,000.

Ladies' Guild to Meet.

The Ladies' Guild of the Seamen's Institute will meet this morning at the institute room on Bastion square, for important business. A full attendance is requested.

Ladies' Guild to Meet.

The Ladies' Guild of the Seamen's Institute will hold an important meeting this morning at 11 a.m. in the institute room. All members are urged to be present. A full attendance is requested.

Belleville Street Lighting.

The question of whether the Provincial Government will contribute \$500 towards the cost of lighting Belleville Street under the new scheme adopted by the council will be decided today when Alderman Bishop and the public works engineer will discuss the matter.

New Building Bylaw.

The new building bylaw which has been under consideration for the past six months is now ready and as it is a voluminous affair, some eighty or more typewritten pages, the present council does not feel equal to the task of passing it. The bylaw will be referred to the incoming council.

Mr. T. S. Gore Retires

Mr. T. S. Gore has retired from the firm of Gore & McGregor, bail savers. The latter which was founded by the retiring partner, will be continued under the same firm name. Mr. C. H. Topp, late city engineer, is now associated with Mr. McGregor in the business.

Evangelists Coming

Gale and Collinson, the evangelists, will conduct services in this city for the first week commencing January 16, under the auspices of the Metropolitan Methodist and First Presbyterian churches. The first week's services will be held in the former church the second week in the latter. They are at present conducting a series of services in Vancouver.

After the Grub

It was a determined raid which Frank Fuller, an old time acquaintance of the police, made upon the larder of the sealing schooner Peschawa on Sunday and five hams, a like number of sides of bacon and other edibles induced him to invite a number of his friends to a feast. A spread was prepared. The news leaked out and Fuller was subsequently arrested. He will come up for trial this morning.

Painters Elect Officers.

Local Union No. 5, Painters and Decorators of America held their semi-annual election of officers last evening. The results were as follows: President, Frank Perrott; vice president, Albert Stewart; recording secretary, E. Gilligan; financial secretary, William Clark; treasurer, John Creed; conductor, J. Wallace; Warden, R. F. Ely. The annual reports of the financial secretary and treasurer showed a condition both as regards membership and finances.

Give Recital at Dominion.

A unique musical treat was last evening rendered at the Dominion hotel to the numerous guests by Messrs. Joseph Distaff, R. Kenya and G. G. Gause, three travelling musicians hailing from Paris, France. The music last evening by such experts was indeed a treat to the music lovers who were fortunate enough to hear these talented Frenchmen. The instruments, three in number are improvements of the banjo, guitar and bass cello. The travellers left the city again last night for Vancouver.

The Week of Prayer

The meetings of the Week of Prayer commenced yesterday. The opening meeting in the Y. W. C. A. was conducted by Rev. Dr. Reid, and the evening meeting in the schoolroom of the Church of Our Lord, by Rev. Thos. W. Gladstone. An address was given at the latter by Rev. Jos. McCoy, the president of the Ministerial association for 1909. The special theme for the week was "Humiliation, Confession and Thanksgiving." For today the subject is "Triumphs, Opportunities and Future Testimonies." Rev. A. N. Miller will conduct the afternoon meeting in the Y. W. C. A. and Rev. A. E. Robertson will conduct the evening meeting in the Church of Our Lord, with a brief address by Rev. W. Stevenson.

Crushed Rock Supply.

Prior to last night's meeting of the city council a short session of the streets committee was held when a number of purely routine matters were considered. City Engineer Topp reported that the Victoria Contracting company which has the contract to supply the crushed rock to the city to the amount of 50,000 cubic yards with the privilege to the city to call for 150,000 yards, is willing, if the city will agree to take the extra amount, to install a large crusher at Albert Road where the supply is being secured. The matter will go to the incoming council. There will be no meeting of the committee this week on Friday night but a short session will be held prior to next Monday night's meeting of the council the last to be held by the present body.

Entertained Employees.

The employees of the Standard Laundry Co. were entertained last evening by their employers, H. R. Savage and P. McDermott, at the Poodle Dog restaurant last evening. After an excellent repast had been enjoyed Mr. McDermott, who presided, delivered a brief address, at the conclusion of which he called on one of the thirty-seven or more, present, for a vocal selection. This was but the beginning of an impromptu programme that provided several hours of genuine entertainment. Among those who contributed were Miss G. G. Gause, Messrs. Peterson and Hall, E. Johnson, in behalf of the guests, presented Messrs. Savage and McDermott with a handsome smoking set, and in doing so remarked that he was but voicing the sentiment of the ladies and gentlemen he represented in saying that they appreciated the efforts exerted to make their relationship with the firm pleasant. Both the recipients responded suitably. B. Bantly presided at the piano.

Monkey Brand Soap removes all stains, dirt or tarnish—but won't wash clothes.

CONCERT PROVES GREAT SUCCESS

Fifth Regiment Band Heard in Victoria Theatre by Large Audience

The Fifth Regiment band reorganized which gave its initial concert at the Victoria theatre Sunday night was given an enthusiastic reception. The theatre was packed from pit to dome and over two hundred who sought admission could not be seated. The concert was a most creditable one, the band showing to great advantage, and each number on the programme was encores. Although he has had charge of the Fifth Regiment band for but two months, and during half this time he was confined to his bed by illness Bandmaster Rogers has already brought the band to a high state of efficiency and with greater practice it will rank high among the bands of the northwest. Those who were fortunate enough to attend the opening concert given at the Victoria theatre on Sunday night were given a musical treat.

The band was assisted by Mrs. Harry Pooley, whose solo, "Less Than the Dust," by Amy Woodsford Linden, was excellently rendered, and Mrs. Harry Briggs, who sang Macanini's "Ave Marie," with violin obligato by Mr. Benedict Bantley. Mrs. Hermann Robertson accompanied the singers. Both solos were loudly encores.

The concert netted the band \$50, this being the amount of the collection given by the audience, and after the expenses have been paid the balance will be devoted to the purchase of new music, etc. The next concert to be given at the Victoria theatre by the band will take place in two weeks' time.

IMPRESSIVE SERVICES AT PEMBERTON CHAPEL

Bishop Perrin Delivers New Year Sermon in Beautiful Building.

The opening services at the new and beautiful Pemberton chapel, donated by Mrs. J. D. Pemberton to the Royal Jubilee hospital, were of a keenly interesting and impressive character. The services were held on Sunday at 8 a.m. and at 3 p.m. The Right Rev. Bishop Perrin took both services and delivered an inspiring sermon on the New Year. The attendance was smaller than would have been expected considering the beauty of the chapel, and the attractiveness of the services, each of which were finished in less than an hour. At the afternoon services more than 100 nurses connected with the hospital were present. The chapel is one which should specially appeal to them, and it is hoped that the board of directors will so arrange the times during which the nurses are on duty that they will be able to attend the short divine services.

When the chapel and the nature of the Sunday services held there become more widely known they are certain to attract large congregations, both from the personnel of the hospital staff as well as from the residents in the immediate neighborhood, while the beauty of the building alone should be sufficient incentive to lead to patrons in other parts of the city to attend.

The nature of the week end weather had a harmful effect on many of the patients at the Royal Jubilee, who as a consequence were unable to attend the services held yesterday.

AMUSEMENTS

"Father and the Boys."

"Father and the Boys" is a play which is meant to be funny and is funny. There may be a moral in it, but it would be hard to discover. It is wholesome throughout and being by George Ade is a triumph of the American "language." Needless to say Mr. W. H. Crane gets all the fun out of the lines and the situations. While it is distinctly a "one man play," the support was very good.

Animated Pictures.

At the Victoria theatre this evening the management will continue the animated picture shows, which they were forced to close down three weeks ago on account of the poor films that were being received from the distributing agents. Since the shows were discontinued arrangements have been made with another firm to supply films and from the list that has been received it is confidently expected that Mr. Debut will be able to fulfill his promise to his patrons that only the best obtainable would be shown. Among the films that have been secured are "A series of views of the famous Yosemite valley," "The arrival of the pay car," "Dora," "The explanation," "Maud Muller," "Peggy Passes" and "How Pinky Batted In." Included in the programme will be two illustrated songs entitled "Everyday" and "Be Jolly Molly." In connection with these illustrated songs the management will introduce to the patrons of the Victoria theatre as an illustrated song singer, Miss Switzer, a popular Victoria vocalist, who has on several occasions taken part in amateur performances with great credit to herself. The show will commence at 8 o'clock.

Pantages Theatre.

With a great electrical projecting machine on all sides and beneath the stage, the Pantages Theatre is presenting a very difficult feat and display the science of physical culture carried to the highest degree. The Burroughs company of four people close the show except the moving pictures with a very laughable domestic comedy play called "A Lesson in Whist," and the double series of motion pictures are the interesting "Cora." Hall did not arrive for last night's performance but is expected today.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

On Friday evening, at the manse, the Rev. Dr. Campbell celebrated the marriage of Joseph Albert Buckler and Catharine McIntosh, third daughter of John McKenzie, of Tongue, Sutherlandshire, Scotland. The bridegroom was supported by Norman P. McDonald, and the bridesmaid was Katie Peterson. The bride has been in Victoria two years and has a brother who is an extensive farmer near Ottawa. Mr. and Mrs. Buckler will reside at 1727 Lee street of this city.

Miss Edith Hall who for the past week has been the guest of the Misses Bakers of Johnson street returned to her home in the Terminal city on the Princess Victoria last night.

Start the Year Right With Good Tools

Use Disston's because they are the best you can purchase. They will save you money, time and trouble.

Disston's D. 8 Saws No. 12 and No. 7

Are the standard in either Panel, Rip or Hand Saws. We have them. You need them. Everything else you need here in the line of Tools.

DRAKE HARDWARE CO.

608 Yates St.

Cor. Government St.

Don't Forget it Is 1910

OR THAT

COPAS & YOUNG

THE ANTI-COMBINE GROCERS

Are still doing business at the corner of Fort and Broad streets. Do business with boosters of Free Trade in food supplies

C. & Y. INDEPENDENT CREAMERY BUTTER, 3 lbs. for \$1.00
ONTARIO FRESH TESTED EGGS, per dozen 35c
STRICTLY FRESH EGGS, per dozen 50c
CALGARY RISING SUN BREAD FLOUR, per sack \$1.75
NICE NAVEL ORANGES, per dozen, 25c and 15c
NORTHERN SPY APPLES, four pounds for 25c
GOOD COOKING APPLES, five pounds for 25c
ANTI-COMBINE ESSENCES—2-oz. bottle, 20c; 4-oz. bottle, 35c; 8-oz. bottle 50c
ST. CHARLES CREAM, 2 large cans for 25c
NICE ONTARIO CHEESE, per pound 20c
McLAREN'S CHEESE, per jar, 50c and 25c
CREMO, nice for breakfast, 10-lb. sack 45c
CORNMEAL, 10-lb. sack 35c
NICE RED SALMON, 2 tins for 25c
NICE EVAPORATED PRUNES, 5 lbs. for 25c
TETLEY'S LOOSE TEA, four pounds for \$1.00
ANTI-COMBINE TEA, in lead packets, the best tea ever offered at the price, 3 pounds for \$2.00
GOOD COOKING BUTTER, per pound 25c

Patronize the Store That Saves You Money

COPAS & YOUNG

ANTI-COMBINE GROCERS
Corner Fort and Broad Streets

Phones 94 and 95.

Phones 94 and 95

NEW JANUARY

Columbia Records

Just arrived the new 1910 Disc and Cylinder Records. We cordially invite you to come in and hear them—the best yet.

Ask for Free Catalogue

FLETCHER BROS.

Sole Agents for Columbia
Graphophones and Columbia Supplies

IN SICKNESS

It is very important that the medicine you use should be free from all adulteration, absolutely pure and carefully compounded. OUR DRUGS ARE ALL PURE. Each and every prescription brought to us is compounded with the utmost care and skill.

All Sick Room Requisites
Priced Low as Possible

HALL'S CENTRAL DRUG STORE

Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.
Telephone 26.



does what other soaps cannot do—disinfects; destroys germ life; prevents skin disease—as perfectly as it cleanses. Its rich, creamy, snow-white lather relieves irritations and does the skin good. You will like Lifebuoy Soap for the best once you employ it for your toilet, bath or shampoo. No other soap vies with it.

5 CENTS
At Your Grocer's
LEVER BROTHERS Ltd.
TORONTO

NOTICE

The second annual meeting of the Pacific Tin Mining and Smelting Company, Limited, will be held at the Company's Office, 22 Board of Trade Building, Victoria, B.C., on Friday, January the 21st, 1910, at 8 p.m., to receive reports, elect directors, and such other business as may be properly brought before the meeting.

By order of the board,
R. D. MACLACHLAN,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Advertise in THE COLONIST



HONORS WON BY LOCAL RUNNERS

N. S. Day Won Three Mile Race and P. Beasley Second in Mile Event

VICTORIA YOUTHS RUN IN VANCOUVER

Carry Off Prizes in Races for Lads Under 18 and Under 16 Years

Two youthful Victorians, N. S. Day and Percy Beasley, stepped off the Vancouver boat yesterday and were greeted by a number of High School students most enthusiastically. The reason for the demonstration was the showing made by the two youths in the long distance races that took place at the Terminal City on New Year's Day, Day taking the first place in the three-mile run for boys under 18 years of age while Beasley was second in the one-mile contest for lads within the 16-year mark. Both of the Islanders entered as representatives of the college they are attending and so their success was of particular interest to their fellow students and a deputation awaited their return to extend them a fitting reception.

In the event which was won by Day there were 10 competitors. The course was through the heart of the city for a time and those running were forced to dodge cars and vehicles. Naturally the more judgment displayed in this evading the traffic the better time made by the individual. Day proved equal to every contingency. He had

the endurance and the speed, and kept his head throughout the test, with the result that throughout he was among the leaders.

Won by Sprint.
His only serious rival was White, of New Westminster. Day and White haunted each other until the goal was near and then the Victorians showed that his preparations for the struggle had been thorough. He possessed the reserve which the other lacked and sprinting, was able to finish with at least ten yards to the good. The time was 18.43, but a few seconds lower than the local record.

The aspirants for honors in the event for which Beasley was slated were as many but, in this as well, the Island representative took the lead from the crack of the pistol. For the greater part of the distance he made the pace, Bowes, of Vancouver, being practically the only other one able to keep within speaking distance. The latter, adopting Day's tactics in his contest, sprinted hard when within sight of the wire. Beasley, while he put up a game fight, was unable to hold his man down and lost by a hair's-breadth margin. The time was 6.39.5, four-fifths of a second slower than the White Coast Canadian amateur record for boys of that class.

BOXERS WHO WON ON THE MAINLAND

A summary of the results of the Vancouver Athletic Club's New Year boxing tournament is appended:

Featherweight, 115 pounds, L. Stevens, V.A.C.
Special, 125 pounds, J. Vinson, V.A.C.
Lightweight, 133 pounds, P. Raftery, Special, 145 pounds, W. Bluer, V.A.C.
Heavyweight, W. Weeks, V.A.C.

E. A. C. MEMBERS HONOR SECRETARY

Over one hundred members and friends gathered at the Empress Athletic Club's quarters, Douglas street, last evening, the occasion being one of the first of the season's smokers. Advantage was taken of the occasion to present L. Lucas, the secretary of the organization, with a handsome tea service. H. D. Helmcken, K. C., in behalf of the club, handed Mr. Lucas the token of appreciation of his services since his appointment to the office he has held and continues to hold so satisfactorily.

THORPE'S PALE DRY GINGER ALE



10 for 1 on THORPE'S

BOWLING

Fort Street Alleys now open.
Ten Cents Per Game

Students Couldn't Arrange For Visit to Island—Local Fifteen to Practice

BERKELEY WON'T PLAY IN VICTORIA

The Berkeley University rugby team will not be seen in action in Victoria. It was thought that the southern students would be able to spare sufficient time to cross the gulf to give Islanders an idea of their play in an exhibition against the Victoria fifteen. But A. Arbuckle, secretary of the local club, was unable to make the arrangements and once more the Californians have gone south without recognizing that British Columbia's capital is on the map, much less that she possesses a team that once this season has proven superior to the mainland aggregation which has captured the Keith trophy and the honored title it symbolizes—champions of the Pacific Coast.

That the only way to prove to the Californians that the Victoria team is one well worthy of their mettle—if the explanation of their reluctance to come to the Island is to be found in the belief that it isn't worth their while—is to defeat the champions-elect, is the opinion of members of the home team. With that object in view Captain "Billy" Newcombe has arranged for a series of practices, to be held on Tuesday and Thursday evenings each week at the Horse Show building, exhibition grounds, until the 15th inst, the date of the next McKechnie sup match with Vancouver. The first will take place tonight and the names of those especially requested to attend follow:

NO ALEXANDER CUP RACE THIS SUMMER

VANCOUVER, B.C., Jan. 3.—There will be neither challenger, defender nor any race for the Alexandra international yachting trophy in 1910. According to the conditions of the deed of gift governing the cup, notice of intention to challenge by any yacht club in the association must be in the hands of the cup trustees before the end of the year preceding the race. As the Royal Vancouver Yacht club decided not to build a challenger next year, and none of the other clubs has sent in a challenge, there will be no race for the trophy next July at the big regatta at Victoria. This state of affairs is largely due to the mixup in the rules, none of the clubs or designers on the coast seeming to know just exactly where they are at.

TO WALK ACROSS CONTINENT AGAIN

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Edward Payson Weston, veteran pedestrian, announced today that he will make one more transcontinental walk, and that he will get from ocean to ocean in 100 days.

Weston will start from Los Angeles at 4 o'clock the afternoon of February 1 and will be due in New York May 28. His hike from New York to San Francisco early last summer took him 105 days, but on that journey he encountered a long series of storms and unusually hot weather. If conditions are favorable this spring he is sure that he can cross the United States in 100 days.

The talk of rowing and the preparations for it is everywhere save in Victoria. What is the I.B.A.S. doing? That club has always stood foremost as a supporter of the chief aquatic sport. It's time that it began to assert itself.

Vancouver won the International Y.M.C.A. league basketball match with Seattle at the Terminal city on New Year's Day. It begins to look as though the Victoria Y.M.C.A. is going to have company in its struggle to put Seattle out of the running for the North Pacific championship.

E. G. Prior & Co., Ltd., Lby.

IMPORTERS OF

Bar and Sheet Iron and Steel
Railroad and Contractors
Supplies
Sawmill and Loggers Supplies
General Hardware

Corner Government and Johnson Streets



Grand Shirt Values

Our large stock embraces newest patterns and styles,—each Shirt the acme of comfort:—

MEN'S SHIRTS, special values at \$1.50 \$1.25 and\$1.00
WHITE SHIRTS extra strong cotton \$1.25 \$1.00 and75c
WORKING MEN'S SHIRTS, strong cotton, well made, \$1.25, \$1.00 and75c

W. G. Cameron

The Cash Clothier 581 Johnson St.

DUCK SHOOTING

Enjoy the beginning of the New Year with this excellent sport. See us for good Guns.

Those who wish a day's sport and do not own a Gun can rent a good Hammerless Gun from us.

PHONE 663. J. R. COLLISTER PHONE 663.
Successor to John Barnsley & Co.
Gunsmith, Etc. 1321 Government Street

The Dominion Bank

Paid Up Capital\$ 4,000,000
Reserves 5,400,000
Deposits by Public 44,000,000
Total Assets 59,000,000

Victoria B. C. Branch C. E. THOMAS, Manager
Temporary Premises, Cor. Fort and Broad Sts.

Yokohama Bazaar, 1422 Government Street and Oriental Bazaar, 1320 Douglas Street

The Tombola was drawn on the 27th inst. The winning numbers are as follows. Prizes will be given at the Yokohama Bazaar:

1st prize	5485	16th	122
2nd	1400	17th	2267
3rd	1995	18th	3922
4th	2756	19th	1303
5th	512	20th	2365
6th	2255	21st	16
7th	5405	22nd	480
8th	2672	23rd	2933
9th	326	24th	4380
10th	3449	25th	5478
11th	1679	26th	249
12th	42	27th	176
13th	3159	28th	4990
14th	2263	29th	377
15th	6333	30th	1680

PUBLIC MEETING

A. O. U. W. Hall, Yates Street, on January 4th at 8 p.m.

Alderman Henderson CANDIDATE FOR MAYOR

Will address the electors in the above hall on the issues in the coming contest. Opposing candidates will be given an opportunity to speak.

Everybody Invited—Seats Reserved for Ladies

Northern Crown Bank

ALONE IN HAVING A WESTERN HEAD OFFICE

Authorized Capital\$6,000,000
Paid up Capital\$2,200,000

Head Office—Winnipeg

Money to be valuable must be employed. Idle money is profitable to no one. It is the duty of every right-thinking citizen to place his idle funds where they will profit both himself and his fellow-citizens. The best place for security is in our Savings Bank Department.

We pay interest twice a year.

GODFREY BOOTH, Manager - - - Victoria, B.C.

Men's Fine Clothes

FROM THE HOUSE OF HOBBERLIN

Clothing that is superior in every way. Although the quality is better than other brands, the prices are no higher. They are made on a system which enables the manufacturers to sell them at reasonable prices. They are the best products of the celebrated "House of Hobberlin"—and are recognized to be the best clothes in America. The materials are right, the styles are correct, and the fit is perfect. The prices are

\$20, \$25, \$30 and \$40 Per Suit

Every garment is sold under a positive guarantee of perfect satisfaction, or YOUR MONEY REFUNDED.

Finch & Finch
THE EXCLUSIVE SUIT STORE
1107 GOVERNMENT STREET

DUCK HUNTERS

See our fine line of Decoys, Waterproof Stickers, Hats and Leggings. Also Waterproof Hunting Coats reduced from \$7.00 to \$5.00 and \$14.00 to\$9.50
See our Window for Prices.

PEDEN BROS.

920 Government St. Opposite Weiler's

The Happy Smile He Wears In His Biggest Battles



JACK JOHNSON.

The world's champion heavyweight pugilist, his countenance wreathed in what is termed his fighting grin.

Yates Street!!

90 feet between Blanchard and Quadra, producing about \$1200 per annum, or will subdivide.....

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE
PRICE \$30,000 TERMS

Apply the Owner

A. G. SARGISON

Room 1, Promis Block

Victoria, B.C.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. T. W. Paterson will not receive at Government House until the first Thursday in February—not as stated in Sunday's Colonist.

Andrew Blyth, of Vancouver, is in town.

Miss Goldsmith, of Armstrong, is visiting Victoria friends.

W. D. Morris, of Ottawa, is in the city and is staying at the Driad.

Hon. Justice and Mrs. Gallier are taking up their residence in Victoria.

S. Hadwen, of Duncan, is in the city and is staying at the Empress.

R. W. Coleman went over to Vancouver last night on a business trip.

David Boscowitz left last night on the Princess Victoria for Vancouver.

Charles L. Betterton left last night on a business trip to Los Angeles.

Mr. J. H. Hensworth, from Chemainus, is a visitor in town.

Mr. F. E. Camp, from Revelstoke, is in town on a short visit.

Mr. S. M. Gridley, from Duncan, is spending a short time in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Gordon and child, from Chemainus, are in town on a visit of a few days.

Mrs. Simpson-Hayes, of Winnipeg, is the guest of Mrs. F. Graham Walsh, Barclay street, Vancouver.

Mr. Justice Gallier, of the court of appeals, arrived in the city from Vancouver yesterday.

Miss Dorothy Sweet is spending a few weeks at Ashcroft, as the guest of her friend, Miss Cran.

Hon. Charles E. Semlin and his niece, Miss Lovelace, have returned to Cache Creek.

Henry Crane and family returned yesterday evening from a holiday visit with friends at Hullcar and Enderby.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Lindsay, of Carberry, Man., have arrived on a holiday trip and are staying at the Empress.

Mrs. S. J. Hagan, of Chemainus, is in the city and is staying at the King Edward.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. White, of Watertown, S. D., are in the city and are putting up at the King Edward.

Gerald W. Power returned last night to Vancouver, after spending the New Year with Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Power.

Miss Mollie Field returned to Vancouver, after visiting Mrs. R. A. Power, Gladstone avenue.

Miss Agnes Hansen left last night via the N. P. on an extended visit to Phoenix, Ariz.

Miss Hilda Englehardt left yesterday via the N. P. on her return to Portland, Ore.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Hartley and daughter left last night on a visit to Long Beach, Cal.

W. J. Brandrith, a well-known fruit-grower of Ladner, B. C., is in the city and is staying at the Dominion.

Dr. Ernest Hall went over to Vancouver last night on the Princess Victoria.

Thomas Hooper, architect, left last night for Vancouver on a business trip.

P. A. Landry, P. L. S., left last night via the N. P. on a visit to his home at Moncton, N. B.

W. Taylor left last night via the C. P. R. and the Empress of Britain on a visit to England.

J. Buchanan left last night via the C. P. R. and the Allan liner Mongolian, from St. John, N. B., for the Old Country.

Mr. and Mrs. Morrison, of Ashcroft, and Mr. G. McKay, of the same place, while in the city are staying at the Dominion.

Miss Haigh and Miss Castle, of Regina, and Miss Katherine E. Bassett, of Banff, Alta., are visiting the city.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Cosgrove and wife, of Sicamous, B. C., are in the city for a few days.

Colonel and Mrs. Hedley, of Duncan, are in the city for a few days and are at the Empress.

Mr. L. G. Phillips, of Vancouver, is in the city for the opening session of the new appeal court.

John Hopp, the well-known Canadian mining man of Barkerville, is in the city on a visit and is staying at the Empress.

Mr. J. H. Carson, from Montreal, is a visitor in town and is staying at the Empress.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Thompson, from Tacoma, who spent Christmas and New Year's as the guests of relatives in town, left yesterday on their return home.

Mr. Dick Brooker and J. Fisher returned on the Princess Victoria yesterday afternoon after spending a brief holiday in Seattle.

Mr. McKay, of the Royal hotel, returned back yesterday from a jaunt to the Sound on the Princess Victoria.

Mr. C. Burrows was among the passengers on the Princess Victoria from Seattle yesterday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Morris reached the city yesterday on the steamer Princess Victoria from a visit to the city of Seattle.

The Misses Eva and Anna Reekie, of Vancouver, are spending the holidays in Vancouver, where they are the guests of Mrs. J. Taylor.

Andrew Gray, president of the

Marine Iron Works, left Sunday night for California, for a fortnight's visit to the oil fields.

Her excellency the Countess Grey has issued invitations for the usual skating and tobogganing parties at Rideau hall, on Saturday afternoons in January and February.

Miss Aline Mackay, who has been spending Christmas at Thetis Island, the guest of Mrs. Burchell, returned to town yesterday.

Mr. J. S. McDonald, 1202 Fort street, left on Thursday night for Southern California and Florida, visiting relatives en route and returning to Victoria via C. P. R. about the 1st of March.

R. Marpole, general executive assistant of the C. P. R. for British Columbia, is in the city on business, accompanied by H. J. Cambie, chief engineer.

G. A. Scott left last night via the N. P. for New York whence he will sail on the Atlantic Transport liner Minnewaska on a three months' trip to the Old Country.

Mrs. E. J. Christie, of "Sandalphon," Fort street, who has been spending the last few months in Ashcroft, has returned to Victoria, and will receive on the first Monday of the month as usual.

J. H. Lind, George Kaiser, J. E. McClellan and wife, and E. M. McClellan, all of Moose Jaw, are in the city on a winter's visit and while here are staying at the Dominion.

Rev. Mr. Gifford celebrated the Christmas Day wedding at Kelowna, of Mr. Reginald Thomas and Miss E. A. Ward, the latter formerly of Victoria.

Captain and Mrs. Logan, of Vancouver, have recently returned after a few days' visit in town, guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Forman, Linden Ave.

Mrs. P. de Noe Walker, Dallas Rd., was hostess at a charming tea yesterday afternoon, given in honor of Miss Charlie Blakenore, who is shortly to be married.

Among the passengers on the Princess Victoria for Vancouver last night were Mrs. Rich, Miss Fawcett, Mrs. Roberts, R. H. Ley, Mrs. McKay, W. I. Salisbury, Mrs. M. McDonald, Miss Adams, A. B. Palmer, Miss Mills, E. E. Clement, E. A. Morris, Mrs. Fullerton.

A few of the musical people of Vancouver were invited to Mr. Bethune's studio recently to hear Mr. and Mrs. Shepherd of London, England, who are spending a short time in the city before starting on a concert tour of western Canada.

Miss McCandless was the hostess at a merry dance last week at her home in Burnaby street, Vancouver, given in honor of Miss Starr of Victoria, and Miss Fitzgerald, of Spars, Nevada, who are her guests for the holidays.

Among the visitors from British Columbia who registered their names at the offices of the high commissioner for Canada at London, Eng., recently are the following: A. E. and Mrs. Griffith, Victoria; Mrs. Ligouise, Vancouver; Mrs. F. Gibson, Vancouver; Mrs. E. H. Lucas, Vancouver; S. and Mrs.

Ashcroft, Vancouver; C. and Mrs. Boardman, Vancouver; P. Duncanson, Vancouver; C. J. Everett, Vancouver; W. G. M. Fowler, Vancouver; O. and Mrs. Herman, Vancouver; Mrs. J. Low, Victoria; Miss M. E. Mavins, Vancouver; J. R. Mills, Vancouver; D. F. McIntyre, Victoria; H. Prevost, Vancouver; Mrs. V. Simmons, Victoria; Mr. and Mrs. Townsend, Vancouver.

Mr. E. N. Horsey, one of the G. T. P. engineers, has returned to his residence on the Skeena river, after spending his Christmas holidays in Victoria, at the home of his wife's parents, Mr. and Mrs. McDonald, 1202 Fort street.

A Saskatoon exchange says: "A pretty wedding took place on Wednesday evening, December 8, at 5 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, 435 Avenue P., when Rev. W. W. Abbott united in matrimony Lilly Grace, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. McPhaden, and George Egerton Wilde, both of this city. Miss May Wells acted as bridesmaid, while G. S. Roeder supported the groom. After the ceremony the wedding party, with a few friends, sat down to a dainty tea, the table being prettily decorated with yellow chrysanthemums and ferns. The young couple were recipients of many handsome presents from Victoria, Vancouver, Revelstoke, B. C., and from friends in the city."

Mrs. Carew-Gilson has been spending a few days in Victoria. Other holiday visitors to the Capital have been: Mr. E. T. Frost, Mr. A. J. Beaudette, Mr. Boscowitz, Mr. H. B. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Nielson, Mr. H. J. Haffner, Mr. C. A. Macdonnell, Mr. E. W. Rawson, Mr. W. G. MacKenzie, Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Sinclair, Mr. T. E. Wilson, Mr. Robert Cassidy, Mr. Thomas Jenkins, Mr. J. A. Shand, Miss Lindemann, Mr. A. T. Creighton, Mr. W. G. Evans, Mr. W. C. McIntosh, Mr. A. Jennings, Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Walker, Mr. D. A. Reed, Mr. G. R. Stokes, Mr. H. Haldane, Mr. A. P. Browne, Mrs. Southgate, Mr. George Howe, Mr. H. McCall, Mr. J. H. Haywood, Mr. M. Marchison, Mr. and Mrs. McPherson, Mr. A. J. Hand, Mr. Robert Grey, Mr. Joseph Hedley, Mr. S. G. Fortner, Mr. and Mrs. McMillan, Mr. D. H. Green, Mr. T. E. Johnson, Mr. M. A. Culp, Mr. W. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. H. Offerhaus, Mr. E. M. Davies, Mr. William McNair, Mr. C. R. Steele, Mr. Frank Slater, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Cathers, Mr. J. M. Maclellan, Mr. S. L. Grey, Mr. J. E. Taylor, Mr. Charles Cuthbert, Miss Cuthbert.

Injured by Explosion
PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 2.—At least six men were injured this afternoon by the explosion of an ammonia tank at the warehouse of the Pennsylvania Cold Storage and Market company. The building caught fire, but the flames were extinguished without much damage.

Dr. Cook Still Hopes
NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Wm. L. Cook, brother of Dr. Frederick A. Cook, declared that Mrs. Cook had joined her husband and that he was in communication with them. Mrs. Cook is believed to have the explorer's original records of his North Pole quest in her possession. "Dr. Cook has by no means abandoned his intention to prove conclusively, despite the verdict of the Copenhagen University, that he reached the North Pole," said his brother, "and his detractors will have a pretty bill to pay."

LACK OF SYSTEM
DUE TO COUNCIL

Delay in Completion of Local Improvements Caused by the Council

City Engineer Topp, or rather Mr. Topp since he has officially severed his connection with the corporation, though he is holding down the office until the return to the city of Assistant Engineer Bryson, gave the city council another parting shot last night when, in further support of his claim that lack of system has been the cause of much of the trouble which has arisen in connection with the execution of public works, he submitted a report of the present state of a number of local improvement works which have been started but not completed.

Some time ago Alderman Henderson called attention to the fact that the city is losing a considerable sum of money annually by reason of the fact that certain by-laws under which works have been started as long ago as two years have not yet been closed up. In the meantime the city is paying interest on the money borrowed from the bank and by the present system of grouping a number of local improvement works in one by-law several may be finished and ready to be assessed for but others may be incomplete and until they are finished the by-law cannot be closed and the assessment by-law cannot be passed.

Work Under Way
In consequence of Alderman Henderson's complaint the engineer was instructed to prepare a list of all works under way but not completed.

In submitting this report Mr. Topp points out some of the causes which have delayed several of the by-laws

from being closed up. The work, included in local improvement by-laws, are passed by the council in such a manner that the macadam roadways and permanent walks are hunched together and the consequence has been that the sidewalk work has been carried out in advance of the other work as the work is complete plants for such sidewalk work and material available while on the other hand the macadam roadways have had to lay over for want of sufficient apparatus, etc., and road-making material to carry out that class of work. Mr. Topp states that as the work is complete plants for such sidewalk construction and macadam roadways should be included in separate by-laws and also that the work should be kept in districts as much as possible. Unless this is done no system or economy can be expected in the carrying out of local improvements. In a great many cases the resolutions to undertake works are passed by the council without any consideration of expeditiously carrying out the work and after the reports are laid before the council several works are grouped into by-laws without the engineer's office being consulted as to the adaptability of such works being carried out to the best advantage and in conjunction with one another.

Relative to Mr. Topp's report, Alderman Fullerton stated that the engineer is being petitioned for by Mayor Hall pointed out that while that is so it is the council which passes the by-laws and groups the various works. Alderman Henderson claimed that when he was chairman of the streets committee he always consulted with the engineer.

Mr. Topp's report will be referred to the incoming council.

Ashcroft last week held an exceptionally successful poultry show. Revelstoke, Summerland, Enderby, Salmon Arm and Wadhachin being represented, among other outside towns, by interesting exhibits of quality. Arrangements have been made by the Society with the Northern Okanagan Poultry association, as to dates and reciprocal exhibits, so that in future much larger and better shows will be the rule. Messrs. Koolbeck and Maxwell are the prime movers in the Ashcroft association.

MISSION CLOCKS

\$35 to \$3.50

Take Time by the forelock (as Shakespeare hath it), get one of these handsome Clocks at the commencement of the New Year. The Early English or Mission design goes splendidly with any style of room.

All Splendid Values

W. H. Wilkerson

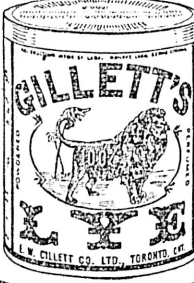
The Jeweler
915 Government Street.
Tel. 1606.

Monkey Brand Soap cleans - froths - utters - suds, steel, iron and tinware - knives and forks, and all kinds of cutlery.

GILLETTE'S

THE Standard Article

Ready for use in any quantity.
Useful for five hundred purposes.
A can equals 20 lbs. SAL SODA.
Use only the Best.



SOLD EVERYWHERE

For Making Soap.
For Softening Water.
For Removing Paint.
For Disinfecting Sinks, Closets, Drains, etc.

LYE

SPECIAL LINES AT SEMI-READY WARDROBE

Fine for Rain or Shine



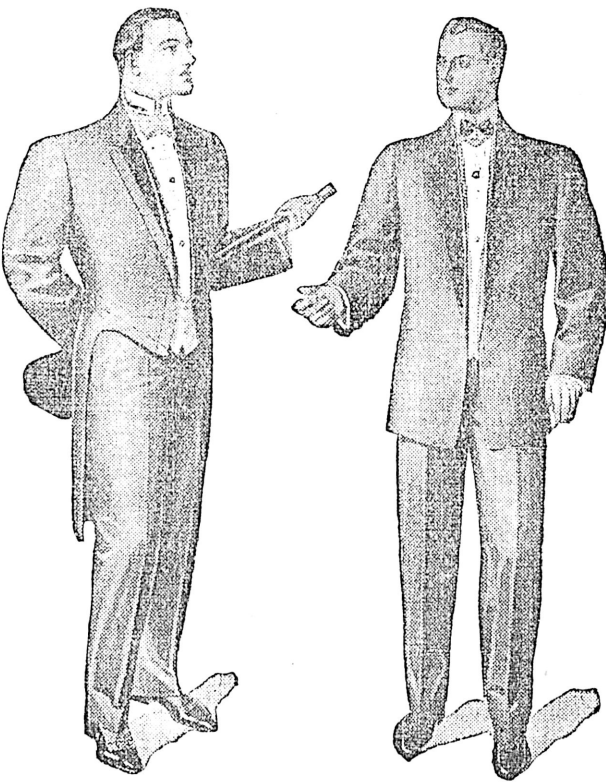
The Semi-ready Raincoat is all that you desire in a perfect top coat for rain or shine. The "Imperva" process improves the cloth, and gives it a good appearance in the fine weather.

We have Semi-ready Raincoats at \$15, \$20 and \$25.

Dressing Gowns, Smoking Jackets Travelling Rugs, DressSuits, Tuxedo Jackets, fine Trousers, Mackintoshes, Raincoats, Fancy Vests, knitted Golf Jackets, English knitted Vests, fine Underwear, Night Robes and Pyjamas Silk Umbrellas (name engraved free), Self-opening Umbrellas, Suit Cases and Bags, Valises and Kit Bags, Silk Handkerchiefs, Silk Mufflers, fancy Suspenders, President Suspenders, fine Hats and Caps, fine imported Neckwear, Pim's Irish Poplin Ties, Suit and Trouser Hangers, Arm Bands, Garters, Stetson Hats, fine Caps, fine Hosiery, Dent's Gloves, Gauntlet Gloves, Motor Gloves, Motor Coats, Motor Scarfs, Leather Cuff Boxes, Leather Collar Boxes, English Gaberdeen Raincoats, Golf Capes, etc., etc.

**WE SPECIALIZE ON
SEMI-READY
CLOTHING**

WHAT'S WHAT IN MEN'S DRESS



The Book of Styles published by the Semi-ready Company tells just when the dress suit should be worn, and why the Tuxedo jacket has gained so many admirers. It tells "what's what" in men's dress on any and every occasion. Altogether, it's a little booklet worth having, aside from the fact that it illustrates by photogravure some 32 models in the Semi-ready stores. There are others. Buying a dress suit for \$25 and delivering it in an hour, is the way of to-day—

Semi-ready Tailoring

Hatters and Clothiers
614 Yates Street, Victoria

B. WILLIAMS & CO.

Exclusive Agents for Semi-Ready Tailoring

P. O. Box 110

VICTORIA REAL ESTATE

A FEW BUSINESS SPECS.

GOOD CORNER, 90ft. x 140ft., already partly business, producing 10 per cent. gross. A bargain at\$9,500
GOVERNMENT STREET, 120ft. x 60ft. Corner. At.....\$20,000
FORT STREET, double frontage, 90ft. x 240ft., improved.....\$10,000
HARBOR WATER FRONTAGE, with about 3 acres land. A bargain.....\$10,000

PANDORA STREET, three-story brick and lot, 50ft. x 120ft.....\$15,000
LANGLEY STREET, two-story and basement brick building.....\$15,000
PANDORA STREET, close to Douglas Street, lot 60 ft. frontage improved.....\$12,000
HUMBOLDT STREET, close to Douglas Street, full-sized lot.....\$12,000

B.C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY

922 Government Street LIMITED

Victoria, B.C.

Fire Insurance Written—Phoenix of London.

Farms—Ask for Printed List

Business Property For Sale

CORNER LOT on Yates street, improved.....\$12,500
2-STORY BRICK BUILDING, close to Government street, producing good rentals. Price.....\$36,500
30 FEET on Government street, improved.....\$61,000
CORMORANT STREET, 2-story brick building, producing \$400 per month.....\$62,500
COURTENAY STREET, 29 feet unimproved.....\$12,000
PANDORA AVENUE, 70 feet frontage.....\$18,500
YATES STREET, 60 x 120, best buy on the street.....\$7,000

SOLE AGENTS.

P. R. BROWN, LIMITED

PHONE 1076.

1130 BROAD STREET.

P. O. Box 428

Inner Harbor Water-frontage

Consisting of two lots with a frontage of about 120 feet on two streets and about 80 feet on waterfront, street cars pass property.

This is a splendid buy at \$7500. Terms arranged.

PEMBERTON & SON

614 FORT STREET

Douglas Street

This is the coming principal thoroughfare from Esquimalt and Victoria West. It is already the main artery for all travel from the Saanich Peninsula and districts north and east of Pandora street.

BUY NOW

We have some of the best speculative propositions on this street. See us at once.

GRANT & LINEHAM

P.O. Box 307

633 YATES STREET

Phone 664

HEAD OFFICES { LINEHAM-SCOTT SAND & GRAVEL CO.
LINEHAM & CO, Jordan River.

AT THE CITY HOTELS

At the Empress—
John Hopp, Barkersville, Geo. E. Howe, New York, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Jefferson, J. H. Beard, Seattle, S. H. Duncanson, W. H. Martin, Vancouver, Dr. A. W. Mosely, Stewart, B. C., E. W. Bowness, Vancouver, H. O. M. Pym, England, Col. and Mrs. Hedley, Duncanson, Chas. Wilson, Thos. Horne, F. L. Gilling, Mrs. Allen Miss Allen, Vancouver, F. R. Inman, Winnipeg, C. E. Inman, Vancouver, G. D. Ford, Winnipeg, J. W. Flanagan, Chicago, A. E. Hepburn, Vancouver, W. G. Harris, Nelson, L. G. McPhillips, J. A. Harvey, Miss Tregent, A. E. Tregent, J. A. Russell, G. H. Knowlton, A. L. P. Hunter, A. M. Whiteside, F. M. Lockhill, B. C. Vaughan, R. W. Brown, H. J. Canfield, R. Marpole, Vancouver, James Anderson, Seattle, J. W. Noy, Vancouver, W. J. Watson, Ladysmith, P. A. St. Julien, Montreal, W. W. Galleher, George T. B. Perry, Vancouver, R. S. Fenzie, Nelson, F. H. Clendenning, Jas. McGowan, E. A. Carew-Gibson, Vancouver, Reginald J. A. Bevan, A. McLellan, Vancouver, G. E. Carbauld, New Westminster, R. H. Lindsay and wife, Carberry, A. T. Creighton, A. H. McNeill, A. Blyth, C. G. Arnold, Vancouver, A. E. Whitmore, Regina, J. A. Whittier, W. J. Blake Wilson, Vancouver, R. Rogers, Toronto.

At the Strand—
L. Wattlett, W. Ethershank, J. E. Elkins, W. Mosely, W. H. Martin, T. J. Stephens, H. H. Malcolm, Vancouver, W. P. McCaffrey, Seattle, A. B. Palmer, R. Balfour, Vancouver, W. D. Morris, Ottawa, W. M. McDonald, C. Cavanagh, Vancouver, F. C. Harris, New Westminster, W. G. Howe, W. Sinclair, C. W. Hagie, G. Smith, John J. Ryan, W. G. Thompson, A. C. Farman, Vancouver.

At the King Edward—
R. A. Ogilvie, E. B. Ross, Vancouver, A. M. Abbey, S. E. Flanders, Vancouver, Mrs. S. J. Hagan, Chemainus, C. H. Oldrig, Duncanson, H. G. Nolan, Chicago, Geo. L. Cross, Stockton, Cal., E. E. Matthews, L. Swenson, Vm. J. Devine, Seattle, W. E. Terry, New York, M. M. Swayne, Philadelphia, C. W. Browne, Portland, Grant Churchill, San Francisco, G. I. Willis, Vancouver, A. K. Stewart, J. W. Crawford, A. Nelson, Vancouver, F. W. White, Mrs. White, W. C. Brown, Watertown, S. D., A. A. Marsten, Mrs. Marsten, Grand Forks, N. D., A. B. Williams, Vancouver, Geo. Knowlin, Winnipeg.

At the Dominion—
W. J. Branduth, Ladner, J. H. Lind, Geo. Kaiser, J. E. McClelland and wife, E. M. McClelland, Moose Jaw, S. Farquharson and wife, Vancouver, R. Saunders, Winnipeg, G. McKay, Mr. and Mrs. Morrison, Ashcroft, J. H. Greer, Vancouver, H. Dupre, New York, C. Emerson, London, Eng., A. Munro, Sidney,

J. C. Findlay, Manitoba, W. J. Fraser, Cumberland, T. Somerville, Duncanson, R. E. Church and family, Seattle, S. P. Fennhart and wife, Salem, Ore., L. H. Congreve and wife, Seaside, B. C., R. N. Wood, Vancouver, Miss Balch, Miss Carter, Regina, Katherine E. Bassett, Banff, Alta., W. J. Graves, Edmonton, A. White, Evansville, D. Barrie, Calgary, A. Jones, Boston, J. McCoy, J. Skinner, Manton, L. E. Stenger and wife, Coeur d'Alene, J. Menzies, Duncanson, H. F. Stannard, Seattle, A. W. Fremont, New York, G. Duncan, Vancouver, C. Chaston and wife, A. M. Muirhead and wife, New York, W. Niblock and wife, Regina, J. A. Probst, New York, G. Leith, Pope, Man., W. Alexander, A. W. Williamson, Alexander, W. Draney, Vancouver, Jack Simonds, Jack Kearns, Thad Packard, New York, H. Samuels, Preston, Man., W. Leek, Vancouver, G. S. Ketchison, J. A. Proudfoot, Hatley, B. C., F. G. Stratton, Vancouver, D. D. Thompson, Regina, R. N. Angus, Master Angus, Wetaskewin, Alta., W. Whyte, Douglas, Man.

At the Brunswick—
Chas. Brown, Shawanigan, G. J. Harvey, Beloraine, Man., J. A. McCarter, Nanaimo, C. H. Mountain, wife and child, T. P. McIntyre, Mrs. Bell, G. Alsop, Vancouver, D. A. Cello, A. S. Fitz, Ladysmith, A. Mattinson, Sidney, R. A. Henderson, wife and two children, Mordun, Man., W. W. Vall, Crawford, N. J., J. H. R. Critchley, Sidney, A. J. Fulton, wife and family, Elva, Man., R. M. Dandy, wife and family, Pierson, Man., Robert How, Lander Island, J. Murray, Cowichan.

Cement Company's Loss
HUDSON, N.Y., Jan. 3.—Fire here today destroyed the big storehouse of the Portland Cement company, causing a loss of about \$80,000. About \$20,000 loss was also caused in the cement mill adjoining. One workman is believed to have been burned to death.

OLD AGE
Comes to Everyone, but Its Visits May Be Postponed.

Old age is not a question of years. Some men are old at forty, others are young at sixty. It's a mighty hard proposition to look young, no matter how young you feel, if your hair is falling out and your head becoming bald. Perhaps you are tired trying ineffectual remedies for this evil. We don't blame you if you are. Why not try an effective one for a change. Newbro's Herpicide kills the Dandruff germ—which is the cause of the whole trouble. "Destroy the cause you remove the effect." Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. One dollar bottles guaranteed. Cyrus H. Bowes, Special Agent, 1228 Government St.

A Good Buy

On Pandora Avenue. Will always be one of the best streets in Victoria. Is now one of the best residential streets in the city. Will be one of the future good business streets.

Values are rapidly increasing. I have a lot 36 x 120 with good 7-room house with brick foundation, in excellent value.

This property will pay good interest at price \$4,500, and lot alone should bring \$7,000 in five years' time.

R. W. Coleman

1230 GOVERNMENT ST.

Government Street

A choice corner lot, with pretty six-room cottage residence, small stable in the rear, full size lot, price only.....\$5,000.00 Ten minutes' walk from the Post Office, close to Cook Street car line, a new seven-room modern bungalow, with full-size concrete basement, furnace, all modern conveniences, good stable, lot 60 x 120. This is one of the cheapest buys on the market at.....\$4,500.00

Richardson Street

Two choice building lots for each.....\$1,500.00 This price will be advanced after the New Year

Yates Street

Close to Government Street, a fine business corner with good brick building; good revenue producer. Very easy terms. Price.....\$36,000.00

F. L. NEALE

ESTATE, INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL AGENT
568 Yates Street Phone 1588

The Best Buy on Fort Street

Seven room house, full size lot, 60x 120 - - - - \$6100

TWO LOTS on Esquimalt Harbor, opposite Bullen's - - - \$1500

Our list of good centre property is getting down. We invite owners to list without delay.

BOND & CLARK, Suite 8, Mahon Block, 1112 Government St.

Representatives for Victoria and District for The Mutual Life Insurance Co., of New York

View Street, Special

Full size lot, 60 x 120, for the low figure of - - - - \$2800

One hundred and fifty feet frontage on Government Street for - \$7000

This is well worth your investigating.

FOR SALE

Assembly Hall Property

with a frontage of 60 feet on Fort and View Streets by 240 feet deep. Building is in first class condition and covers the entire property. Rental will pay good interest on investment.

GILLESPIE & HART

1115 Langley St. (Mahon Building).

Phone 2040

\$2,500—Pembroke street, house of 7 rooms, modern, \$200 cash, balance \$25 a month.
\$2,600—Byron street, Oak Bay, 8 roomed house, all modern, \$500 cash. This is a good buy.
\$3,500—Richmond avenue, house with 7 rooms and full basement, all modern, with gas in the house.
List your property with us, we can sell it.
The North West Real Estate Co.
706 Yates St. Tel. 640.

Monkey Brand Soap removes all staining, dirt or tarnish—but won't wash clothes.

VICTORIA REAL ESTATE

Fort Street

Lot 60x120. Has also frontage on Mears Street. Two storéy building on Fort, cottage on Mears, 31 feet vacant on Fort. This property shows net return of \$740 per year.

Price, Quick Sale, \$14,000

Yates Street

Thirty feet frontage, close to Vancouver Street.

Price \$3700

SOLE AGENTS

Established 1890 **R. S. DAY & B. BOGGS** Telephone 30

620 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

A GOOD BUY

Government and Niagara Street
Corner 104 x 130.8

Large bungalow, all modern conveniences, gas, brick foundation, close to park and on tram line

Price - - - \$5000

Half cash, balance on mortgage.

SWINERTON & MUSGRAVE

1206 Government St.

FOUR GOOD BUYS

HERALD STREET—Two Lots between Government and Douglas, 120 x 120. A snap at\$17,000
YATES STREET—Business Block, four stories brick and basement. Lot 50 x 120. about. A fine income producing proposition\$55,000

JOHNSON STREET—Two story brick building. Corner lot 30 x 60. Fair rentals, can easily be raised. Monthly tenants. Price only\$20,000
FIRST CLASS THREE-STORY OFFICE BUILDING—On corner. Nets over six per cent. No long leases. Price only\$45,000

E. C. B. BAGSHAW & CO.

Phone 2271

1212 Broad Street

TWO GOOD BUYS

Six-roomed, story and a half bungalow with reception hall, just completed, piped for furnace, two toilets and all modern improvements, large lot, good location. Price \$3,700

Business block, 150 x 120, bringing in \$400 per month, close to Douglas Street. This is offered until December 31st for \$65,000

GREEN & BURDICK BROS.

Real Estate, Insurance, Agreements of Sale Bought

Cor. Broughton and Langley Sts.

PHONE 1518

582 Acres

About 1,600,000 feet of good timber, 200 acres of good bottom land, 2 1 2 miles waterfront, Old Crown Grant, situate on Valdez Island, near Nanaimo. Terms. Price \$10 per Acre for quick sale

APPLY TO

Fire Insurance a Specialty.

COLES & ODDY

Fire Insurance a Specialty.

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL AGENTS

P. O. Box 167

1205 Broad Street, Next to Colonist Office

Telephone 65

James Bay Property FOR SALE

A well built cottage of 11 rooms on Michigan avenue, standing in its own grounds of nearly one acre, nicely laid out lawn garden, fruit and shade trees. The rooms are particularly large, bright and airy. Front room 33 x 24, with two bay windows. There are four large bedrooms with open fireplaces. Large kitchen and pantries. This would make an excellent situation for an apartment house, and with the addition of one or two houses, now to be moved from Parliament Square (and which can be bought very reasonably) would make a splendid building for that purpose.

PRICE, \$9,000

WE HAVE a Lot on Pembroke street, full size, a No. 1 buy at\$1,600

Toller & Grubb

1232 Government St.

Five-Roomed House

Containing five rooms, bath, pantry, etc., fronting Burnside Road, close in, with TWO LARGE LOTS. \$500 cash, and balance \$1,500 can be arranged almost on your terms.

Harman & App'eton

618 Yates Street.

Business Property

43 ft. on Yates St.

\$4200

Terms can be arranged. This is the cheapest piece on Yates St. today.

Currie & Power

1214 Douglas St. Tel. 1466

Headquarters for Homes

We have some choice bits of Business Property, some nice Fruit Ranches and some cheap Farm Lands, but our great pleasure is to sell a man A GOOD HOME.

Here is a Sample

Lot 100 by 137 feet, house of 8 rooms, new, modern, well built, full size basement, inside the mile circle, and 5 minutes from Douglas St. Car Line.

Price \$3,825 Terms

THE GRIFFITH CO.

REALTY AND TIMBER

Room 11, Mahon Block

Money to Loan.

Houses to Rent

Insurance—Fire, Life and Accident

GLOBE REALTY CO.

Room 7, Mahon Building Phone 1613

Business Property

HUMBOLDT STREET—Only a couple of minutes from P. O.\$4500

List your Snaps only with us.

ALLEN & SON

Room 6 Adelphi Bldg,

Phone 1650

McPherson & Fullerton Bros.

618 TROUCE AVENUE.

PHONE 1877.

HOTEL PROPERTY, Johnson street, paying good interest on purchase price, including license, new brick building, well built.....\$41,000
BUSINESS PROPERTY, Johnson street, brick block, paying 7 per cent. on purchase price\$36,000
YATES STREET, close to Blanchard, 2 full size lots, \$18,000
YATES STREET, 30 feet frontage, close in.....Bargain
BUSINESS PROPERTY, paying 7 per cent.....\$25,000
CLOSE IN BUSINESS PROPERTY, improved\$31,000
CLOSE IN BUSINESS LOT\$15,500
HERALD STREET, lot\$3,000
NEW BUNGALOW, panelled hall, pressed brick fireplaces, 8 nice rooms with closets off each room. Easy terms. \$4,500
SIX ROOM BUNGALOW, close in, worth \$4500. Owner has left the city and must sell same, will take for same for a few days \$250 cash and \$35.00 per month. Price,\$3,700
SIX ROOM BUNGALOW, McPherson Ave., Victoria West, a good, modern, comfortable home heated with a furnace. Price\$3,700
THE BEST SPECULATION in Victoria is a lot in Hollywood Park, only six lots out of 90 left at \$450 each. Terms, \$50 cash and balance at \$15 per month.

ATTEND MEETING FOR THE C.P.R.

R. Marpole May Be Present When G. T. P. Wharf Plans Are Considered

To attend, in behalf of the C. P. R., a conference between the Board of Trade harbor committee and G. A. Keefe today, at which the plans submitted by the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Co. for inner harbor wharves, will be considered. R. Marpole, vice-president of the E. & N. Railway Co., is in the city. He arrived last evening and is accompanied by A. J. Campbell, chief engineer of the Island road,

who will leave tomorrow on an inspection tour over the line, which will probably extend through to the west coast. While Mr. Marpole was reticent when seen by a Colonist representative he did not deny that the matter referred to was the subject of his present visit. He explained that the Dominion government had commissioned Mr. Keefe to investigate the allegation that the G. T. P. wharves would extend so far from the foreshore as to interfere with navigation and that it might be necessary for him to be present at the meeting referred to in order to make the position of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company clear.

COMMITTEE OF THE ORPHANAGE

(Continued from Page Five)

ornaments; Mrs. M. A. Vigor, 1 sack flour, 3 lbs. nuts, candy; Mrs. Peters, The Barrels, 1 ham; Mrs. Robert Croft, 2 lbs. tea, 2 lbs. arrow root; Mrs. Clemas, Spences Bridge, kerchiefs and hair ribbons; John Bros,

box fancy biscuits, 6 jelly powders; Mrs. G. A. McTavish, large box macaroni; Miss K. Jackson, girl's coat; Mrs. Fairful, Victoria West, clothing; P. Burns & Co., 1 turkey; Mrs. F. Q. Avery, 3 jars of jam, 2 dozen oranges, 2 lbs. candy; Mrs. Dempster, 1 box Jap oranges; Mrs. Green, Gordon Head, clothing; Mrs. Andrews, Pine street, box of Japs; Villa and Howard McLean, 7 boxes fruit and candy; Mr. and Mrs. Glover, picture books, pop corn; Mrs. A. Orlson, piano tuned; Mr. J. Toimie, 5 boxes Japanese oranges; Mr. Holden, box of Japanese oranges; Mrs. Chilton, candy; Mrs. Phillips, candy and nuts; Mrs. C. McGregor, Christmas tree ornaments; First Congregational church Sunday school, 10 lbs. candy; Rev. E. G. Miller, St. Barnabas church Sunday school, milk, cakes, candy, bread, sandwiches, apples and oranges; Christian Aid Society, Duncan; Mr. and Mrs. Whidden, 1 sack potatoes, 1 box celery; 1 box apples, 2 large tins apples, 29 quarts bottled fruit, 16 flannellette petticoats, 10 pairs drawers, 2 long coats, 2 short coats, 1 cap, 1 fur boa, 1 sailor suit, 2 suits underclothing, 2 skirts. Names of donors—Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Milder, Mrs. Truesdale, Mrs. Anderson, Mrs. Grassie, Mrs. Pitt, Mrs. Harris, Mrs. Storey, Mrs. Ventross, Mrs. Todd, Mrs. Castley, Mrs. Griddley, Mrs. Whidden, Mrs. Weismuller, Thelma Jores, box Japanese oranges; Mrs. K. Huckle, nuts, candy, raisins; Mrs. Mustard, picture cards; Miss McIntosh and Miss Andrews, 9 dressed dolls, 3 scrap-books; Centennial Methodist church, five dollars worth of groceries; ladies of the committee, cake; Colonist and Times, daily papers; Mrs. Tuller, Elford street, \$2.00; Miss Sarah Finlayson, \$10; Mrs. Mungle, \$5; Miss Seward, \$5; Mrs. Carney, \$5; Mr. and Mrs. Holson, \$5; Mrs. Dickson, \$1; Mrs. Peter Wilson, \$2; Miss Mona Miller, \$1.50; Mrs. Glover,

cake; parcel from a friend, Cobble Hill.

Convention Successes.

The Old Maids' Convention given by the ladies of the Anglican church was all right. The bachelors all vote it a heart-tickler, and have all pledged

themselves to take an old maid as soon as they can.—Vernon News.

Those Tight Shoes Again.

Mrs. James Caldwell had the misfortune to run a rusty nail through her shoe, which is giving her considerable pain.—Vernon News.

Here's a NEW YEAR'S GIFT For You

In a

Cook Street Bargain

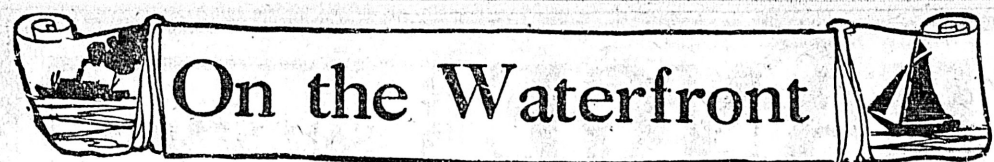
I am authorized to sell 150 feet southeast corner of Cook and Collinson streets, for the sum of

\$5,600

which is very much under the market, for a Cook street corner in this locality should be easily worth \$50 per front foot. \$3,000 cash will be required and the balance in six and twelve months.

W. H. ELLIS

1122 Government Street Upstairs



PESCAWAH OFF TO HUNT SEALS

Busy Time of Her Master in Rounding Up Recalcitrant Crew Yesterday

HUNTER ESCAPED THROUGH WINDOW

While Master Waited His Dressing He Jumped From Window and Took Flight

The sealing schooner Pescawha left yesterday afternoon on a sealing cruise—but not before there had been a busy round-up on a part of the crew which sought to prolong the holiday. The Pescawha was ready to sail southward after the homing seal herds last week, but the effort to get the seal hunters on board before the New Year holiday had passed proved too great and it was decided to wait until yesterday morning, when the Pescawha was to tow out bright and early.

Some few of the crew were on hand when Capt. Balcom came on board yesterday morning, and he immediately got to work to round up the remainder. One by one and two by two the recalcitrant sealers were found some still celebrating the New Year, and they were taken off on board and the sealing schooner towed out into the stream to prevent further escapes. Those who were captured were kept on board the schooner lying off near the harbor mouth and the launch John G. Cox acting as tender brought off the others.

Disregarded Biblical Injunction. Word came that one of the missing hunters was at the Parson's bridge hotel. Capt. Balcom secured an automobile and started there. He clambered in through a bedroom window where the hunter lay asleep and awoke him. "Come on, it's time you were on board," he said as he shook the sleeper.

"Sure," said the sealer, "just wait a moment until I get dressed." The captain waited outside. The wait began to seem long and he went back to investigate, finding that the hunter had fled and climbed out through the window and taken to the woods. There was a little snow on the ground near the hotel and the captain tracked the runaway's footsteps through the snow for a short distance and then both snow and footprints gave out, and the chase was abandoned.

The captain went back to his schooner, and after a hunter who sought to return on shore to buy a mattress had been brought back on board, the schooner went to sea with 26 of the 27 men who had signed as hunters on board. The Pescawha will go south after the seal herds, hunting until spring off the California coast and when the spring season ends on April 30 she will proceed to the sea-otter grounds.

PROTESILAUS COMES IN APRIL NEXT

Schedule of Blue Funnel Liners Shows New Vessel as Leaving Liverpool on February 5th.

The new Blue Funnel liner Protasilus will come to this port on her maiden trip on April 15 next according to the Blue Funnel steamship schedule. The Protasilus will leave Liverpool February 5 for Victoria, and leave Yokohama April 2, arriving here April 15. The British steamer Kingchow, which arrived here December 26, leaves January 26 for Yokohama and Liverpool. The Blue Funnel schedule for the year is as follows: Antiochus arrives January 22, leaves February 23; Tanager arrives February 19, leaves March 23; Titan arrives March 19, leaves April 20; Protasilus arrives April 15, leaves May 18; Kurem arrives May 14, leaves June 15; Edithon arrives July 9, leaves August 10; Kingchow arrives August 6, leaves September 7; Antiochus arrives September 3, leaves October 5. The steamer Chicago, which will join the Osaka Shosen Kaisha line in February and the Panama Maru in July, while the Mexico Maru will not leave on her maiden voyage until January next.

DAMAGE BY GALE ON THE SOUND

Montara and Elwell Broke Moorings and Went Ashore—Schooner Is Wrecked at Point Loma.

While the New Year's gale was not productive of any damage in Victoria, shipping suffered at Seattle and one wreck is reported, that of the three-master schooner Alice McDonald, which was wrecked at Point Loma, California. The schooner, Montara of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company and ship Elwell broke from their moorings at Seattle and went ashore. There was but one man on the Montara, the watchman, who stood on the forecastle with a line ready to throw to any tug which came to the rescue, but no tug came. The Chippewa, lying up in Seattle harbor, was collided with and the Montara scraped along her white sides denting a plate here and there and tearing away part of the rail. The schooner then bumped into the steamer Northwestern and careening on, bumped the Utopia and went on the Heffernan yards where she struck the barkentine Benicia which was lying there awaiting repairs and afterward went ashore.

The Benicia was damaged to the extent of \$8,000. The ship Elwell drove ashore at West Seattle. The launch Colleen, worth \$40,000 fouled the wrecking steamer Santa Cruz, and stove in her stem and stern. Both the

MONTARA AND ELWELL WERE FLOATED YESTERDAY

The schooner Alice McDonald went on the shoals off Point Loma during the New Year's day. The crew was taken off on Sunday. The schooner is broadside on the rocks with high seas breaking over her at a point directly opposite the end of Point Loma, probably a half mile from shore. On either side are the kelp beds, through which a lane will have to be plowed before the revenue cutter Bear, which is standing off to aid her, can get close enough to render any assistance.

The Alice McDonald is a wooden schooner belonging to W. T. Tibbatts of San Francisco. She was bound from Everett, Wash., to San Diego with a cargo of 800,000 feet of lumber for the Russ Lumber company of San Diego. She is of 656 tons capacity, 175 feet long, with a beam of 35 feet and was built in 1889 at Bath, Me.

FREIGHTER TO ENTER LOCAL TRADE

Steamer Neptune Being Lengthened at Seattle and Will Run to B. C. Ports.

The steamer Neptune which has been engaged on the Seattle-Bremerton route is to be seen in two, lengthened 45 feet, and placed in service between Seattle and British Columbia ports.

The freighting business between British Columbia ports, in which a number of small freighters owned here are engaged, is growing considerably, and the Neptune, which has been engaged as a freighter on the Sound for some time, is to be placed in this trade. Additional engine power and cargo space will be given the vessel. Her old engine and boilers have been taken out, and when rebuilt at Seattle will have 200 horse power and drive twin screws. The steamer is now 100 feet long and when seen in two and rebuilt she will have a length of 145 feet. The work of reconstruction is expected to occupy about six weeks.

ALEX WATSON TO BUILD STEAMER

Victoria Expert on Sternwheelers Gets Contract For Vessel for Upper Fraser

Alex. Watson, the well known local builder of sternwheel steamers, has received a contract for the construction of a high-powered and shallow-draught sternwheeler to be used next summer in the interior waterways of British Columbia, to operate between Soda Creek and Port George for the British Columbia Express company. A twelve-week service will be given. The new vessel will cost about \$40,000. Mr. Watson is preparing the plans and patterns for the construction of the new sternwheeler in Victoria and will leave shortly for Soda Creek to begin the construction of the vessel at a point about five miles from Soda Creek. The vessel will be of the usual sternwheeler type, so many of which have been built by Mr. Watson and his father. She will be 125 feet long, 26 beam and when loaded will not draw more than 24 inches of water. The house work will provide good passenger accommodation for 100 passengers and there will be space for forty tons of cargo. The engines will be powerful, providing for a speed of fifteen knots an hour.

It is probable that a second steamer will shortly be commenced. There is, too, talk of another steamer to be constructed here for service on the Skeena river.

SANUKI MARU IS WITHDRAWN

First of the European Liners Transferred Recently Will Not Visit Victoria

Advice has been received by E. R. Stephen, the local agent of the Shimon Yosen Kaisha, that the steamer Sanuki Maru, which was scheduled to leave Yokohama as the first of the European liners transferred to the trans-Pacific line, has been withdrawn, and there will be no sailing until Feb. 15. The Sanuki Maru was to have left Yokohama about January 29 and to have sailed outward bound from this port on February 26th. When the news was received that the steamer would be withdrawn Mr. Standley, agent of the N. Y. K. line at Seattle, called asking if another steamer could be substituted and received a reply that this could not be arranged.

The steamer Shimon Maru, on her last trip, will be the next steamer to reach this port. She left Yokohama Thursday, Jan. 22 and is due here on December 22 and is due here on Thursday. The Shimon Maru has 14 passengers including three Chinese and 304 tons of cargo for Victoria.

The next steamer of the Japanese line to leave Yokohama will be the Ava Maru, scheduled to sail on February 15, leaving Victoria a month later by the Inaba Maru.

CAPT. NEROUTSOS MEETS WITH ACCIDENT

Fell in Post Office and Had His Knee Cap Dislocated for the Second Time.

Capt. Neroutsos of the steamer Princess Royal slipped and fell on the newly-oiled floor of the postoffice building yesterday morning and dislocated his knee cap. He was passing the office of the Dominion Telegraph company when the accident happened and was taken there while Dr. Sattler was sent for. He bound up the injured knee and sent the captain to his home. Capt. Neroutsos had but recently recovered from a similar accident.

MORE TRAWLERS TO BE BROUGHT

Princess Ena Returns From Northern Trip With News of Fishing Developments

The steamer Princess Ena, which returned to Ladysmith on Sunday from Prince Rupert and Pacific, the fishing station of the Pacific Coast Fisheries Company on Solway Inlet, Queen Charlotte Islands, took one of the largest shipments of groceries that has been landed for some time at Prince Rupert. The Princess Ena arrived at the northern port on Christmas Day and landed 1,300 tons of groceries and general supplies. At Pacific she landed 400 tons of cement, machinery, etc., to extend the big plant of the fishing company. It was stated by those at Pacific that the Pacific Fisheries Company will bring out two or more steam trawlers from Great Britain to operate them in northern waters with the company's steamer Kingsway to bring fish to the plant erected at Solway Inlet.

The Princess Ena is coaling at Ladysmith. It is expected the steamer will leave here shortly for Los Angeles with a cargo of fertilizer on account of the Pacific Whaling Company.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE CHARTER MARKET

Withdrawal of Minimum Grain Rates Has Little Effect on the Freight Market

The withdrawal of the union minimum on grain freight, Pacific Coast loading, has had little effect on the market, the demand having ceased for the time being. The last charter was a barley vessel for San Francisco loading at 15s. 6d. Northern exporters have ceased their inquiries for both steam and sail tonnage.

Lumber chartering has been quiet, with rates still quoted very weak. There is little demand from any section, and there will be little for some weeks at least. Portland to China for a large carrier has been done at £225 on gross register, which is considered a very cheap figure. To the West Coast not over 73s. 6d@38s. 9d is bid. Coastwise freights remain steady at former prices.

Offshore lumber rates are quoted as follows: Lumber from Puget Sound or British Columbia to Sydney, 30s@31s 3d; to Melbourne or Adelaide, 32s 6d; Port Pirie, 33s 9d@35s to Fremantle, 35s@37s 6d; to China ports (steam) £225 on gross register; Calcutta, 38s 9d@40s; Singapore, 38s 9d@40s; Valparaiso, for orders, 38s 9d@42s 6d, with 2 s 6d less to direct port; to South Africa ports, 50s@55s; to U. K. or Continent, 52s 6d@55s; Guaymas, \$5; Mazatlan, \$5@55; Santa Rosalia, \$6; Honolulu, \$5. A twice-a-week service will be given to trade from Siberia on a firmer basis, business being done at 27s 6d to 31s 3d. Australian wheat freights very steady at 26s to 27s, new season. Nitrate freights firmer under a better demand.

JOSHUA GREEN IN NEW RATE WAR

Is Involved in Fight on Local Run From Seattle Which Promises to Be Interesting.

The Puget Sound Navigation company, which will be remembered for its long-continued rate-war with the C. P. R. in the Puget Sound trade, has another fierce rate-war on its hands. The company, headed by Joshua Green, is engaged in a fight with the Kitsap Transportation company on the Seattle-Poulsbo route. The latter company was operating the steamers, Kitsap and Reliance on this run until Joshua Green entered the field six weeks ago with the steamer Inland Flyer making a cut in rates. W. L. Gazzam, head of the Kitsap, company intends to fight. Green, meanwhile, lets it be known he is on the route to stay and is building a wharf at Poulsbo. Gazzam has started east to raise funds. He spent New Year's day in San Francisco, and it is stated in Seattle that he was there to make arrangements to continue the fight against Green. The Hatch brothers, who operate a line of steamers to the Maro Island navy yard, are building a new 240-foot steamer, and it is argued that at its completion next spring they will have small need of the Arrow, well known on the Sound, and the Gen. Frisbie, both owned by them. According to a well-informed steamship man, the Hatch brothers in the Sound business, operating these two boats on the Bellingham run as a retaliatory measure against Green.

ENLARGING SCOPE OF MARINE SCHOOL

Victoria Nautical and Engineering School Will Now Give Tuition in Engineering.

The Victoria Nautical school has enlarged its scope, taking in the instruction of marine engineers in addition to the tuition in navigation, etc., and the name has been changed to the Victoria Nautical and Engineering school.

Since the establishment of this school Captains James and Jarvis have been kept busy preparing various candidates for examinations in navigation, adjusting compasses, and in other branches of their work, which is a valuable addition to the port. Captain James is qualified to instruct marine engineering in addition to navigation. Not only has he an engineer's ticket but also of a chief engineer. He has much ingenuity in marine engineering and his office is one of the smallest complete engines in existence. The engine, which he proposes to place in a canoe, stands but nine inches in height, but it is complete with fire pipes, condenser and all else, made in the smallest possible compass. He made the engine while on a voyage on board a sailing ship, his lathe being manufactured from a discarded sewing machine.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

By Government Wireless.
Cape Lazo, 8 a.m.—Cloudy, calm. Bar. 30.20, temp. 29. Sea smooth. Spoke Yucatan, southbound, at 10.50 p.m. of Cape Lazo, regarding bay, ing passed St. Denis, southbound, at 1 p.m., ten miles west of Kelp Point. Johnson Strait, met Beatrice, northbound, off Adams River bluff, 3.15 p.m.; Jefferson, northbound, off Cape Lazo, 5.30 p.m.; Point Grey, 8 a.m.—Cloudy, calm. Bar. 30.21, temp. 29. Thick, seaward.
Tatoosh, 8 a.m.—Light snow, wind south, 5 miles. Bar. 30.30, temp. 34. Sea smooth. Fog, 6.30 p.m.; vessel towing, 6.30 a.m.; the steamer Hermione, 7.20 p.m.
Fachena, 8 a.m.—Overcast, calm. Bar. 30.18, temp. 33. Sea smooth. Estevan, 8 a.m.—Clear, northwest wind, 34, temp. 35.
Tatoosh, noon—Clear, southeast wind, 4 miles. Bar. 30.34, temp. 40. Sea smooth. Fast In, schooner. Alex. T. Brown, towing, at 10.40.
Fachena, noon—Clear, wind south, 4 miles. Bar. 30.34, temp. 40. Sea smooth. Small two-masted steamer black funnel, with red and white bands, westbound, at 9.10 a.m. They left Sechart, westbound, 11.35 a.m.
Cape Lazo, noon—Cloudy, calm. Bar. 30.25, temp. 32.
Point Grey, noon—Cloudy, calm. Bar. 30.26, temp. 30. Out, steamer, resembling Kestrel, 12.10 p.m.

CLEVELAND ON WAY WITH TOURISTS

Big German Liner Carrying 500 Excursionists on Round-the-World Trip.

Some time in February or early in March the big 9,000-ton German tourist steamer Cleveland will arrive at San Francisco with 500 passengers, en route from New York on a pleasure tour of the world. This will be the first tourist excursion of its kind to come to the Pacific coast and, according to officials of the Kosmos line, representatives of the steamer, the excursion will probably be repeated next year.

The Cleveland left New York October 16, arrived at Madeira on the 24th, at Naples the 29th, Bombay November 14, Colombo the 21st, Calcutta the 27th, Bangkok December 4, Singapore the 10th, Batavia the 12th, Laban the 16th and Manila the 19th. From Manila the vessel goes to several ports in China and Japan and then starts on her long voyage across the Pacific, stopping for a short time at Honolulu. The provisioning of the Cleveland for the long voyage back to New York by way of Mexico, Central and South America will be done in San Francisco.

GEORGIA ENTERS ESQUIMALT DRYDOCK

Specifications to Be Drawn Up for Necessary Repairs and Tenders Called.

The steamer Georgia, of the Canadian Mexican line which was damaged on the starboard bow as a result of a collision with the southern breakwater at Salina Cruz recently, was brought to Esquimalt yesterday morning and repaired. Several plates were broken as a result of the collision with the breakwater and some others were sprung. The damage was temporarily repaired with cement patches, and the Georgia was brought north for repairs. A survey will be held today and as soon as it is completed specifications will be drawn up and tenders called for the necessary repairs.

BANNOCKBURN PASSES UP FOR COAL

Was in the Gale in Which the Blue Anchor Liner Waratah Thought to Have Been Lost.

The steamer Bannockburn which loaded a cargo of lumber on the Columbia river for Shanghai passed up to Comox yesterday to load bunker coal for her voyage across the Pacific. The Bannockburn, which brought a cargo of coal from the Atlantic coast for San Francisco on account of the United States government was at Durban when the Anchor liner Waratah sailed from that port on what proved to be her last voyage. The Bannockburn experienced a gale in which the Waratah is believed to have gone down. The liner left Durban on July 26th last and was never heard of again.

To Become Barge.

The American bark Louisiana has been bought by the Griffiths Barge company of Seattle to be converted into a barge. The Louisiana is on her way from South America.

Not Much Damage

The damage to the steamer Wellington as a result of her stranding over a week ago on the Ballina Islands, was found to be small when she was hauled out on the ways of the Victoria Machinery Depot. It is expected the repairs will be completed today, the principal damage being to the keel and amidships, and the Wellington will proceed to Comox for coal.

Women in Portugal

Marriage, as in the lives of many, is certainly the most important event in that of the Portuguese woman, and what is more, in the early days of courtship it is attended with some romance, for there is less of business and more of romance in the ways of the Portuguese lover. This is how the Portuguese cavalier conducts his affairs de coeur. If he sees a pretty girl in the street with whom he would like to become acquainted, he follows her. He follows her in the face of all difficulties—chaperons and duennas—right up to her very door, and he comes to the address. Next day he comes again, and if the young lady approves of him she will most certainly let him in the lookout, but sometimes hard fate, an angry guardian or a stern parent, prevents her, and then the gallant youth is kept waiting.

So if during a ramble through Portugal you should notice a young man loitering at the corner of a street, or gazing intently at a house, you must not imagine that he is meditating a burglary or anything so desperate, but know that he is merely a harmless and amorous youth gazing at the windows of his lady love.

Be sure if there is a way she will not keep him waiting long, for the Portuguese girl is a past master in the art of courting. Soon she leans over the balcony and smiles at him, and the happy youth, thus encouraged, ties a note, in which he declares his undying passion, to the cord which the fair lady has dropped from the balcony. The next day the young man, buoyed with hope, comes again, but this time he is bolder, for he rings at the door.

If the inquiries which the lady's parents will doubtless have made prove satisfactory, he is admitted to make the acquaintance of the young lady and her family, and then, should he please and the lady's father be prepared to give the necessary dot, wedding bells will end this little romance.

Once married, the death knell of romance and all else is often sounded for the Portuguese bride. Married often when yet a child, she has the care of a wife and motherhood thrust upon her. For, unlike her sisters of France, marriage does not spell her emancipation, her freedom from the chaperon. The bride of today has no more freedom than the maiden of yesterday; without husband or chaperon she may not walk abroad. A jealous husband will often keep her as closely guarded as though she had taken the veil.

The lives, therefore, of the Portuguese women are often as barren and devoted of interest as those of the women in the Far East. Certainly among the rising generation there is a growing unrest, a yearning for culture, a vague idea that there is a world somewhere beyond Portugal, but the lives of many are often just as hedged in as their own back gardens. In fact to many their house and family, their kith and orange grove, represent their whole world—the only world they know. It is unusual thing to find a Portuguese woman who has been willingly incarcerated for several years. One lady of my acquaintance told me she had not been beyond the garden for four years.

"And you are not bored?" I exclaimed in astonishment. "You do not want to go out?"

"If I should go out," she replied in her pretty broken English, "I rest not till I am returned; for, who knows what may happen in my absence?"

"Go out," she continued with a shrug of her plump shoulders, "for what for should I go out? Here I have my children, my husband, my home, what more can I want?"

What indeed? To the onlooker the life of the average Portuguese woman is dull, deadly dull. She cannot throw herself into housekeeping as a German would because the Portuguese manner is such a very simple affair it could not possibly occupy much time or thought. Moreover, it is not in her nature to become a really good hausfrau.

Books are often sealed for her. Less than an onlooker at life, the world's happenings can hardly be supposed to attract her interest. Of society, save for the visits of a few relatives, she has none.

There are two things which save her life from deadly monotony, her religion and the balcony. In almost every house in Portugal there is one room which is set apart as a chapel, and here, before the altar, the Portuguese woman daily spends several hours in prayer and meditation.

About the balcony a whole book might be written. To lean over it the women arrange their hair and dress themselves just as elaborately as though to pay a visit. Hours a day they waste in this manner, until finally their shoulders become bowed with much leaning. Dull, indeed, would be the life of the Portuguese woman but for the balcony.—London Daily Mail.

Innocent Man Hanged

CINCINNATI, Jan. 3.—A special to the Times-Star from Wheeling, W. Va., says that Joseph Vastello, a convict in the penitentiary there, has confessed to the prison authorities that he and two other men killed Samuel T. Ferguson, a wealthy contractor, near Washington, Pa., in 1903. Milovar Kovovic was hanged for the crime, and Milovar Patkovic is serving a sentence of twenty years for complicity in it. Vastello says neither of these men was concerned in the murder.

We Represent:

The Vancouver Portland Cement Co.'y.

and

Pacific Coast Gypsum Co.'y.

Raymond And Sons

Have you seen them, if no, Why? The "G BRAND" GRAINED CLOGS

(Coally lined with Thick Felt)
MEN'S or WOMEN'S YOUTHS or GIRLS at \$1.25
The above "G Brand" Clogs are in great demand throughout the Columbia, For Drivers, Stablemen, Farmers, Sailors, or others, they are simply invaluable during the winter.
Agent: W. J. BARTRAM 2310 Sixth Avenue, West Vancouver

Douglas Street

Close in Lots \$150 per front foot.

Close in Acreage \$1500 per acre.

Island Investment Co., LIMITED Bank of Montreal Chambers - Phone 1494

Collegiate School

The Jaurels, 1249 Rockland Avenue, Victoria, B. C.

Staff of Three Resident Masters

Excellent accommodation for Boarders. Property of five acres. Spacious School-buildings. Gymnasium.

Organized Cadet Corps

Terms Inclusive

Easter Term Commences Monday, January 10th, at 9 a. m.

APPLY J. F. MEREDITH

University School

VICTORIA, B. C.

FOR BOYS FOR BOYS



Next Term Begins January 11th

in Spacious New Brick Building.

Fifteen Acres of Playing Fields

Accommodation for 120 Boarders.

Chemical Laboratory: Organized Cadet Corps: Musketry Instruction: Football and Cricket: Gymnasium and Indoor Rifle Range.

RECENT SUCCESSES AT MCGILL AND R.M.C.

WARDEN: Rev. W. W. Bolton, M.A. (Cambridge).

PRINCIPALS: R. V. Harvey, M.A. (Camb.), J. C. Barnacle, Esq. (Lon. Univ.), assisted by a resident staff of University Men.

For Prospectus Apply The Bursar.

Corrig College

Beacon Hill Park, Victoria, B. C. Select High-Grade Day and Boarding College for Boys of 8 to 16 years. Refinements of well-appointed gentlemen's home in lovely Beacon Hill Park. Number limited. Outdoor sports. Prepared for Business Life or Professional or University examinations. Fees inclusive and strictly moderate. A few vacancies at Autumn term, September 1st. Principal, J. W. CHURCH, M.A.

JAMES BAY ACADEMY

A Private High School. Science. Matriculation a specialty. Day and Evening classes. Recent successes at Matriculation. Phone 2041 166 Medina St.

St. George's School for Girls

A BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL 1107 Rockland Avenue. Easter term opens Tuesday, January 11th. Boarders return Monday, January 10th, 1910. Principal: Mrs. Suttie. (At home Friday.)

FUEL

WOOD AND COAL R. DAVERNE, FORT STREET

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap. Fowler is a boon to any home. It disinfects and cleans at the same time.

**SALE STARTS
THIS
MORNING
9 O'CLOCK
JAN. 4th**

BUSINESS CHANGE CLOTHING SALE

**SALE STARTS
THIS
MORNING
9 O'CLOCK
JAN. 4th**

\$20,000 of Fine Clothing

The entire stock of Allen & Company

FIT-REFORM WARDROBE

1201 Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

To Be Turned Into Cash in Fourteen Days

Owing to a change in the firm of Allen & Company it becomes absolutely necessary to turn the entire stock into cash before the end of January. To accomplish this purpose we will hold a sale that will put all our past efforts in the shade. We are going to shrivel the prices on piles of seasonable merchandise so that every dollar bill will appear twice its ordinary value. Past experience has satisfied our patrons that we advertise only facts. Seeing is believing—therefore the only thing to do is to come and see. If we cannot save you money on your purchase say "Good Day" and walk out. That's the talk that talks.

Men's Suit Dept.

GOOD TWEED SUITS in dark colors, assorted sizes. Worth \$15, now... **\$7.75**
MEN'S SINGLE AND DOUBLE BREASTED SUITS. Worth \$16.50 to \$18.00. Now... **\$9.95**
MEN'S DARK WORSTED SUITS. Worth \$20.00 to \$22.00. Now... **\$12.75**
BIG MEN'S SUITS, in neat patterns. Sizes 40 to 46. Worth from \$18.00 to \$22.00. To clear at... **\$14.50**
100 HIGH GRADE BLUE AND BLACK CHEVIOT AND WORSTED SUITS. Worth \$25.00. Now... **\$19.00**
65 of the finest ENGLISH FANCY WORSTED SUITS. Worth from \$32.00 to \$35.00. Now... **\$27.00**

Men's Overcoat and Raincoat Dept.

MEN'S FINE OVERCOATS, show-erproof. Worth \$12.00. Now... **\$8.00**
MEN'S WELL TAILORED OVERCOATS. Worth \$18.00. Now... **\$10.95**
A FINE RANGE OF MEN'S OVERCOATS. Sizes up to 44. Worth \$22.00. Now... **\$16.00**
MEN'S RAINCOATS, in Gabardine worsteds. Worth \$12.00. Now... **\$7.50**
MEN'S RUBBERIZED ROSEBERRY WORSTED RAINCOATS. Worth \$18.00. Now... **\$11.95**

Boys' and Youths' Department

YOUTHS' RAINCOATS. Worth \$10.00 to \$12.00. Now... **\$7.45**
BOYS' RAINCOATS. Worth \$6.50. Now... **\$3.85**
YOUTHS' SUITS. Worth \$10.00 to \$14.00. Now... **\$7.65**
FIFTY BOYS' SUITS. Worth \$6.50 to \$8.50. Now... **\$4.45**
100 BOYS' KNEE PANTS. Worth \$1.50. Now... **85c**
BOYS' LION BRAND SUITS AT COST.

Men's Pants Dept.

175 Pairs MEN'S TWEED PANTS. Worth \$4.00 to \$5.00. Now... **\$2.85**
100 Pairs MEN'S WORSTED PANTS. Worth \$4.50 to \$5.50. Now... **\$3.45**
A NUMBER of the Finest Quality of English Worsted Pants. Worth from \$7.50 to \$10.00. Now... **\$5.90**
MEN'S KNICKERS TO CLEAR at... **\$2.50**
Dressing Gowns, Bath Robes, Smoking Jackets and Fancy Vests at Cost

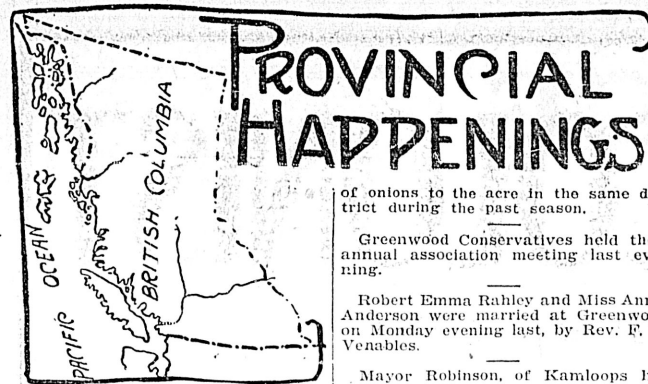
STORE WILL BE CLOSED ALL DAY MONDAY TO MARK DOWN GOODS AND RE-ARRANGE STOCK

Sale Starts This Morning, January 4th, At 9 O'clock

**SALE LASTS
TWO WEEKS
ONLY**

FIT-REFORM WARDROBE
ALLEN & CO.
1201 Government St. Victoria, B. C.

**SALE LASTS
TWO WEEKS
ONLY**



of onions to the acre in the same district during the past season.

Greenwood Conservatives held their annual association meeting last evening.

Robert Emma Rahley and Miss Annie Anderson were married at Greenwood on Monday evening last, by Rev. E. V. Venables.

Mayor Robinson, of Kamloops has promulgated an order that no civic employee shall hereafter be a candidate for a public office.

At Trail a few days before Christmas, Rev. E. A. Smythe performed the marriage ceremony for William Stables and Miss Anna Lorenson.

John Meyer had a unique Christmas tree at the Ladysmith hotel, Greenwood. Its branches were filled with glittering ore from the Argo tunnel, the tree itself being firmly planted in a pyramid of specimens from the same mine.

Fire last week destroyed the rache house at the Hume-Lawson ranch, on Williams Lake, east of the Hecwast. The origin of the fire is a mystery. Much of the contents of the house, farms and outbuildings were saved. The house was partially insured with Kootenay agencies.

A farewell reception and dance was tendered Justice and Mrs. Denis Murphy at Ashcroft a few evenings ago, at which general regret was expressed at their removal from Ashcroft. During the evening the presentation was made of a handsome cut-glass bowl and stand.

Two curious accidents are reported from Cumberland. John Pickett was rendered unconscious for several hours and is now in the hospital as a result of falling on a slippery sidewalk; while Mrs. John Thompson fell from the verandah at her home, sustaining injuries that have since confined her to her bed.

Rev. W. C. Calder, of Revelstoke, who has been pastor of St. John's Presbyterian church in that city since the re-union of Kootenay and St. Andrews.

Fire last week destroyed the ranch house last Sunday, it being his intention to retire from the ministry and engage in farming. The ladies of the congregation presented the reverend gentleman with a well-filled purse.

G. M. Annable, of Moosejaw, and G. B. Campbell, of Wetaskiwin, have taken over the Violin Lake timber limits from the "Gunner from Galway." The company will be operated under the title of the Violin Lake Timber Co. A mill of 40,000 feet daily capacity is in readiness to begin operations, and the company is now building a flume of two miles' length from the mill to the railway siding, where dry kiln and planing mill are located. Aproximately 150 men will be employed in mills and logging camps. The limits are 4,700 acres in extent and estimated to contain 100,000,000 feet of timber.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

The charge of a theft preferred against John G. Devlin, of Nelson, nick-named throughout Kootenay "The Gunner from Galway," has been dismissed by Magistrate Bullock-Webster. "The Gunner" was accused of having taken \$60 from a Salmo miner named John Malloy, while that individual was asleep on a Great Northern train. The conductor of the train testified that Devlin had voluntarily told him at the time that Malloy had given him his money to keep, and had asked him to count it; and the money had a few days later been returned to the owner.

NOT DEAD BUT MAYBE SLEEPETH

Council's Jurisdiction Limited Since First of Year—Sort of Interregnum

Is the city council dead? Mayor Hall says it is and while he did not really mean that the city's governing body as a whole or individually, has really succumbed, though rude people have hinted both, what he did infer was that in certain respects the council, since the first of the year, cannot undertake certain responsibilities which properly belong to the incoming council. In fact from January 1 to the date of the election of a new council is a period, a sort of interregnum, during which time the council while it can undertake routine works, cannot rightly undertake anything in the nature of legislative work.

This point has been passed upon yearly for the past ten years by the city solicitor and city barrister who, while they admit there is nothing in the Municipal Clauses Act which says the council shall not exercise full power conferred by the act from the date of its election until the election of a new board, nevertheless advise that the best authorities appear to be of opinion that there is a limitation. It was Alderman Turner presented at last night's meeting of the council a resolution that local improvement work in the way of boulevards with curbs and gutters be laid on both sides of Harbinger avenue between Richardson street and Fairfield road, the owners to pay four fifths of the cost.

When the resolution was put Alderman Turner remarked "according to the city solicitor this council is dead."

Still a Kick Left.

Mayor Hall admitted that death had occurred to a certain extent, but that routine work can be done though new legislative work cannot be undertaken. In the present case the work will call for the issue of debentures and if this council undertook to pass the work it would be infringing on the revenue of the incoming council.

His worship stated, a point which comes up every year, Alderman Turner still could not see the point from the mayor's standpoint but he expressed himself willing to allow the matter to stand over for the new council.

In fact practically everything which came up for consideration last night was disposed of in a similar manner. The request of the Children's Aid Society that an appropriation of \$299 a month be granted by the city to provide for a juvenile detention home school to be established here, in view of the assurance of the attorney-general that a juvenile court will soon be established by law, will go to the new council. The society plans to rent a suitable house to be used as a detention home with the ultimate intention of securing a permanent home.

The request of the parks board that the council take steps to provide an adequate supply of water for the boulevards next summer as the poor supply now makes the work of upkeep more expensive, will also go to the incoming board.

A claim made by Bernard & Robertson, barristers, on behalf of their client, Joseph Smith, for \$20 for injuries received nearly two years ago by falling into a trench was left to the mayor to make a settlement. His worship endeavored some time ago to settle for \$40 but Mr. Smith refused to accept anything less than the \$60.

Local Improvements.

The city assessor reported on the following local improvement works against which no adverse petitions have been put in and which can now be proceeded with: To pave Herald

street between Government and Store streets with wood blocks; to construct curbs and gutters and boulevards on both sides of Vining street between Belmont avenue and Stanley avenue; to pave Douglas street from Humboldt street to Cormorant street with wood blocks; to grade, rock surface and drain St. Andrew's street from Simcoe street to Niagara street and construct permanent sidewalks on both sides with curbs, gutters and boulevards; to construct permanent sidewalks on both sides of St. Lawrence street between Erie street and Niagara street and to grade and rock surface the roadway of said street. The necessary by-laws will be prepared and the above works prosecuted.

Even a complaint from Magistrate Jay at the lack of attention paid to the proper cleaning of the court room was referred to the incoming council.

Streets Committee.

The report of the streets, bridges and sewers committee was adopted as follows:

Recommended that subdivisional plan of block 7, section 19, Ross estate, Victoria city, be approved by the council.

Re communication from The Griffith Company, requesting on behalf of Mrs. Mary Godfrey, that a sewer be constructed on Prince's avenue before permanent sidewalks are laid. Recommended that the writer be informed that their client's property is in the pumping area east of the Taylor mill, which area it is intended to sewer in the near future.

Re communication of E. J. Bright, dealing with drainage be provided for the properties on Graham street, between Hillside avenue and King's road. Recommended that the matter be referred to the incoming council for their favorable consideration.

SAD STORY OF THE LORN LEGION

Strange Similarity of the Tale of Sextette Facing the Cadi

Six, healthy, husky young men, any one of whom might have earned a fortune digging post holes without mauling his health in any way, were rounded up by the police Saturday and Sunday and appeared before Magistrate Jay in the police court yesterday morning charged with vagrancy. This crowd was the regular New Year's remuda of vags, men who blow into the town at the festive Christmas time in the hope that purse strings will be looser than usual and that the hilarious hand-out will appear with only a little coaxing.

When the sextette came to tell their stories, one after another a curious similarity of facts was disclosed. It was also heart-touching to hear the vivid tales of woe and hard luck that fell from the vagrant lips.

George Mitchell, home, any old place, was the first speaker. George had arrived in town some days ago with a lot of money. He had started to celebrate quite innocently but he had fallen among evil companions who misled him and when he came to his senses and realized that this was no place

rick had arrived in town some days ago.

"Three months," said the Court. The same thing happened in the case of Edwardus Elliot but Frederick Wakefield, who asked for a remand, pure and simple, was separated from the joyous throng and sent back to his cell to prolong the agony. Perhaps today Frederick will explain that he arrived in town some days ago with a lot of money.

Then, perhaps, the Court will say something.

Unwelcome Everywhere

LONDON, Jan. 3.—A negro who claims American citizenship is an unwelcome guest of the Union Castle Steamship line at Southampton, pending the outcome of diplomatic negotiations between the United States and Great Britain to determine the man's nationality. The negro was deported from South Africa, where he had been convicted of a crime and served a sentence in a British prison. He was refused permission to land there, as he was unable to satisfy the authorities of his American citizenship. He was sent back to Southampton. The negro is probably George Howard, who was deported from the United States on July 25, being returned to Liverpool from New York on the White Star liner Arabia.

Balloon to South Pole

PARIS, Jan. 3.—Officers Matthiessen and Voltschoek, of the Russian army, today purchased two dirigible balloons with capacities of 1,400 cubic metres, with which they will undertake an expedition to the South Pole. The explorers plan to convey the balloons, with hangar equipments, by ship as far south as the ice will permit, and thence proceed in the balloons southward. They will keep in touch with their ship, their base of supplies, by means of a wireless outfit.

LIVE WIRE SALE

Off to a Good Start

During this short, active sale of only ten days' duration, we guarantee every article we sell just as we do every day in the year, and if any goods purchased at this sale proves unsatisfactory, please do us the kindness to return them, and we will cheerfully refund your money.

These are some extra special Live Wires for today's selling. There are many others on sale:

Men's Blue and Black Suits

These Suits are sure winners. Made from pure all-wool Botany twills and English clay worsted. Either in single or double-breasted styles. Warranted fast colors. Trimmed with extra fine Italian and serge linings. Regular values \$15.00, \$16.50 and \$18.00. Live Wire Sale Price **\$10.50**

FANCY SCOTCH TWEED AND ENGLISH WORSTED SUITS. In this line we show our best \$25.00 and \$27.50 lines. All new fall styles, made in single and double-breasted styles. Live Wire Sale Price..... **\$21.00**

W. G. & R. SHIRTS, all warranted fast colors. Regular \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75. Live Wire Sale Price **\$1.00**

ENGLISH FUR FELT HATS. Our special F. & O. Brand, the season's correct block. Regular \$2.50. Live Wire Sale Price **\$1.75**

Don't let this buying opportunity pass you. You can't save money faster than by purchasing at less than the lowest price new Men's Wear that you always need.



811-813 Government Street. Opposite P. O.
You'll like our Clothes. Watch our windows.

Best Buy on Douglas Street

60 foot lot on lane corner, with lane behind, modern 5 room cottage, with basement. South of Fountain. Vacant lots in same block only 42 ft. front, are selling for \$4,600, and in the next block for \$9,000. Price for 2 days only—

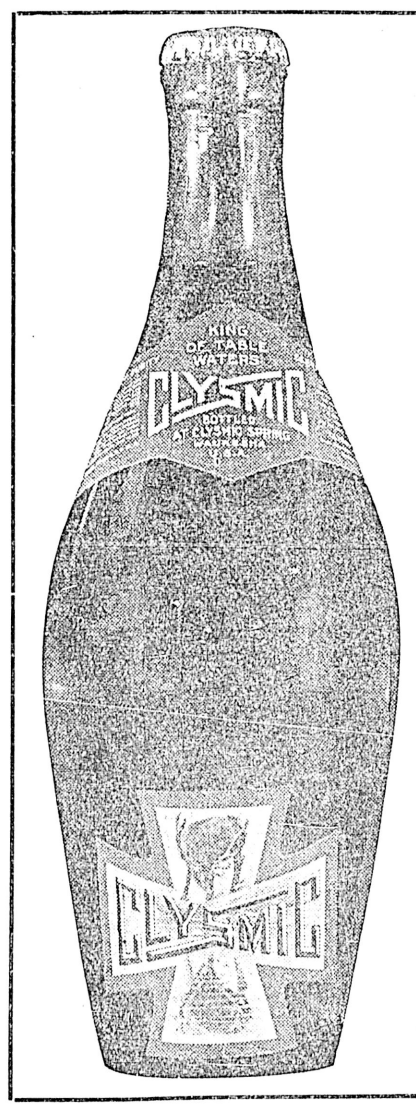
\$4500

This is where the move is, but you'll have to be quick.

T. P. McConnell

Government and Fort St., upstairs.

Advertise in THE COLONIST



Good
Fellows
Always
Go
Together



For Sale at all First Class Hotels, Bars and the Leading Dealers

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.

Wholesale Agents

Victoria, C.

CAVALRY OF THE CLOUDS

Lord Roberts Calls Upon Britain to Prepare Airships for War

Lord Roberts is appealing to Great Britain to give more attention to the construction of airships for war purposes. He presided at a lecture given by Major Baden-Powell, Lord Roberts, speaking with energy, said:

From the experimental stage of the airship something will be evolved which will, perhaps, astonish those who come after us as much as the present incomplete aeroplane and dirigible balloons astonished us. What we have to do now is to set to work ourselves.

We have not done much in England in the matter of aerial machines. We have been rather waiting to benefit by the experience of other people, but we cannot afford to be behindhand—they may be of the greatest value in the next war.

We must make ourselves a machine, have our own trials, and, above all, we must have a staff of men ready to adapt themselves to aerial machines as they are introduced.

I am anxious that the country should wake up to the necessity of doing the utmost to perfect these aerial machines. We are still strangely apathetic upon everything.

Major Baden-Powell said that, to his mind, there could be no doubt that the machines which were now actually in existence, both dirigible balloons and aeroplanes, could be made great use of in war, and it seemed fairly certain that in a few years' time their efficiency would be greatly increased. If properly used, not by ones and twos, but by hundreds, they would, without doubt, greatly effect our methods of warfare. Reconnaissance would be much more efficiently carried out than the commander of a force would not be embarrassed by that uncertainty and lack of information which so often prevented him from taking the initiative. Operations would be quickened, and wars more rapidly lost or won. Raids into the enemy's country which seemed impossible entirely to prevent would, on the other hand, tend to hamper and delay his actions, and spread the zone of operations over the whole country. Machines were now actually in existence that could come over, without warning, from the enemy, and it was more than possible that they might be the means of causing considerable damage to us, even risking their own loss thereby. Therefore we must, and at once, make due preparation to defend ourselves against any such aggression.

It might sound curious, he said, to speak of an aeroplane being used as a substitute for a cavalry horse, yet it seemed possible that a small, compact form (like Santos-Dumont's Demoiselle) might almost be used in such a capacity. Such a machine could probably be built for £100, and the manipulation, to a thoroughly trained man, need not occupy much more of his attention than would that of the horse. Able to skim over the country, over mounting hedges and ditches, walls, and even rivers, travelling at an average speed of perhaps five or six times that of the horse, the advantages for reconnoitring would certainly be very great. The machine would probably be less vulnerable than the horse, and would not offer a much bigger target. Though the fuel supply might be more difficult than the forage, yet such machines could easily be sent off fifty miles or more to get their supply—and be back and ready for duty within a few hours.

A Battle in the Air.
Major Baden-Powell vividly depicted the battle in the air. "With machines as yet constructed," he said, "if one vessel is able to get directly above another it has it at its mercy. A more lighted match or a burning fuse or grenade dropped on it would cause its instant destruction. The upper machine could even descend right on the lower one and ram it."

"The light of even an aeroplane and a dirigible would seem to be a very one-sided," he said, "if one compared it to that of a hawk and a heron. The aeroplane, with its greater speed, better manoeuvring power, and less liability to damage, would have an immense advantage."

But the greatest fight of all, Major Baden-Powell declared, would be the grapple between the aeroplanes, with their grappling irons and the balloons used to foul the enemy's propellers. A collision between two aeroplanes, he added, would be fatal to both. Having described the dangerous uses to which aerial craft might be put, the lecturer showed how Britain ought to guard against them.

"Every likely point of attack, such as arsenals and stores, even though inland, should have arrangements for defence," he said. "Special guns should be mounted around it, and other appliances such as rockets and kites, kept ready. When danger is threatened, a number of kites or small aeroplanes could be let up to a great height with explosive mines and electrical equipment."

In France great attention is being given to the subject of military aviation. Mr. Latham, who is now at Mourmelon, is engaged in mounting a mitrailleuse on his large Antoinette monoplane—also at the suggestion of the ministry of war. It is expected that this new military engine will be ready very shortly, and that before the end of the year we shall hear of firing practice in the air. It is also said on authority that quite a number of aeroplanes have been invented by the tenant Lucas Gerardville, and is now at the camp of Chalais-Meudon. This machine is specially constructed to carry two or more persons, and its trials have already given much satisfaction, although greater things are expected of it than it has yet performed.

Ordered Biplanes.
General Brun, minister of war, has just signed an order for four biplanes to be constructed by Mr. Henry Farman, on a design similar to that of the machines which Mr. Farman and M. Paulhan have piloted with such success. Simultaneously General Brun has ordered two monoplanes, a Bleriot and an Antoinette. The campaign in favor of increased construction of steerable balloons has provoked a semi-official reply by the ministry of war, which should have special interest in Great Britain on account of the proposals for the formation of aerial fleets. In the first place, the minister of war thinks that the value of aeroplanes in military strategy tends to diminish as the capabilities of aeroplanes increase. Consequently, General Brun is not overawed by the size and organization of the German aerial fleet, the less so as he has several plans and designs in hand which should enable him to alter the balance of power within a short time if thought necessary. One reason for not hastening construction is the rapid progress which continues to be made in the design of steerable balloons, and upon which such balloons can scarcely be counted upon after four years' service, and if a fleet of any one type were constructed next year it is probable that they would be out of date in less than half this time.

Together with the orders for the construction of aeroplanes, General

Brun has drafted a scheme to provide for state collaboration in aeronautics and aviation science. In the first place, an experimental laboratory is to be erected on the Mediterranean coast between Marseilles and Nice, having a total length of little short of three miles. Workshops for construction will be set up at Vincennes, near Paris, and a school for aviators will be formed, probably near Bordeaux. The expert military engineers are still considering the advisability of adopting a fixed type of aeroplanes for military purposes. Thus far, however, nothing has been done beyond presenting a report, in which it is stated that the most desirable type would be a helicopter; that is to say, a machine with revolving horizontal fans, which would allow it to remain stationary in the air.

planes increase. Consequently, General

Brun is not overawed by the size

and organization of the German aerial

fleet, the less so as he has several

plans and designs in hand which

should enable him to alter the balance

of power within a short time if

thought necessary. One reason for not

hastening construction is the rapid

progress which continues to be made

in the design of steerable balloons, and

upon which such balloons can scarcely

be counted upon after four years' service,

and if a fleet of any one type were

constructed next year it is probable

that they would be out of date in less

than half this time.

Together with the orders for the

construction of aeroplanes, General

Brun has drafted a scheme to provide

for state collaboration in aeronautics

and aviation science. In the first place,

an experimental laboratory is to be

erected on the Mediterranean coast be-

tween Marseilles and Nice, having a

total length of little short of three

miles. Workshops for construction will

be set up at Vincennes, near Paris,

and a school for aviators will be

formed, probably near Bordeaux. The

expert military engineers are still con-

sidering the advisability of adopting a

fixed type of aeroplanes for military

purposes. Thus far, however, nothing

has been done beyond presenting a re-

port, in which it is stated that the most

desirable type would be a helicopter;

that is to say, a machine with revolv-

ing horizontal fans, which would al-

low it to remain stationary in the air.

planes increase. Consequently, General

Brun is not overawed by the size

and organization of the German aerial

fleet, the less so as he has several

plans and designs in hand which

should enable him to alter the balance

of power within a short time if

thought necessary. One reason for not

hastening construction is the rapid

progress which continues to be made

in the design of steerable balloons, and

upon which such balloons can scarcely

be counted upon after four years' service,

and if a fleet of any one type were

constructed next year it is probable

that they would be out of date in less

than half this time.

Together with the orders for the

construction of aeroplanes, General

Brun has drafted a scheme to provide

for state collaboration in aeronautics

and aviation science. In the first place,

an experimental laboratory is to be

erected on the Mediterranean coast be-

tween Marseilles and Nice, having a

total length of little short of three

miles. Workshops for construction will

be set up at Vincennes, near Paris,

and a school for aviators will be

formed, probably near Bordeaux. The

expert military engineers are still con-

sidering the advisability of adopting a

fixed type of aeroplanes for military

purposes. Thus far, however, nothing

has been done beyond presenting a re-

port, in which it is stated that the most

desirable type would be a helicopter;

that is to say, a machine with revolv-

ing horizontal fans, which would al-

low it to remain stationary in the air.

planes increase. Consequently, General

Brun is not overawed by the size

and organization of the German aerial

fleet, the less so as he has several

plans and designs in hand which

should enable him to alter the balance

of power within a short time if

thought necessary. One reason for not

hastening construction is the rapid

progress which continues to be made

in the design of steerable balloons, and

upon which such balloons can scarcely

be counted upon after four years' service,

and if a fleet of any one type were

constructed next year it is probable

that they would be out of date in less

than half this time.

Together with the orders for the

construction of aeroplanes, General

Brun has drafted a scheme to provide

for state collaboration in aeronautics

and aviation science. In the first place,

an experimental laboratory is to be

erected on the Mediterranean coast be-

tween Marseilles and Nice, having a

total length of little short of three

miles. Workshops for construction will

be set up at Vincennes, near Paris,

and a school for aviators will be

formed, probably near Bordeaux. The

expert military engineers are still con-

sidering the advisability of adopting a

fixed type of aeroplanes for military

purposes. Thus far, however, nothing

has been done beyond presenting a re-

port, in which it is stated that the most

desirable type would be a helicopter;

that is to say, a machine with revolv-

ing horizontal fans, which would al-

low it to remain stationary in the air.

planes increase. Consequently, General

Brun is not overawed by the size

and organization of the German aerial

fleet, the less so as he has several

plans and designs in hand which

should enable him to alter the balance

of power within a short time if

thought necessary. One reason for not

hastening construction is the rapid

progress which continues to be made

in the design of steerable balloons, and

upon which such balloons can scarcely

be counted upon after four years' service,

and if a fleet of any one type were

constructed next year it is probable

that they would be out of date in less

than half this time.

Together with the orders for the

construction of aeroplanes, General

Brun has drafted a scheme to provide

for state collaboration in aeronautics

and aviation science. In the first place,

an experimental laboratory is to be

erected on the Mediterranean coast be-

tween Marseilles and Nice, having a

total length of little short of three

miles. Workshops for construction will

be set up at Vincennes, near Paris,

and a school for aviators will be

formed, probably near Bordeaux. The

expert military engineers are still con-

sidering the advisability of adopting a

fixed type of aeroplanes for military

purposes. Thus far, however, nothing

has been done beyond presenting a re-

port, in which it is stated that the most

desirable type would be a helicopter;

that is to say, a machine with revolv-

ing horizontal fans, which would al-

low it to remain stationary in the air.

planes increase. Consequently, General

Brun is not overawed by the size

and organization of the German aerial

fleet, the less so as he has several

plans and designs in hand which

should enable him to alter the balance

of power within a short time if

thought necessary. One reason for not

hastening construction is the rapid

progress which continues to be made

in the design of steerable balloons, and

upon which such balloons can scarcely

be counted upon after four years' service,

and if a fleet of any one type were

constructed next year it is probable

that they would be out of date in less

than half this time.

Together with the orders for the

construction of aeroplanes, General

Brun has drafted a scheme to provide

for state collaboration in aeronautics

and aviation science. In the first place,

an experimental laboratory is to be

erected on the Mediterranean coast be-

tween Marseilles and Nice, having a

total length of little short of three

miles. Workshops for construction will

be set up at Vincennes, near Paris,

and a school for aviators will be

formed, probably near Bordeaux. The

expert military engineers are still con-

sidering the advisability of adopting a

fixed type of aeroplanes for military

purposes. Thus far, however, nothing

has been done beyond presenting a re-

port, in which it is stated that the most

desirable type would be a helicopter;

that is to say, a machine with revolv-

ing horizontal fans, which would al-

low it to remain stationary in the air.

planes increase. Consequently, General

Brun is not overawed by the size

and organization of the German aerial

fleet, the less so as he has several

plans and designs in hand which

should enable him to alter the balance

of power within a short time if

thought necessary. One reason for not

hastening construction is the rapid

progress which continues to be made

in the design of steerable balloons, and

upon which such balloons can scarcely

be counted upon after four years' service,

and if a fleet of any one type were

constructed next year it is probable

that they would be out of date in less

than half this time.

Together with the orders for the

construction of aeroplanes, General

Brun has drafted a scheme to provide

for state collaboration in aeronautics

and aviation science. In the first place,

an experimental laboratory is to be

erected on the Mediterranean coast be-

tween Marseilles and Nice, having a

total length of little short of three

miles. Workshops for construction will

The Personal Aspect of the House of Lords

More than 50 years ago the late Prince Consort declared that Parliamentary government was on its trial. The phrase met with little acceptance at the time, but it has latterly been adopted and passionately emphasized by the Radical party, with the important difference that it is, at least under the present Government, applied exclusively to the House of Lords. Upon that House at this moment the eyes of the whole country are concentrated, and for weeks past the language of Radical politicians, in the press and on the platform, has been little else than a string of vituperative epithets directed against the hereditary chamber. Stripped of its picturesque rhetoric the charge amounts to this—that the House of Lords consists of a body of men whose claim to legislate is based solely upon the accident of birth; that they are not only non-representative, but not qualified by exceptional knowledge or experience for the conduct of public affairs; that their views and interests are bounded by their own park walls; and that, to put the matter briefly, they are no more fitted to have a decisive voice in the government of the country than would be any like number of wealthy men chosen by lot from the city and the clubs. This is the doctrine now being printed in every Radical paper, proclaimed by some at least of the ministers, and certain to be vociferated, during the general election, at every Radical meeting throughout the country. It may be well at such a time to endeavor, by a calm and dispassionate survey of the actual composition of the House of Lords, to get at the real facts and to test the truth of the statements in which anger and recklessness have caused politicians to believe, and to which the electors are being everywhere invited to subscribe. The result of such a survey will, we venture to think, be something of a surprise even to well-informed readers. It will show that the House of Lords contains a great proportion of men whose high capacity has been proved by long and important public services of the most varied kinds. It will show that among its ranks are to be found an extraordinary number of our best men, covering a wide range of interests; men of high character and high distinction, accustomed to deal with great practical questions, not only in a few departments, but practically in all those out of which the common life of a great country and a great Empire is built up.

The House of Lords, it is true, is unreformed; but the curious thing is that, if it were reformed on any principle that could possibly commend itself to the common sense of the country, it would inevitably contain these very men who now compose its dominant and vital element. It contains, of course, those front-rank politicians on both sides whose names are perfectly familiar, and to whom the country is apt to look for a lead. It contains, moreover, a large infusion of men who have governed the great dependencies or colonies of the Empire, and who bring to the consideration of Imperial matters, and of the interests of millions of the subjects of the Crown dwelling beyond the seas, a judgment and an experience far beyond the reach of nine out of ten of the elected members of the other House. It contains a number of men who are by common consent the chiefs of the legal profession. It contains, as this debate has conspicuously shown, many who give authoritative expression to the reasoned opinions of the City of London; that is to say, of the men whose own interests are bound up with those not only of the wealthy but of the millions of middle-class people whose material happiness depends upon the safety of their little investments. With these heads of the city may be grouped the numerous peers who, as the chiefs of great businesses—railways, engineering works, factories, and what not—have in their hands the decision of questions which affect the welfare of thousands of workmen. Moreover, the House of Lords is strengthened by the presence of our greatest soldiers and sailors, by a certain number of leading men of science and men of letters; while the Bench of Bishops, that bete-noire of the political dissenters, represents not only the Establishment, and not only theological learning, but in many cases a high type of academical culture and in many others a wide practical experience of the condition of the poor.

Lastly, if we may refer for a moment to the most obvious characteristic of the House of Lords, a very large proportion of the peers—including the majority of those who only attend the debates at rare intervals—are country gentlemen whose life and interests are bound up with those of the countryside and the country towns. They are agriculturists, and many of them are high authorities on agriculture. Many are Lords Lieutenant, and as such have lately won high praise from the Liberal Secretary for War. Great numbers are magistrates; many are hardworking county councillors or chairmen of quarter sessions; they give a vast quantity of time, as Sir Edward Grey lately admitted, with much cordiality, in the case of the Duke of Northumberland, to unpaid local work. In every part of the country, indeed, they take their full share, and often more than their share, of that widely ramified voluntary administrative system which is our happy substitute for a Continental bureaucracy, and which fills all Continental observers with increasing admiration.

These general remarks may easily be verified in detail. To the most active politicians, whether seated on the two front benches or on the cross benches or elsewhere, it is scarcely necessary to refer by name; the daily reports of this historic debate are the best evidence of their capacity. As to their experience, it is in many cases beyond all question superior to

that of almost every minister or ex-minister in the House of Commons. Lord Lansdowne, the leader of the Opposition and the mover of the amendment, has governed Canada and India, has been Minister for War, and, as Secretary for Foreign Affairs, has for many years conducted the foreign policy of this country with the highest distinction. Lord Halsbury has been Lord Chancellor for fifteen years. Lord Curzon of Kedleston has been a brilliant representative of the Foreign Office in the House of Commons, and has ruled India in a manner which impressed not only the Empire but the world. He is now, moreover, the very active Chancellor of the University of Oxford. Lord Milner made a great name at the Inland Revenue and in Egypt, and his splendid work in South Africa is part of the history of the Empire. Lord Cromer will be remembered for many generations as the maker of modern Egypt. Lord Londonderry has been Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, a member of more than one cabinet, and chairman of the London School Board. Lords St. Aldwyn, Balfour of Burleigh, Salisbury, Cawdor, Middleton, Derby, Cross, Llandaff, and Knutsford have been cabinet ministers. The Duke of Norfolk is Hereditary Earl Marshal—the Coronation showed us what that meant—and is the unofficial lay head of the Roman Catholic community in England.

Among other peers of the same rank, the Duke of Rutland had a long political training

as private secretary to the late Lord Salisbury; the Duke of Marlborough served in the Boer war, and has been Under-Secretary for the Colonies; the Duke of Devonshire, as Mr. Victor Cavendish, was Financial Secretary to the Treasury; the Duke of Bedford, besides carrying on with general approval the vast business of a great London and country landlord, is active in all matters that regard the Army and the Auxiliary Forces. The Duke of Westminster, a still greater landlord, also served in the war as A.D.C. to Lord Roberts. With these may be grouped a number of peers who have made their mark in various departments of life, such as Lord Esher, one of the chief reorganizers of the War Office, Lord Rosedale, long Secretary to the Office of Works; Lord Blyth, an expert in scientific agriculture; Lords Desborough, Hawke, and Harris, famous representatives of all athletic interests; Lord Halifax, a name of high authority among Anglican Churchmen; Lords Newton and Ridley, keen and influential politicians; and, above all, Lord Peel, for eleven arduous years Speaker of the House of Commons.

Among the Government front bench men, Lord Crewe, the leader of the House, is Secretary for the Colonies, and has been President of the Council and Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. Lord Elgin preceded him at the Colonial Office; Lord Pentland is Secretary for Scotland; Lord Spencer, now unfortunately in ill-health, was for years the leading Liberal peer.

More eminent than any of these is Lord Morley, whose rule at the India Office has won commendations from both parties, and who for nearly forty years has held a position in the very front rank of living English writers. Then there is Lord Courtney, who as a politician has never been in complete agreement with any party, but who has been listened to respectfully by all. Lord Wolverhampton, as Sir Henry Fowler, worked efficiently at the Local Government Board and at the India Office; Lord Welby was long head of the Treasury, and is one of the chief financial authorities of his party. Lastly, there is Lord Rosebery, Mr. Gladstone's Minister of Foreign Affairs and his successor in the Premiership; a statesman who, though now detached from any party, has the gift of moving the country by his rare speeches more than any other orator of the day.

Of men who have distinguished themselves as rulers of dependencies, besides those of special eminence whom we have mentioned already, twenty or thirty more names might be given, drawn from both of the great parties. Lord Elgin has been Viceroy of India; Lord Grey is Governor-General of Canada; the Duke of Argyll has filled the same position; Lord Northcote and Lord Tennyson have been, and Lord Dudley is, Governor-General of the Australian Commonwealth. Lord Selborne is High Commissioner for South Africa. Madras has been governed by Lord Amthill and Lord

Wenlock, and Bombay by Lord Harris, Lord Lamington, Lord Reay, and Lord Sandhurst. Among the chiefs of the self-governing colonies we have Lord Brassey (Victoria); Lords Belmore, Beauchamp, and Jersey (New South Wales); Lord Chelmsford (Queensland and New South Wales); Lords Onslow, Plunket, and Ranfurly (New Zealand); and Lord Stanmore, who has governed at least five colonies; while of past and present Lords Lieutenant of Ireland the House contains, besides Lord Londonderry and Lord Crewe, Lord Zetland, Lord Spencer, Lord Aberdeen, Lord Cadogan, and Lord Dudley, with whom may be grouped Lord MacDonnell, raised to the peerage for his services as Under-Secretary in Dublin. A considerable number of peers have had diplomatic experience, while in Lord Sanderson the House possesses a man who for fourteen years was permanent chief of the Foreign Office, and thus possesses an almost unrivalled experience of foreign affairs. An equal authority on India is about to be gained for the House by the elevation of Sir Arthur Godley. A very large number of peers have been in the Army, and many of them served in the Transvaal war, whether with their regiments or as volunteers; it will be remembered that the late Lord Chesham was at the head of the Imperial Yeomanry, and that Lovat's Scouts were led by Lord Lovat. At the head of the military peers stand the honored names of Lord Roberts, Lord Wolseley, and Lord Kitchener, with those of Lords Grenfell and Methuen but a little way below them. Nor does this exhaust the military element in the House; for, as mentioned above, the Lords Lieutenant have been placed officially at the head of the Territorial Army, and most of the Lords Lieutenant are peers. The Navy, it must be admitted, is insufficiently represented in the Upper Chamber, but when Lord Fisher presently takes his seat a powerful beginning will have been made.

The lawyers in the House occupy a peculiar position, and in the case of those who are definitely known as Law Lords their constitution as the Supreme Court of Appeal is sometimes held to disqualify them from taking part in general politics. That this is not quite logical is shown by the fact that the present Lord Chancellor, who presides over that Court, has made himself the chief spokesman of the Government in this debate on the Finance Bill, and that the late Lord Chancellor replied to him. Waiving this somewhat technical point, we may be content to show the strength of legal knowledge possessed by the House by merely mentioning the names of Lord Loreburn and Lord Halsbury; Lord Alverstone, the Lord Chief Justice; Lord Ashbourne, three times Lord Chancellor of Ireland and the author of the Ashbourne Act; Lord James of Hereford, Lord Gorell, Lord O'Brien, Lord Chief Justice of Ireland, Lord Lindley, and the Lords of Appeal in Ordinary—Lords Atkinson, Collins, Macnaghten, and Shaw. As the main concern of these eminent judges is with questions of property and business, it is right to group with them some of those leaders of the business world to whose representatives in the House we have already referred. The great and far-reaching interests of the City of London, till now the centre of the world's finance, is represented by such men as Lord Rothschild, who presided over the first great anti-Budget meeting; Lord Revelstoke, the head of the house of Baring, whose maiden speech on the opening night of the debate has made a very great effect upon the country; Lord Avebury, whose eminence as a banker is but one of his many claims to authority; Lord Hillingdon and Wolverton, partners in the great banking firm of Glyn, Mills & Co.; Lord Michelham and Lord Wandsworth, members of the house of Stern. The part taken by the peers in the management of that which is, after agriculture, the greatest of national industries, the railway industry, may be gathered from the fact that some 40 of them are directors of important lines; that Lord Allerton is chairman of the Great Northern, Lord Stalbridge, chairman of the London and North-Western, Lord Cawdor ex-chairman of the Great Western, Lord Cottesloe ex-chairman of the London and Brighton, and Lord Cobham ex-deputy-chairman of the Great Western—a post which he exchanged for that of Railway Commissioner. The other great industries of the country would almost seem, as one looks through the list, to be guided as much by peers as by commoners; iron and coal by such men as Lord Airedale and Lord Joicey, shipping by Lord Pirrie and Lord Inverclyde, textiles by Lord Holden, tobacco by Lord Winterstoke, and brewing by Lord Iveagh. The division list will show that the large majority of these men are against the Budget. They are essentially business men; their whole experience and their whole interests lie in business; and they find the Budget, which professes to be a business measure, unbusinesslike.

We may conclude this brief summary by a reference to a few men of high eminence in various departments of life who do not fall so readily into any single group. Such are those two great men of science, Lord Lister and Lord Rayleigh, the former known by his incalculable services to suffering humanity through his researches in antiseptic surgery, and the latter—who is now Chancellor of Cambridge University and President of the Royal Society—by his discoveries in physics. Such again are those two famous Canadians, Lord Strathcona and Lord Mount Stephen, veterans in ungrudging service to the Dominion and the Empire. Such is that enlightened philanthropist Lord Meath, with many other peers of all ranks who "do good by stealth" under pressure of a large conception of public duty.—London Times.

Science From an Easy Chair

By Sir Ray Lankester, K.C.B., F.R.S.

The possibility of protecting whales from wanton destruction by man is, no doubt, a matter open to discussion. Protection has, however, been accorded to one particular whale in an exceptional instance. Steamers going from New Zealand to Fiji pass through a narrow strait, called Pelorus Sound. A black whale (said to be of the kind known as Risso's grampus) of about fourteen feet in length, was apparently a settled inhabitant of this channel, and used to follow the steamers and accompany them through the sound. He became famous and popular, and was known as "Pelorus Jack." He was always looked for and recognized by the sailors and passengers. Certain savagely destructive persons on one of these steamers—to the horror and disgust of the New Zealand world—made an attempt to shoot "Pelorus Jack." It is stated, and believed by sailors, that ill-luck consequently fell on that steamer. On its next voyage it was avoided by the whale, who had never failed to welcome friendly and non-aggressive steamships, and on a third voyage the steamer was wrecked. The feeling about "Pelorus Jack" was so strong, that His Excellency the Governor of New Zealand, Lord Plunket, signed, on Sept. 26, 1904, an order-in-council, protecting "Pelorus Jack" by name for five years, and any person interfering with him was liable to a fine of £100.

It appears that under the New Zealand Fisheries Act of 1894, the Governor-in-Council is empowered to make regulations protecting any fish. Although zoologically not belonging to the class of fishes, whales are, technically and for all legal and commercial purposes "fishes," since they are "fished" and are the booty of "fisheries." I believe that no governor, council, or secretary of state has power in the British Isles similar to that conferred on the Governor of New Zealand by a modern state which desires good and effective government. Such power is needed in all parts of the British Empire.

The whales, as compared with their dog-like ancestors, are modified to a more extreme degree and in more special ways than is the case in any other group of which we can trace the history over a similar period of development. This is connected with the complete change of conditions of life to which these mammals "warm-blooded, air-breathing quadrupeds which suckle their young" have become adapted in passing from terrestrial to a marine existence. Other mammalian ancestors have independently taken to a marine life, and given rise to strange adaptations, namely, the seals and also the Manatee and Dugong, known as the Sirenia, because they gave rise to sailors' stories of mermaids and sirens, but these are far less changed, less modified, than the whales. The whales have acquired a completely fish-like form, frequently a large back fin, and have lost the hind legs altogether. The horizontally spread flukes of the whale's tail have nothing to do with the hind legs, whereas the common seal's hind legs are tied together so as to form a sort of a tail. In the bigger whales, sunk deep into the muscle and blubber, we find on each side, well forward in the body, not near the tail, a pair of isolated, unattached bony pieces, which are the hip-bones and thigh-bones, all that remains of the hind limbs. The neck is so short that in many whales the seven neck bones, or "vertebrae," are all fused into one solid piece not longer than a single ordinary vertebra, and showing six grooves marking off the seven vertebrae which have united into one.

The head is more strangely altered than any other part of the whales. The jaws are greatly elongated—so as to give a beak-like form in all—but this region is specially long and narrow in the "beaked whales" known to zoologists by the name Ziphius, in which it consists of a solid piece of ivory-like bone, which we find in a fossil state in the bone-bed

of the Suffolk crag. Farther back, the bones of the face are suddenly widened in all whales and porpoises, and in many these bones grow up into enormous crests and ridges. The nostrils, instead of being placed, as in other animals, at the free end of the snout or beak, lie far back, so as to form the "blow-hole," which is near the middle of the head.

The circulation of the blood and the breathing of whales (including in that term the smaller kinds known as dolphins and porpoises), is still a matter which is not properly understood. When a Greenland whale is struck by the harpoon, it dives vertically downward to a depth of 400 fathoms and more (nearly half a mile), and occasionally wounds the skin and bones of its snout by violently striking it on the sea bottom. It remains below as long as forty minutes. Physiologists wish to know how the sudden compression of the air in the lungs in plunging to this depth, and the equally sudden expansion of it in rising from such a depth is dealt with in the whale's economy, so as to prevent the absolutely deadly results which would ensue were any ordinary air-breathing animal subjected to such changes of pressure. Man, for instance, can endure without suffering an increase of the pressure of the gases in his body amounting to three or four times that to which he is accustomed, as when working in the compressed air of "caissons." But the whale goes suddenly to a depth at which is eighty times that at the surface. Then, too, man (and other terrestrial animals), after being subjected (for instance, in a caisson) to a pressure of four times that which exist on the free surface of the earth, is liable to be killed by suddenly passing from that high pressure into the ordinary air. The gases dissolved in his blood expand like the gas in a bottle of soda water when the cork is drawn, and the bubbles interfere with the circulation of the blood in the inner blood-vessels (of especial importance being those of the brain and spinal cord), and the serious illness and death of workmen has frequently resulted from this cause. Accordingly, the men who work in such "compressed atmospheres" are now made to pass through a series of chambers, in each of which the pressure is diminished and brought nearer to that of the normal atmosphere. By spending twenty minutes in each chamber successively, the workman is gradually brought to the pressure of the outer world, and his blood prevented from "effervescing." But what must be the condition of the gases in the blood of the whale which suddenly rises from four hundred fathoms to the surface? The whale suddenly goes, not from a pressure of four times the normal, but from eighty times the normal, to the normal pressure.

Whales, and also seals, are provided with remarkable special networks of blood-vessels in various parts of the body (called "retia Mirabilia" by the old anatomists), and also with a thick layer of fat (some feet deep in a large whale) is full of blood-vessels. It has been suggested that these networks of blood-vessels are related in some way both to the power of keeping long (forty minutes!) under water without breathing, and also to the freedom of these marine monsters from the deadly effects of rapid passage from great to little gas-pressure. But it is only a suggestion; no one has shown how the networks act so as to effect these results, and I am quite unable to do so. Another suggestion worth considering is that the whale completely empties the gas out of its lungs by muscular compression of the body-wall before diving, so that there is no gas left in the body to be acted upon by the increased pressure resulting from its sinking into deep water.

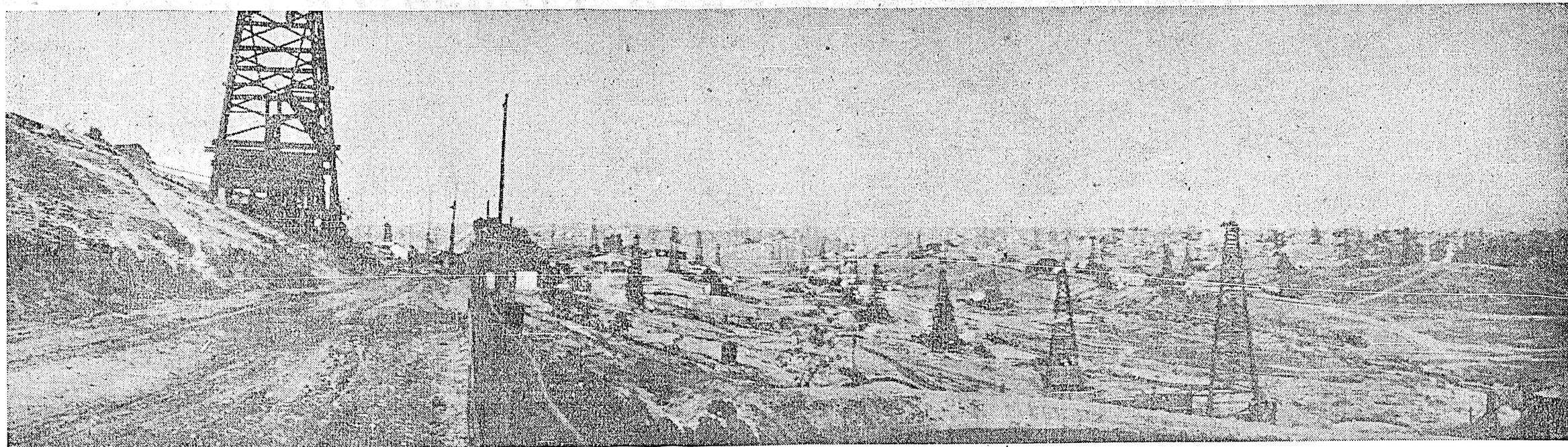
The toothed whales are nearer to the ancestral primitive whales than are the whalebone whales. The latter are the most peculiar, and specially adapted with their huge heads and mouths (a third the length of the whole animal in the Greenland whale), and their palisades of

350 whalebone planks, some twelve feet long, on each side of the mouth. (I may mention in parenthesis that, while whalebone has been largely superseded by light steel in the making of umbrellas and corsets, its value still remains, or rather increases, on account of its being the only material for making certain kinds of large brushes which are used in connection with machinery). The whalebone whales have, when first born, very minute teeth hidden in their jaws; they disappear. Some of the toothed whales have teeth only in the lower jaw (the cachalot), others (the beaked whales, Ziphius, etc.), have only one pair or two pairs of teeth. These are tusklike, and placed in the lower jaw. Others (the dolphins and porpoises) have very numerous peg-like teeth in each jaw. Some of them feed on fish, pursuing the shoals in parties or "schools."

A truly terrible toothed whale is the large porpoise called the killer (known to zoologists as *Orca gladiator*). He is the wolf of the sea, far more active and formidable than any shark, about ten feet long, and strangely marked in black, white and yellow. He has jaws bigger than those of the largest Mugger crocodile, and a tremendous array of fang-like teeth. These killers hunt the right, or whalebone whales in all parts of the world, in parties of three to twelve. They hang on to the lips of their enormous "quarry," and once they get a hold, in twenty minutes tear it to pieces. Often they satisfy themselves with tearing out and devouring the gigantic tongue of their victim, leaving the carcass untouched.

The narwhal and the white whale, or Beluga, which furnishes "porpoise-hide" for boots and laces are both caught in northern seas, and form a closely allied pair, similar to one another in shape and color, the one white, the other grey, and of moderate size, about twelve feet. They both feed on cuttle-fish and minute shrimps, but the Beluga has many teeth, and the narwhal, with the exception of some rudimentary ones, only a single pair, and these in front of the upper jaw. In the female narwhal this pair of teeth remain permanently concealed in the jaw bone, and so does the right side one of the male. But the left side tooth of the male grows to an enormous size, projecting horizontally in front of the narwhal to a length of seven or eight feet. It is a powerful weapon, and is formed of ivory spirally grooved on the surface. The narwhal was called "the unicorn fish," or "Monoceros" in ancient times, and its spirally-marked tooth was confused with the horn of the terrestrial unicorn—the rhinoceros. Very rarely the right tooth of the male narwhal grows to full size side by side with the left tooth. A specimen showing this double-toothed condition is in the Natural History Museum. A most curious fact, quite unexplained as yet, is that the spiral grooving on both the teeth turns in the same direction: in both it is like a spiral staircase, in mounting which you continually turn to the right. Now, in all other animal structures which have a spiral growth and are paired—one belonging to the right side of the animal and the other to the left, as, for instance, the spirally marked horns of antelopes and the more loosely coiled horns of sheep and cattle—one of the pair forms a right-handed and the other a left-handed spiral. They are "complementary;" one is the reflection, as in a mirror, of the other. Why the narwhal's tooth does not conform to this rule is a mystery.

It is a remarkable fact that only a few whales and porpoises eat fish or the flesh of other whales. The large toothed whales, including the cachalot or sperm whale, and also the Ziphius-like beaked whales, live upon cuttle-fish. And it seems that they know where to hunt for this special article of diet and how to find it in quantity (probably at great depths in the ocean), which naturalists do not. Many new kinds of cuttle-fish have been discovered by examining the contents of the stomach of captured whales.



The Kern River, California, Oilfields

This field is fifteen years old and produced during the year just gone 14,100,000 bbls. of crude oil valued at 50 cents per bbl., or \$7,050,000. There are upwards of 2100 derricks herein, all producing. Unlike wells in the Eastern and Texas fields, the California oil well does not run dry. On the contrary, they seem to be everlasting. One well in the State has been flowing steadily for twenty-five years. The volume of oil produced from the Kern river wells is the same as on the day they came in, and the number of holes put down apparently has no effect on the vast underlying oil-pools.

The Canadian Pacific Oil Co., of B. C., Ltd., a local corporation, is operating in the California fields on 60 acres in Midway, Kern county, due south, 40 miles from Bakersfield. This is the newest, yet most sensational field in the State. Only twelve-months' old, it yielded 2,106,000 bbls. and there are scarcely a hundred derricks in the field. Oil is had here in greater quantities, oil men not being pleased unless they bring in a 1,000 bbl. gusher, at least. Up in the Kern River district, they are tickled to death to get a 200 bbl. pumper.

There has been a great rush to the Midway district because of the wonderful wells which have come in here in the past few weeks. Land has skyrocketed and what you could have bought a few months ago for nothing is now priceless. Within $\frac{3}{4}$ of a mile of the property of this corporation, to the West toward the range of foothills, is one of the biggest oil wells in the whole world—the St. Lawrence, born Nov. 28, 1909. It is keeping up a steady flow of 4,000 bbls. Other great wells are nearby. There is nothing to stop us from getting a well, just as big, at the same depth—2500 feet. We are fast at work here now, the drill being down over 600 feet.

Also, this company owns 40 acres in Coalinga, Calif., the biggest field in the world. Last year it produced 15,324,374 bbls. We are in the heart of this district. Work begins here February 1st.

Also, there is 640 acres prospective oil land up the State 20 miles, belonging to this corporation.

These are our assets.

We require some more money to put down new wells.

This is a British Columbia institution, with local men at the helm.

Stock is par at \$1.00. There is a block of it on the public altar at 25c.

It should pay 4 to 6 to 10 to 20 to 1 on the investment. You never had anything like this in your life, nor never will.

The stock is going like a whirlwind and may be gone at any moment; so don't delay if you mean business.

Come in and talk the thing over or send for prospectus.

Fill out this application today; tomorrow may be too late.
Royal Loan & Trust Co., Limited,
Fiscal Agents, 638 View Street, Victoria, B. C.

Enclosed please find \$..... as..... payment for..... Shares
of stock in the Canadian Pacific Oil Co. of British Columbia, Limited, at 25c per
share, fully paid and non-assessable.

Name

Address

Terms, half cash, balance 30 and 60 days

CANADIAN PACIFIC OIL CO. OF B. C. LTD.

Royal Loan & Trust Co., Fiscal Agents

638 View Street

Victoria, B. C.

The Canary Islands

Our climate, though far from ideal, has its redeeming features. The beauties of other countries are praised, and the lot of those who live in continual sunshine is envied by the inhabitants of the British Isles. Yet there are worse conditions than rain and snow and fog, says the London Daily Times. Earthquakes and volcanic eruptions need much in the way of compensation. It frequently happens that the most favored of lands are the scenes of those terrible visitations. Sunshine, fertility of soil, and occasional calamities would seem to be inseparably associated. Sicily, with its incomparable climate, has only too recently been to the fore as regards earthquakes. Jamaica and its troubles are still fresh in the public mind. Beautiful Naples, the home of fruit and flowers, has suffered much from the anger of Vesuvius, and it is little more than a decade since the orange groves of Florida were laid low by a blizzard of terrific force. Strangely enough, although the places mentioned are large fruit-growing centres, it is the exception, and not the rule, that the damage to crops and production in general is of a serious nature. Human life and property have been destroyed, but agriculture and fruit-growing have escaped in a marvellous manner. At the time of the great Sicilian earthquake the fruit trees were practically uninjured, and the eruptions of Vesuvius have not interfered with the area wherein lemons, oranges, and cauliflowers are cultivated. During the recent gale in Jamaica some half-a-million banana stems were destroyed. This may seem at first sight to be a disaster of great magnitude, but in reality is not far-reaching in its effects. This has been a record year in the yield of Jamaican bananas, the total production amounting to over fifteen million bunches, so that the loss sustained will not interfere with the growers to any appreciable extent. When three months will have passed the damage will be thought of no more. It is now the turn of the Canary Islands to attain unwelcome notoriety through the eruption of the Pico de Teida, and, notwithstanding the fact that such eventualities are always unpleasant and have a disturbing effect, there is up to the present little to fear in the way of injury to fruit plantations, and supplies will continue to be shipped as if nothing had happened.

Our Imports.

Bananas, tomatoes, and potatoes constitute the exports of the Canary Islands, and the United Kingdom is the chief consumer of these commodities. In the year 1903, out of 2,355,778 crates of bananas shipped from Las Palmas and Tenerife only 320,223 were sent to other shores than ours. Our markets likewise disposed of 766,839 bundles of tomatoes out of a total output of 829,940. The quantity of Canary Islands' potatoes purchased outside of the British Isles is hardly worthy of notice, being just under 25,000 cases, as against 525,826 sent to home ports. It will thus be seen at a glance that we are by far the most important customers of the Canary Islands, who take from us very large bulks of coal and an average of nearly 12,000 gallons of beer annually. We also export chemical manures, flour, wheat, and maize in fair quantities to those parts. The popular impression that the Canary Isles are one huge beautiful garden is somewhat erroneous. Two of the islands, Fuerteventura and Lanzarote, are dry, arid, and cheerless places, with a poor share of vegetation, and subject to that unpleasantly hot wind which blows from Africa known as Sircoo. In 1885 these two undesirable spots were deserted by the inhabitants, who suffered severely from want of water. The chief growing centres are Grand Canary for bananas and potatoes, and Tenerife for tomatoes. Both of these are exceptionally fertile. At Atalaya, in Grand Canary, may be seen the curious sight of a vineyard in the crater of an extinct volcano. The whole presents a cup-like appearance, with an internal decoration of grapes. Two other dots of the Archipelago are also productive of fruit, viz., Gomera and Palma.

The Hoya Grande.

So well known is the history of the banana trade in the Canary Islands as to need merely passing reference. Cochineal was no longer in demand owing to the introduction of aniline dyes, and the inhabitants were sorely distressed. At the suggestion of Sir (then Mr.) Alfred Jones, bananas were first cultivated some twenty-five years ago, since when the industry has increased by leaps and bounds. The figures quoted above bear ample testimony to that fact, especially when an average crate contains fully 120 to 150 "fingers." In the southerly portion of Tenerife lies the Hoya Grande, meaning large hole, or socket of the eye, on which plantation are produced the finest and handsomest bananas grown in the Canary Islands. The soil is exceptionally favorable to the cultivation of the fruit, which is most carefully tended, much money being spent each year on irrigation. So fine however, are the growths of this district that Hoya bananas invariably command 50 per cent more money on the London market than the ordinary average quality shipped from the Canaries. As fruit is always sold strictly on its merits, market price is the fairest indication of quality.

One of the chief troubles in that part of the world is the scarcity of water. When we hear of costly land it is safe to infer that the water supply is adequate, or, at any rate, better than in most districts, where, owing to the paucity of the rainfall, much inconvenience is caused. There is much variety in the size and quality of Canary bananas; the mere fact of the fruit having been grown there is not a guarantee of

perfection. Much depends upon careful handling and packing, and, above all, the avoidance of chill which is fatal to the banana. It has taken years of incessant labour to teach fruiters how to protect this delicate fruit from the destructive effects of cold, and it is to be feared that many, even in this country, are yet unable or unwilling to learn. Thousands of bananas are destroyed annually from exposure to cold. What a pity it is that so much good fruit should be ruined through sheer carelessness, when a little trouble would obviate this unnecessary waste.

Costly Tomato Seed.

There has recently died one of the pioneers of the Canary Island fruit trade. The late Mr. H. Wolfson was the first to export tomatoes from Santa Cruz in 1885. In these days small consignments in trays containing 4lb net were sold at 2s per pound, wholesale, which price, of course, could only be obtained owing to scarcity of supply, as the fruit was on the market at a time when there was nothing to compete against it. Nowadays the weight of tomatoes exported in bundles amounts to about 42,000,000lb, and even this enormous bulk does not represent anything approaching the whole amount grown in the islands. About one-third of the tomatoes which fruitfully are destroyed by climatic troubles, the fruit when grown in the open being very delicate and susceptible to a large number of diseases. There are several crops in the course of a year, and we depend upon the Canary Islands for our supplies of fresh tomatoes throughout the winter, the season being at its height from October until May. Some of the best and finest seed procurable is sent out for tomato cultivation, five guineas per pound being considered by no means an extravagant price to pay for that commodity. English and American seeds are preferred to all others. When ready for shipment the fruit is carefully selected, the various sizes and qualities being kept apart. Each tomato is wrapped in a separate piece of paper, and packed in a box containing specially prepared peat, which substance communicates neither taste nor smell to the fruit. Experience is required to gauge the exact stage at which tomatoes must be placed in the boxes to ensure that on arrival in this country the condition shall be edible, and it is marvelous to note the accuracy with which this is calculated by the best shippers. An important point is the cutting of the green stalk in such a manner that just sufficient shall adhere to the fruit to give it an attractive appearance, the blend of red and green being very pleasing to the eye. Many women are employed in the culture and packing of tomatoes, and it is doubtful if men could be found so naturally neat and artistic in their methods.

Potatoes.

From March until May the bulk of the "new" potatoes served in our restaurants are from the Canaries. The majority are somewhat floury in texture as opposed to the waxiness of those from the Channel Islands, but restaurateurs prefer the former for several reasons. As a rule, they are cheaper, and—what is far more to the point—Canary potatoes will keep longer after having been boiled. The unsuspecting individual who lurches late is frequently served with potatoes which were ready quite two hours before his arrival, and may even have been cooked a second time. Unless the aforesaid person is possessed of a keen palate—and most people are not—the Canary Island potato thus treated will pass muster without comment. Potato seed is usually sent to the Canaries in October, but great difficulty has been experienced this year in securing good samples, as the unpropitious season has done much damage to potatoes in this country. There has been a large amount of rain, and, consequently too much moisture in the ground. German seeds have therefore been exported to the Canary Isles.

Some very fine oranges are grown at Telde, but cannot be reckoned as a commercial commodity. This fruit realizes too high a price in the Islands to allow of a large export trade with England. Large liners calling at the Canaries for supplies provide a sufficient market for nearly all the oranges produced there, and as our resources for that fruit are already more than adequate, we do not suffer in the least from the loss of those grown off the coast of Africa.

KING MANUEL II. OF PORTUGAL

I have some difficulty in speaking of His Majesty for the simple reason that I have the honor to know him so well. Had I met him only occasionally, it is possible I could give a very clear account of these interviews, but the very fact of my intimacy with the Royal Family of Portugal, the very fact of knowing His Majesty so well and of having spoken of him so often, makes it not a little difficult to know what to say.

Someone has said that His Majesty has no history, and to the outside world this is true, for out of Portugal very little was heard of him during his father's reign.

The education of the King and his elder brother was entrusted to an Austrian tutor, Herr Keraus, an extremely clever and able man, and one who has performed his work admirably. He found his younger pupil, the present King, by far the more interested in his studies, and it was he, I believe, who some years ago remarked that it was a pity Don Manuel would never be king, because he was so intelligent and so kind-hearted.

In some of the newspaper articles on the subject of His Majesty, there has been a tendency to emphasize his love of study and to

contrast this with the late Duke of Braganza's love of sport. The effect of his contrast has been to make it appear that His Majesty is something of a bookworm. This, of course, is very far from being the case.

His Majesty is quite English in his love of sport, and takes that keen delight in the open air that one finds in every normal young Englishman. He fences well, swims, plays tennis, sculls, and shoots, and he has the true sportsman's affection for animals. One of his dogs, by the way, is an English terrier, "Box."

Though his motor cars have to a certain extent replaced his horses, His Majesty has been very fond of horses and riding from the day when he first bestrode his pony. Nothing pleased him better when he and his brother were staying at the Pena, near Cintra, than a hard gallop through the woods.

The other day I was told a story of one of these expeditions. The lady who told it was staying at Cintra a few years ago when she was quite a child, and in a fit of childish anger she had run away into the woods. After wandering about for some time, she was startled by the sudden appearance of a little boy mounted on a pony.

"Have you seen my brother?" the young rider cried.

The little girl scowled fiercely at the intruder.

"No; I haven't," she replied aggressively. "Who is your brother?"

The young rider laughed and bowed as he turned his pony away.

"Oh," he retorted, "only the Crown Prince."

It suddenly dawned on the little girl that her questioner had been Don Manuel; and she fled home in terror, uncomfortably conscious of her rudeness.

It has been pointed out that His Majesty is much more English-looking than was his elder brother. This, I think, is to a certain extent true, for the late Crown Prince was brilliantly fair. Certainly King Manuel is very English in his tastes.

He has a great admiration for English customs and institutions, and his knowledge of the English language and literature is extensive. For this he is doubtless indebted to his mother, Queen Amelie, since Her Majesty has a high regard for the English people and for England, where she was born and brought up.

His Majesty's interest in the affairs of state has been a source of surprise to his ministers since he ascended the throne. He reads every state paper that comes before him, and makes himself complete master of its contents.

This is very remarkable in one so young, for, though affairs of state are, in themselves, things of the greatest interest, this is occasionally very far from being the case with official documents.

I must conclude these remarks with an expression of pleasure at the interest taken by the English people in King Manuel's visit to their country. It is, indeed, very gratifying to all His Majesty's subjects.—M. A. P.

APPLES.

There are certain seasons and certain things welcomed especially by the anxious housewife, and none more gratefully than the time of apples. This year many garden products have been decided failures, and, though anything and everything can be bought in the markets and shops of big towns, owners of gardens, especially where there is no forcing apparatus, are conscious of a distinct shortage of green stuff, especially of salad materials. To buy vegetables in the real country is about as easy as to find an expert modiste or an intelligent carpenter, and ingenuity and invention will be tried considerably during the coming months by the mistresses of households who desire variety in the menu, but whose purses and resources are alike limited.

Apples have a food value far above that of cabbages and Brussels sprouts, if people would only leave the groove from which they daily serve, as if by compulsion, a dish of "greens," to accompany the meat course as well as potato. The monotony of an apple course to follow the joint could be no greater than that of the plainly boiled greenstuff that accompanies it, and an ordinary cook will take far more trouble with what she would look on as a "sweet." In fact she would be induced to dress her apples in more ways than it would occur to her to attempt with a cabbage.

Apples pared, cored, sliced, and gently stewed can be served sweetened or unsweetened to taste, and if that truly English custom of a "second vegetable" must be adhered to, they are quite as nice with veal as with pork, and not to be despised with mutton. A bit of butter stirred in before the puree leaves the fire is an improvement. Rather acid apples, peeled and cored, but not sliced, can be simmered till they are cooked through, but do not lose their shapes and the hollow in the centres filled with a mixture of bread-crumbs moistened with milk and mixed with a little finely chopped onion or chives. Savoury apple fritters, where a light dusting of pepper and salt takes the place of powdered sugar, and a savoury omelette of apples, are both dishes that may precede the pudding course when vegetables with the meat have run short. The omelette is really baked, not fried, and consists of ready-cooked apple beaten up with egg and bread-crumbs, the latter in equal weight with the fruit, and then baked in a shallow, well-buttered dish, and turned out.

IT SOUNDED HOPEFUL

A young man who was not particularly entertaining was monopolizing the attention of a pretty debutante with a lot of uninteresting conversation.

"Now my brother," he remarked in the course of a dissertation on his family, "is just the opposite of me in every respect. Do you know my brother?"

"No," the debutante replied demurely, "but I should like to."—November Lippincott's.

The Violins of Stradivari

Interesting facts concerning Antonio Stradivari are to be found in a new edition of the life of this master violin maker of Cremona, written by W. Henry, Arthur F. and Albert E. Hill, of London. No field so limited in its scope has so great a fascination for students and investigators as the period devoted to the lives and craft of this little group of artisans whose violins have never been equalled by modern makers, and no one is better qualified to deal with this period than the Hills of London, through whose hands as dealers have passed many of the greatest examples of old fiddles now owned by museums or by artists and other individual collectors.

Little is known about Stradivari's personality, except that he worked almost to the day of his death, that he was poorly paid for years, that he was tall and thin of appearance, and that many famous personages made pilgrimages to his workshop and personally gave orders, that he had many children and was twice married.

In view of the thousands of alleged old Italian violins that are to be found in shops it is interesting to learn the estimate made by these authors of the number of real Strads. The Hills have carefully figured out that Stradivari made 1,116 instruments during his lifetime. The authors say:

"The more we learn about Stradivari the more are we impressed by his industry and devotion to his art. His powers of production seemed only to augment as the years rolled on; his art was his sole occupation. He labored during upwards of seventy-five out of ninety-four years of life allotted to him. Oft-repeated examinations in many samples of Stradivari's work justifies us in stating that he was an expeditious worker. Nothing executed by him bears the impress of having been laborled either in style or finish. He was a past master in handling the tools and all his works bear the stamp of having been carefully, intelligently, but quickly carried out. We think at the lowest estimate that he completed one violoncello or two violins a month; say, an average of twenty-five violins or ten violoncellos in a year. We believe this is an underestimate."

Having satisfied themselves with the number of instruments made by Stradivari, the Hills turn their attention to the number now in existence. Their search has been only fairly satisfactory, as some reputed owners did not answer their letters and others could not be located. They believe, however, that they have succeeded in recording three-fourths of them, and this is the total at which they have arrived: Violins, 540; violas, 12; violoncellos, 50. The authors write with some feeling regarding the lack of care and neglect of some famous Stradivari instruments, and also of the fate of these instruments when given to incompetent repairers.

"A glaring instance is furnished by a fine Stradivari, the sides of which were lowered by an Italian violin maker, who added insult to injury by inserting his own label stating: 'Reviso e corretto da me!'"

One of the most interesting chapters in the books deals with prices which the old Italian fiddles have brought. The scale has been as follows:

In 1572 a Cremona violin cost approximately \$60; in 1637, \$80. In 1680 Stradivari was requested by the Duke of Modena to make a violoncello and deliver it in person to him. The Duke not only expressed the pleasure it gave him to make his personal acquaintance and highly praised his work, but marked his gratification by making him a present of thirty pistoles in addition to paying the price agreed upon. Thirty pistoles was approximately equal to \$120, making \$300 in all.

A violin dated 1704 bought by Arthur Betts for \$6 was sold by him about 1852 for \$2,500 to John Bone, of Devonport, an amateur. He parted with it in 1860 to J. B. Vuillaume for \$1,000. Vuillaume sold it to M. Wilmotte, of Antwerp, in 1861, for \$1,400. He in turn retained it until 1873 when C. G. Meier became its owner, paying \$3,000. In 1878 Gebрге Hart bought it for \$4,000, and in 1886 he sold it to the Duc de Camposelice for \$6,000. In 1891 the Hills paid an advance on this figure and secured it. This is now known as the famous Betts violin.

Joachim purchased his first Stradivari, dated 1714, for 250 louis d'or (\$1,000) when nineteen years old, the seller being Herr Muller of Bremen. The price asked was \$1,120, but his uncles, who had agreed to find the money, considered this sum excessive. In the dilemma Joachim offered to make up the difference himself, but they would not consent; and finally the owner, seeing the artist's anxiety to possess the violin, consented to accept the reduced price.

These figures represented sales up to 1870. After 1870 Stradivari prices leaped forward.

Today an average specimen of Stradivari violin cannot be purchased for less than from \$3,000 to \$5,000, while a fine specimen is worth from \$6,000 to \$8,000. Regarding the very high figures the Hills say:

"The examples which command a still higher figure are of quite exceptional merit; their value is a fancy one, fixed most often by arbitrary circumstances, and they are invariably in the possession of wealthy owners who as a rule can only be induced to part with them if at all—by tempting offers. Nevertheless, the Stradivaris for which sums greater than \$7,500 have been justifiably paid are fewer by far than is popularly believed."

The much-discussed subject of the varnish used by Stradivari is dwelt upon at length. The late Signor Giacomo Stradivari during his entire life was beseeched to tell what had become of the Stradivari varnish secret, and, on being pressed, finally made this statement:

"I was a boy when my father died, and a few years later it was decided that our family should remove to another house. As a consequence, all our belongings were turned over. In the course of looking through our old books, my eyes were arrested by an old Bible, and, opening it, I read the writing inside the cover. I had heard repeated mention made of the skill of my famous ancestor, and of the fame of the varnish he used. Here, then, was the prescription for the same. I grasped the importance of my discovery and determined to take possession of the book without mentioning the matter even to my mother. But how to hide this bulky volume I knew not; so I forthwith resolved, first to make a faithful copy of the prescription—it was dated 1704—and then destroy the book, which I did."

Giacomo Stradivari claimed that he was offered large sums by M. Vuillaume and Count Castelbarco for the receipt, but refused to sell it. He kept the secret even from his relatives, resolving never to reveal it.

"That Stradivari used solely a pure oil varnish, the composition of which consisted of a gum solution in oil, possessing good drying qualities, is, we think, beyond controversy," are the authors' conclusions. "We cannot claim for Stradivari the possession of a varnish superior to all others, but we do unhesitatingly say that his greater capacity gave him a power of manipulation, which furnished results that, looked at as a whole, surpass those of all his competitors. We think that it is not either sufficiently known or recognized that in a great measure Stradivari instruments owe to it their distinguished quality of tone; in reality the future of any perfectly constructed instrument is determined by the coat it is clothed in."

SOCIETY'S LATEST FAD.

Everyone realizes the effect of environment on men and women, and nowhere is this more recognized than in fashionable society. For ages women have adapted their clothes to their personalities, but the latest craze is to adapt their surroundings also. The most recent idea is black wall-paper for fair women, and it is claimed that, by having the decorations of rooms of a sombre color, the fair skins of blondes—and even of darker women—will be thereby enhanced in beauty.

Black wallpaper decorations are being arranged by Anne Austen, Limited, of New Bond Street, and are apt to become very popular. On the dead black background of the paper appear various beautiful designs of flowers in a delicate green, relieved with rose pink.

As a matter of fact, black wall papers were used as far back as the eighteenth century, but it is only quite recently that they have been utilized as aids to beauty.

A Remarkable Effect.

Of course, it is in artificial light that black wallpapers look their best. At a crowded reception, with numbers of fair women in evening dress, the effect is quite remarkable. In the black room the furniture should be rose pink or lizard green, with a plain green carpet; while the walls ought to be devoid of all pictures. The sombre paper may be greatly relieved by panels of cream tinted with gold, and large cheval glasses are also used.

The value of dark foils to fair skins was understood by the society blondes of old, who were almost invariably accompanied in their walks by negro page boys with jet black complexions—a picturesque custom that, is not likely to be revived.

The Craze in America.

In America, the idea of suiting one's surroundings to one's personality and temperament has already reached a fine art. Many well-known society women have nearly every room in their houses adapted to their various moods and appearances.

Thus the bedrooms are decorated in soft warm colors, melting harmoniously together, while the lights are so arranged as to give a tranquil, sleep-alluring atmosphere which will cure the worst attack of insomnia.

The music rooms are hung with portraits of the leading musicians, while the chairs are often carved with figures of harps, violins, and other musical instruments. And so on with all the other apartments.

The "Emotional Dinner Service."

But perhaps the most curious fad—also American—is what is known as "the emotional dinner service." According to some "smart set" hostesses, a dinner will be much more appreciated if the various courses are served on plates that suggest the flavor of the food.

Fish is served in silver boats decorated with miniature mermaids, while venison would appear at table on a dish supported by a carved deerhound. The plates are decorated with antlers; and dishes used for game have enamelled designs of pheasant or partridge feathers. Ices are served in miniature frosted glass caves hung with imitation icicles, and each fruit plate is fashioned to represent a particular kind of fruit.

These freak dinners serviced are, naturally, exceedingly expensive, and the most elaborate are carried out in the finest beaten silver.

SAVING

"Every boy should put his pennies and nickels in a little savings bank," said the speaker at Sunday school.

"Hugh!! An' have the old man bust the bank to pay the gas bill? I don't it just ont," remarked the bad youth of the class.—Philadelphia Ledger.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING RATES
One cent a word each insertion; 10 per cent discount for six or more consecutive insertions; cash with order. No advertisement accepted for less than 25 cents.

Business and Professional Cards of four lines or under—\$1.00 per week.
No advertisement charged on account for less than \$2.00.

Phone No. 11.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ARCHITECTS

GRIFITH, H. S., ARCHITECT, 1009 Government St. Phone 1489.

PROCTOR, THOMAS, ARCHITECT—IN practice in B. C. for twenty-five years. Plans and specifications prepared on application. Office, 5 Sisters Block, Phone 927.

MACLURE, S. C., ARCHITECT—6 AND 7 West Fifth St. Tel. Res. B-704; Office, 1140 Douglas St.

ROCHFORT, W. D. H., ARCHITECT—Office Five Sisters Block, Phone 1894.

ELWOOD WATKINS, ARCHITECT—1001 West Fifth St. Tel. Res. B-704; Office, 1140 Douglas St.

WILSON, JOHN, ARCHITECT, 1293 Government St. Victoria, B. C. Phone 1932. Res. 1018. P. O. Box 395.

BAGGAGE DELIVERED

VICTORIA TRANSFER CO., LTD., TELEPHONE 129.

PACIFIC TRANSFER CO., PHONE 249, 600-608 Fort St.—We issue receipts for baggage, furniture, moving and storage a specialty.

BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS

CLAY—BEST KNOWN TEA ROOMS ON the Coast. Our bread, cake and pastry cannot be beaten. Store 619 Fort St. Phone 1489.

SCOTCH BAKERY, 411 DOUGLAS ST.—The reliable place for first class cakes and pastries; prices reasonable. Wedding cakes a specialty. Gen. Florence.

BLUE PRINTING AND MAPS

PRINTS, ANY LENGTH IN ONE PIECE, six cents per foot. Blue Print and Map Co., 115 Langley St.

BOATS AND ENGINES

VICTORIA BOAT & ENGINE CO., LTD.—Boats and launches built, estimates, repairs, designs. Shop, 424 David street. W. D. Buck, manager. Phone 205.

BOOKBINDERS

THE COLONIST HAS THE BEST equipped bookbinding in the province, the result is equal in proportion.

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS

STANDARD STATIONERY CO.—SOUVENIRS, post cards, latest books, newspapers of the world. Agents for the Victoria Standard. 260 Douglas St. Phone 278.

BOOT AND SHOE REPAIRING

AT HUBB'S, 3 Oriental Alley, opposite Panacea Theatre.

BOTTLES

A L KINDS OF BOTTLES WANTED—Good prices paid. Victoria Junk Agency, 1620 Store street. Phone 1336.

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS

LUNY BROS., BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS—All building and jobbing work. Phone 679. We attend to your order.

WILLIAM F. DRYSDALE, CONTRACTOR and Builder, is prepared to give prices on all building and job work. Residence, 1332, 933 North Park St. Telephone 1-1392.

WELTHELM LUMBER CO., LTD.—General Contractors and Builders. Office 791 Broughton, Phone 1898.

BUILDERS' SUPPLIES

A. ANDERSON, W. J., MANTLES, GRATES and stoves, and all building materials. P. O. Box 29. Tel. 95. Corner Langley and Courtney Sts.

BUSINESS COLLEGES

VICTORIA BUSINESS COLLEGE—PITMAN'S shorthand, Touch typewriting, bookkeeping, dictation, penmanship, practice by Edison's business phonograph; new penmanship, specially adapted; fees, \$60 for course in shorthand, \$25.00 for penmanship, evening classes. Government St. opposite Victoria Theatre. Phone 1415.

CARPENTERS, JOINERS, JOBBERS

CAPITAL CARPENTER AND JOINING factory, Alfred Jones. All kinds of alterations, including 1000 Douglas St. and Yates street; office phone B2011. Res. 6129.

FOR ALTERATIONS, REPAIRS AND alterations, corner Fort and Courtney Sts. 11762.

CARRIAGE AND WAGON DEALERS

MABLE, WM.—IMPORTER OF MACLACHLAN buggies, traps; cannot be bettered for durability. Warehouse 571 Johnson St. Phone 1336.

FOR ALTERATIONS, REPAIRS AND alterations, corner Fort and Courtney Sts. 11762.

CHIMNEY SWEEPING AND TILING

CHIMNEY SWEEPING, CHIMNEY AND PLUMBING REPAIRS. Money loans granted. Phone 2262.

CHINESE IMPORTERS AND DEALERS

AM FOOK YUEN—IMPORTERS, DEALERS in china, tea, silk, full line of high-class goods at a bargain. Phone 1716 and 1717, 1718, 1719, 1720, 1721, 1722, 1723, 1724, 1725, 1726, 1727, 1728, 1729, 1730, 1731, 1732, 1733, 1734, 1735, 1736, 1737, 1738, 1739, 1740, 1741, 1742, 1743, 1744, 1745, 1746, 1747, 1748, 1749, 1750, 1751, 1752, 1753, 1754, 1755, 1756, 1757, 1758, 1759, 1760, 1761, 1762, 1763, 1764, 1765, 1766, 1767, 1768, 1769, 1770, 1771, 1772, 1773, 1774, 1775, 1776, 1777, 1778, 1779, 1780, 1781, 1782, 1783, 1784, 1785, 1786, 1787, 1788, 1789, 1790, 1791, 1792, 1793, 1794, 1795, 1796, 1797, 1798, 1799, 1800, 1801, 1802, 1803, 1804, 1805, 1806, 1807, 1808, 1809, 1810, 1811, 1812, 1813, 1814, 1815, 1816, 1817, 1818, 1819, 1820, 1821, 1822, 1823, 1824, 1825, 1826, 1827, 1828, 1829, 1830, 1831, 1832, 1833, 1834, 1835, 1836, 1837, 1838, 1839, 1840, 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866, 1867, 1868, 1869, 1870, 1871, 1872, 1873, 1874, 1875, 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 2680, 2681, 2682, 2683, 2684, 2685, 2686, 2687, 2688, 2689, 2690, 2691, 2692, 2693, 2694, 2695, 2696, 2697, 2698, 2699, 2700, 2701, 2702, 2703, 2704, 2705, 2706, 2707, 2708, 2709, 2710, 2711, 2712, 2713, 2714, 2715, 2716, 2717, 2718, 2719, 2720, 2721, 2722, 2723, 2724, 2725, 2726, 2727, 2728, 2729, 2730, 2731, 2732, 2733, 2734, 2735, 2736, 2737, 2738, 2739, 2740, 2741, 2742, 2743, 2744, 2745, 2746, 2747, 2748, 2749, 2750, 2751, 2752, 2753, 2754, 2755, 2756, 2757, 2758, 2759, 2760, 2761, 2762, 2763, 2764, 2765, 2766, 2767, 2768, 2769, 2770, 2771, 2772, 2773, 2774, 2775, 2776, 2777, 2778, 2779, 2780, 2781, 2782, 2783, 2784, 2785, 2786, 2787, 2788, 2789, 2790, 2791, 2792, 2793, 2794, 2795, 2796, 2797, 2798, 2799, 2800, 2801, 2802, 2803, 2804, 2805, 2806, 2807, 2808, 2809, 2810, 2811, 2812, 2813, 2814, 2815, 2816, 2817, 2818, 2819, 2820, 2821, 2822, 2823, 2824, 2825, 2826, 2827, 2828, 2829, 2830, 2831, 2832, 2833, 2834, 2835, 2836, 2837, 2838, 2839, 2840, 2841, 2842, 2843, 2844, 2845, 2846, 2847, 2848, 2849, 2850, 2851, 2852, 2853, 2854, 2855, 2856, 2857, 2858, 2859, 2860, 2861, 2862, 2863, 2864, 2865, 2866, 2867, 2868, 2869, 2870, 2871, 2872, 2873, 2874, 2875, 2876, 2877, 2878, 2879, 2880, 2881, 2882, 2883, 2884, 2885, 2886, 2887, 2888, 2889, 2890, 2891, 2892, 2893, 2894, 2895, 2896, 2897, 2898, 2899, 2900, 2901, 2902, 2903, 2904, 2905, 2906, 2907, 2908, 2909, 2910, 2911, 2912, 2913, 2914, 2915, 2916, 2917, 2918, 2919, 2920, 2921, 2922, 2923, 2924, 2925, 2926, 2927, 2928, 2929, 2930, 2931, 2932, 2933, 2934, 2935, 2936, 2937, 2938, 2939, 2940, 2941, 2942, 2943, 2944, 2945, 2946, 2947, 2948, 2949, 2950, 2951, 2952, 2953, 2954, 2955, 2956, 2957, 2958, 2959, 2960, 2961, 2962, 2963, 2964, 2965, 2966, 2967, 2968, 2969, 2970, 2971, 2972, 2973, 2974, 2975, 2976, 2977, 2978, 2979, 2980, 2981, 2982, 2983, 2984, 2985, 2986, 2987, 2988, 2989, 2990, 2991, 2992, 2993, 2994, 2995, 2996, 2997, 2998, 2999, 3000, 3001, 3002, 3003, 3004, 3005, 3006, 3007, 3008, 3009, 3010, 3011, 3012, 3013, 3014, 3015, 3016, 3017, 3018, 3019, 3020, 3021, 3022, 3023, 3024, 3025, 3026, 3027, 3028, 3029, 3030, 3031, 3032, 3033, 3034, 3035, 3036, 3037, 3038, 3039, 3040, 3041, 3042, 3043, 3044, 3045, 3046, 3047, 3048, 3049, 3050, 3051, 3052, 3053, 3054, 3055, 3056, 3057, 3058, 3059, 3060, 3061, 3062, 3063, 3064, 3065, 3066, 3067, 3068, 3069, 3070, 3071, 3072, 3073, 3074, 3075, 3076, 3077, 3078, 3079, 3080, 3081, 3082, 3083, 3084, 3085, 3086, 3087, 3088, 3089, 3090, 3091, 3092, 3093, 3094, 3095, 3096, 3097, 3098, 3099, 3100, 3101, 3102, 3103, 3104, 3105, 3106, 3107, 3108, 3109, 3110, 3111, 3112, 3113, 3114, 3115, 3116, 3117, 3118, 3119, 3120, 3121, 3122, 3123, 3124, 3125, 3126, 3127, 3128, 3129, 3130, 3131, 3132, 3133, 3134, 3135, 3136, 3137, 3138, 3139, 3140, 3141, 3142, 3143, 3144, 3145, 3146, 3147, 3148, 3149, 3150, 3151, 3152, 3153, 3154, 3155, 3156, 3157, 3158, 3159, 3160, 3161, 3162, 3163, 3164, 3165, 3166, 3167, 3168, 3169, 3170, 3171, 3172, 3173, 3174, 3175, 3176, 3177, 3178, 3179, 3180, 3181, 3182, 3183, 3184, 3185, 3186, 3187, 3188, 3189, 3190, 3191, 3192, 3193, 3194, 3195, 3196, 3197, 3198, 3199, 3200, 3201, 3202, 3203, 3204, 3205, 3206, 3207, 3208, 3209, 3210, 3211, 3212, 3213, 3214, 3215, 3216, 3217, 3218, 3219, 3220, 3221, 3222, 3223, 3224, 3225, 3226, 3227, 3228, 3229, 3230, 3231, 3232, 3233, 3234, 3235, 3236, 3237, 3238, 3239, 3240, 3241, 3242, 3243, 3244, 3245, 3246, 3247, 3248, 3249, 3250, 3251, 3252, 3253, 3254, 3255, 3256, 3257, 3258, 3259, 3260, 3261, 3262, 3263, 3264, 3265, 3266, 3267, 3268, 3269, 3270, 3271, 3272, 3273, 3274, 3275, 3276, 3277, 3278, 3279, 3280, 3281, 3282, 3283, 3284, 3285, 3286, 3287, 3288, 3289, 3290, 3291, 3292, 3293, 3294, 3295, 3296, 3297, 3298, 3299, 3300, 3301, 3302, 3303, 3304, 3305, 3306, 3307, 3308, 3309, 3310, 3311, 3312, 3313, 3314, 3315, 3316, 3317, 3318, 3319, 3320, 3321, 3322

Steamship Service

BETWEEN

Victoria---Vancouver---Seattle

BY THE PRINCESS CHARLOTTE AND PRINCESS VICTORIA.
VANCOUVER ROUTE—Leaves **Victoria** daily at 1 a. m., arriving **Vancouver** at 7 a. m. Returning leaves **Vancouver** daily at 1:30 p. m., arriving **Victoria** at 6:30 p. m.
 All Berths not paid for by 5 p. m. will be cancelled.
SEATTLE ROUTE—Leaves **Victoria** daily except **Sunday** at 12:05 a. m., arriving **Seattle** at 7 a. m. Returning leaves **Seattle** at 9:30 a. m. daily except **Sunday**, arriving **Victoria** at 3 p. m.
 Passengers will not be allowed on board before 9 p. m.

L. D. CHETHAM,
City Passenger Agent

1102 Government Street
EBSEN LINE To increase our trade with a foreign people we must know
 them and their country. Commercial and Business Men's
 excursion to Mexico; Central America; sails by the "S. S. Erna."
 From Seattle.....January 6th From San Francisco.....January 14th
 From Victoria.....January 14th From Los Angeles.....January 14th
 Rates from Seattle and Victoria, \$20.00; rates from San Francisco and
 Los Angeles, \$175.00. Trip to be of eight weeks' duration, visiting all points
 of interest. Party to be accompanied by the Mexican consuls of Tacoma and
 Vancouver through Mexico. Write for particulars.
 C. S. BAXTER, Agent JEBSEN & OSTIANDER,
 809 Government St., Victoria. General Agents, Seattle.

Wanted to Buy

Preferred stock in Pacific Whaling Co. Will pay big premium. Write or wire

Canadian Mexican Line

TO AND FROM MEXICO.

Europe and Eastern Canada

VIA TEHUAUTEPAC ROUTE

SINGAPORE and at San Pedro de Macoris

Mather & Noble
COMPANY
Bank of Commerce Chambers
VANCOUVER, B. C.

—

All active stocks dealt in.
Members Vancouver Stock Exchange.

Fresh Today

HALIBUT
SPRING SALMON
FANCY GREY COD
LING COD
RED COD
HERRINGS

All Expenses Included.
Cruise Dept., White Star Line, Seattle
or Agents.



FOR SAN FRANCISCO

AND
Southern California

Leave Victoria 8 a.m. Jan. 7, 15, steamers EMATILIA and BENATOR.

THROUGH SERVICE

Leave Seattle Jan. 2, 3 p.m., Jan. 9, 9 p.m. Steamers PRESIDENT or QUEEN. For Southern Alaska, COTTAGE CUT.

**CRABS
FLOURDER
TURKEY AND GEESE
AND POULTRY**

Victoria Commission

Company
Phone 372. 718 Yates St.

**TRUNK
RAILWAY
SYSTEM**

AND
SLEEPING CARS
BETWEEN

X Stocks

WACHORN, GYNN & CO.
Stockbrokers, Vancouver.
Correspondents—Osler & Hammond
Cogan & Bryan, S. B. Chapin & Co.
Bought and Sold on Commission.
Also,
**CHICAGO, LONDON,
HAMILTON, TORONTO,
MONTREAL, QUEBEC,
PORTLAND, BOSTON,**
And the Principal Business Centers of
**Ontario, Quebec and the
Maritime Provinces.**
Longest Double-track Route under one

BONDS COTTON MINING SHARES. Direct Private Wire Continuous Quotations New York, Chicago. and all Principal Exchanges.	GRAIN PRODUCE For Time Tables, etc., address W. S. COOKSON, Assistant Gen'l Passenger Agent, 132 ADAMS ST., CHICAGO, ILL.
------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

A. TRAGE **S.S. St. Denis**
For

Dealer in Fresh and Cured Fish,
Oysters, Poultry, Fruit and Game
in season.
Wild Ducks for sale Tuesday
and Wednesday.

CENTRAL MARKET

Northern B. C. Port

Calling at Bella Coola
will sail on
Wednesday, Jan. 5, 1910

613 Johnson St. Victoria, B. C.
Telephone 1913.

F. W. STEVENSON & CO.
BROKERS.
14-16 Mahon Bldg. 1114 Govt. St.
We offer subject to prior sale on

1000	Lucky Calumet.....	10 1/2
2000	Portland Canal.....	35
2000	Fortland Canal.....	25 1/2
500	International Coal.....	50
500	Red Cliff.....	\$1.00
WILL BUY		
500	Portland Canal.....	24

2900 Royal Collieries.....	23	on the Yukon River this company o-
1900 Int. Coal	77½	crates slakes between White Horse and
Private Wires.		Dawson carrying freight, passenger
We have the best facilities for		mail and express.
buying and selling all local stocks.		For further particulars apply.
		TRAFFIC DEPT., W. F. & Y. R.
		405 Winch Building.

=====A HAPPY NEW YEAR TO ALL=====
Tel. L 313 714 Yates St.

F. W. STEVENSON & CO.
Stock and Bond Brokers

14-16 MAHON BLDG. 1114 GOV'T STREET

Orders Executed On the
New York, Montreal and London Stock Exchanges



THE GREATEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED IN LADIES' MILLINERY

Reg. \$20 Values for \$5

During our January Sale, we are offering some exceptional values in Ladies' Fine Millinery. but, to take advantage of them, you must be at the doors sharp at 8.30. These hats are just the thing. They are trimmed with feathers and wings, with shapes made of felt and corded silk. These regularly sell at \$20.00, but to clear them out at our January Sale we are offering them at - - \$5.00

CHILDREN'S SAILOR DRESSES

Regular Value \$3.00 for \$1.50

What is more suitable for the little one than a good Sailor Dress? We are offering them during our January Sale at prices which it would be impossible to duplicate elsewhere. They are made of navy blue serge, nicely trimmed with white braid.

Regular Value \$3.00 for \$1.50

Jan. Sale Prices on Embroidery

During this Great Jan. Sale we are offering an extraordinary bargain in Embroideries. These consist of flouncings and ruchings.

Regular 5c per yard.	January Sale Price, 2½ yards for	5c
Regular 10c per yard.	January Sale Price	5c
Regular 15c per yard.	January Sale Price	10c
Regular 25c per yard.	January Sale Price	15c
Regular 40c per yard.	January Sale Price	25c
Regular 65c per yard.	January Sale Price	35c

January Sale of Men's Overcoats

Regular \$10.00 values for	5.75
Regular \$12.50 to \$13.50 values for	9.75
Regular \$15.00 to \$18.00 values for	13.75
Regular \$20.00 to \$25.00 values for	16.75

Just in the nick of time is these offerings. In many cases the prices are cut nearly in half. These overcoats are in Cravenettes, Waterproof Tweeds, Beavers and Friezes, and would justify the most fastidious dresser. In coming to inspect them you won't leave without buying one.

Move-Quick Prices on Men's Pants

Men's Pants made of fancy worsteds and tweeds, are all reduced for quick clearance.

MEN'S PANTS, reg. \$4.75 to \$5.75 for	3.75
MEN'S PANTS, reg. \$3.50 to \$4.50 for	2.75
MEN'S PANTS, reg. \$2.75 to \$3.00 for	2.25
MEN'S PANTS, regular \$2.50 for	1.75
MEN'S PANTS, reg. \$2.00 for	1.50

Special Bargains in Men's Furnishings

Men's Flannel Shirts, Reg. \$1.00, for 85c

MEN'S STRIPED UNION FLANNEL SHIRTS, with collars. These collars are made to turn inside for use with a white starched collar, specially strong, material and well made. A most useful working shirt. These we have been selling all the season as special value, \$1.00, for

Men's Shirts and Drawers, Reg. \$1.50 and \$1.75, for \$1

MEN'S IMPORTED NATURAL ENGLISH CASHMERE SHIRTS AND DRAWERS—Good winter weight and fine soft quality. Really excellent high grade underwear, pure wool, double breasted. Regular value \$1.75 per garment. January Sale Price

MEN'S IMPORTED BLUE SHADE PURE WOOL SHIRTS AND DRAWERS—Extra heavy weight, double breasted and reinforced at elbows, knees and seat. Sizes 34 and 32. Regular value \$1.50 per garment. January Sale price

MEN'S NATURAL WOOL ELASTIC RIBBED SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, good winter weight, double breasted. Regular value \$1.50 per garment. January Sale Price

MEN'S GREY WOOL MIXTURE HEAVY WEIGHT SOX, also heavy striped Cotton Sox, good for winter wear. January Sale Price

MEN'S MIXED HEATHER SHADE SOX—Special winter weight, very serviceable for hard work, red and blue heel and toe. Regular value 25c per pair. January Sale Price

BOYS' HEAVY BLUE RIBBED WOOL SWEATERS—Roll collar, just the thing for school wear. January Sale Price

MEN'S ALL-WOOL FINE GRADE RIBBED SWEATERS—Navy and grey, made with split collar that can be worn either open or buttoned. Regular value \$1.75. January Sale Price

MEN'S EXTRA HEAVY BRACES—Wide elastic web, reinforced leather ends, the strongest suspender one can buy for hard wear. Regular value 75c and 50c per pair. January Sale Price

BOYS' PRINT SHIRTS, in neat and pretty patterns, made with starched collar bands and cuffs. These are good strong shirts and will wear well. Sizes 12½, 13, 13½ and 14, also a few superior grade with pleated fronts. Regular value 90c, 65c and 50c. January Sale Price



Men's Shirts, Reg. \$1, for 65c

MEN'S COLORED PRINT SHIRTS—A great quantity of Print and Zephyr Shirts in colored checks, stripes, spots and fancy designs, starched neck bands and cuffs, some with separate cuffs and wristbands. These are the shirts of which we have made a leading line all the season at \$1.00 and have been special value at that price. We have sizes 15½, 16 and 16½, and have marked them down to

Men's Shirts, Reg. \$1.75, for 90c

MEN'S SUPERIOR QUALITY FINE ZEPHYR AND OXFORD SHIRTS—Neat fancy stripes and checks, some with pleated bosoms, starched neckbands and cuffs. These are our best quality shirts. Sizes 14 to 16½. Regular value \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75. January Sale Price

Men's Flannel Shirts, Reg. \$2.25 to \$3, for \$1.65

MEN'S IMPORTED FLANNEL SHIRTS—These are superfine English Flannel. The patterns are mostly neat and pleasing stripes, in fawns, blues, greys, greens and pinks. The shirts are made specially large in the body and double stitched, fawn or white sateen neckbands, and most of the shirts have one or two separate collars to match the shirt. These are capital shirts for winter use. Regular value \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75 and \$3.00, for

Men's Flannel Shirts, Reg. \$1, for 50c

MEN'S STRIPED UNION FLANNEL SHIRTS, with collars attached, mostly blue shades and good serviceable shirts for work. Regular value \$1.00. January Sale Price

MEN'S IMPORTED ENGLISH FLANNELETTE AND OXFORD SHIRTS with collars attached, large roomy shirts, made of exceptionally strong material for hard wear. Regular value 75c. January Sale Price

Men's Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, Reg. 65c and 50c, for 25c

MEN'S NATURAL WOOL MIXTURE SHIRT AND DRAWERS—Good warm serviceable underwear for hard work, also Men's Striped Merino Shirts, medium weight. Regular value, per garment, 65c, 50c. January Sale Price

BOYS' BLUE STRIPED GINGHAM SHIRTS, with collars attached, also a check gingham in dark shades. Another line is a striped flannelette, all good serviceable shirts for school or work. Regular value 50c and 35c. January Sale Price

Black Dress Goods Greatly Reduced

TWO PIECES BLACK STORM SERGE, 50 in. wide. Regular \$1.25. Sale	75c
TWO PIECES BROADCLOTH, shadow stripe effect, 50 in. wide. Regular \$1.25. Sale	75c
TWO PIECES POPLIN, fancy shadow stripe, 50 in. wide. Regular \$1.25. Sale	75c
Twenty pieces in lot, consisting of Black Panamas, Serges, Hopsacking, Poplin, Wool Taffeta, Vicuna, Storm Serge, Ottoman, Crepe de Chene, and Satin Cloth. Regular to 85c. Sale	50c

Men's Boots, Reg. Val. to \$6.50, for \$3.50



This includes practically the whole of our stock of Men's Fall and Winter Shoes, made for our higher grade trade. All are new fresh goods and are guaranteed to give entire satisfaction. The regular prices are \$4.50 to \$6.50

MEN'S GUN METAL CALF BLUCHER, double soles, Goodyear welts. Regular value \$6.50	\$3.50
TAN OIL GRAIN BLUCHER, waterproof soles. American make. Regular value \$6.50	\$3.50
TAN CHROME LEATHER BLUCHER, leather lined, broad last. Regular value \$6.00	\$3.50
GUN METAL CALF BLUCHER, broad toe, Goodyear welts. Regular value \$5.50	\$3.50
BOX CALF BLUCHER, leather lined, extra heavy soles. Regular value \$5.50	\$3.50
TAN RUSSIA CALF BLUCHER, leather lined, double soles. Regular value \$5.50	\$3.50
ENGLISH KIP BLUCHER, waterproof sole. A wonder for wear. Regular value \$5.50	\$3.50
PATENT COLT BLUCHER, Goodyear welt, broad, medium or narrow toes. Regular value \$5.00	\$3.50
BOX CALF BLUCHER, Goodyear welts, broad, medium or narrow toes. Regular value \$5.00	\$3.50
CHROME CALF BLUCHER, waterproof, broad last. Regular value \$5.00	\$3.50
GUN METAL BUTTON BOOT, smart swing last. American make. Regular value \$5.00	\$3.50
PATENT COLT BUTTON BOOTS, smart style, Goodyear welts. Regular value \$5.00	\$3.50
BOX CALF LACE BOOT, plain toe, heavy sole, leather lined. Police pattern. Sizes 6 to 12. Regular \$4.50	\$3.50
About 120 pairs Men's Black Oxford Shoes, in patent colt and gun metal calf, all shapes. Not all sizes in each line, but all sizes in the lot. Regular value \$5.00 and \$5.50.	\$3.50
75 pairs Men's Tan Oxford Shoes in Russia calf and vici kid. All Goodyear welts. Regular value \$5.00 and \$5.50.	\$3.50

Boys' Boots, Reg. \$2.25, for \$1.50

BOYS' DONGOLA LACE BOOTS, stout sewn soles. Sizes 1 to 5. Regular value \$2.25	\$1.50
BOYS' BUFF LEATHER BOOTS, strong and reliable for school. Sizes 11 to 5. Regular value \$2.00	\$1.50
BOYS' BOX CALF BLUCHER, All sizes from 11 to 5. Regular value \$1.85 to	\$1.50
BOYS' STRONG BUFF LEATHER BOOTS, heavy soles. Sizes 1 to 5. Regular value \$1.75	\$1.50



Boys' Boots, Reg. to \$1.50 for 90c

BOYS' BUFF LEATHER BOOTS. Sizes 11 to 5. Regular \$1.25 to \$1.50	90c
BOYS' KID BLUCHER, stout soles. Sizes 11 to 13. Regular value \$1.25	90c

Women's Boots and Oxfords, Reg. to \$5, for \$2.50

GLAZED KID BLUCHER, patent tips, high or low heels. Regular value \$3.50	\$2.50
TAN KID BLUCHER, Goodyear welts. Regular value \$3.50	\$2.50
1438 PAIRS WOMEN'S OXFORD SHOES, in patent leather, glazed kid, gun metal, tan Russia and tan kid, etc. All "Queen Quality" make. Regular values \$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5.00. All sizes in stock	\$2.50

Misses' Boots at \$1.25

MISSSES' BOX CALF BLUCHER. Sizes 11 to 2. Regular value \$1.75	\$1.25
MISSSES' GLAZED KID BLUCHER. Sizes 11 to 2. Regular value \$1.75	\$1.25

Child's Slippers at 85c

CHILDS' GLAZED KID OXFORD SHOES, in black, tan and red. Sizes 8 to 10½. Regular value \$1.25	85c
CHILDS' STRAP SLIPPERS, in patent leather, kid, tan and red. Sizes 8 to 10½. Regular value \$1.25	85c

Infants' Boots and Slippers at 65c

INFANTS' DONGOLA LACE BOOT, patent tip, spring heel. Sizes 3 to 7½. Regular value \$1.00	65c
INFANTS' TAN KID LACE BOOT, spring heel. Sizes 3 to 7½. Regular value \$1.00	65c
Also a lot of about 475 pairs Slippers of various kinds, in black, tan and red. Sizes 1 to 7½. Regular values up to \$1.50.	65c

Chocolates Are Most Dainty Gifts. Special at 40c

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

Nothing More Tasteful Than Our Chocolates at 60c